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SECTION 3
PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS

MEDICARE
1969

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Foreword

THIS REPORT CONTINUES the annual release of detailed statistical information on the number and characteristics of the four major kinds of providers and suppliers of health services under Medicare: hospitals; home health agencies; independent laboratories; and extended care facilities. Information for these facilities is shown if they participated in the Medicare program at any time during calendar year 1969. Other reports in the series present data on the number and characteristics of the insured population and their utilization of medical care services.

Many individuals in the Social Security Administration have assisted with the development of this series. The preparation of these reports is a major function of the ORS Division of Health Insurance Studies under the supervision of Howard West, director, and Aaron Krute, deputy director. Important contributions for the tabulation and presentation of the statistical content of this report were made by Frank L. Kirby and Robert Dickerson of the Statistical Processing Branch of that division.

Text preparation was the responsibility of Wayne Callahan of the Program Statistics Branch. Special acknowledgments for publication services are made to the Division of Operating Facilities in the Office of Administration, and to the Division of Health Insurance Statistical Data of the Bureau of Data Processing for tabulating services.

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JOHN J. CARROLL
Assistant Commissioner for Research and Statistics.

December 1974

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THIS PUBLICATION is a section of a statistical report series produced from Medicare program records. Presented on a calendar year basis, describing services rendered in the year, the series includes sections on enrollment, characteristics of providers, inpatient care in hospitals and extended care facilities, outpatient hospital services, home health services, physicians' and other medical services, and overall summaries.

The primary objective of these reports is to provide data required to measure and evaluate program operation and effectiveness. Benefit payment operations furnish information about the amount and kind of hospital and medical care services used by persons aged 65 and over, as well as the expenditures for such services. The applications by hospitals, extended care facilities, home health agencies, and independent laboratories to participate in the program provide data on the characteristics of such providers of services. The claim number assigned to each individual serves as the link between the program services utilized and the demographic characteristics of each individual recorded in the health insurance entitlement master file.

The data-collection system has two inherent characteristics that determine the scope, detail, and flexibility of the available data. First, data are collected and maintained on an individual basis so that the beneficiary and his medical experience under the program form the basic unit. Second, records for each bill paid under the program and, for a sample of beneficiaries, records of diagnoses and surgical procedures are maintained on a centralized basis. Except for intermediary operating statistics such as those relating to workloads, costs, and the like, all program statistics are centrally prepared.

THE BASIC RECORDS

The statistical system is based on five related computer-tape records: the health insurance entitlement master file, provider record, hospital insurance (Part A) utilization record, medical insurance (Part B) payment record, and the record containing information from medical insurance bills for a 5-percent sample of supplementary medical insurance enrollees.

THE HEALTH INSURANCE ENTITLEMENT MASTER FILE

The health insurance entitlement master file identifies each aged person eligible for health insurance benefits and indicates whether he is entitled to hospital benefits, to supplementary medical insurance benefits, or to both of these benefits.

This record is used to create a health insurance card that is sent to each insured person. The card contains the individual's claim number (the number used for OASDI or railroad retirement programs). It indicates the entitlement of the individual for the two parts of the Medicare program.

The entitlement record provides the population data for each part of the program and therefore serves as the base for the computation of a variety of utilization rates, limited only by its demographic content.

PROVIDER RECORD

Every hospital, home health agency, extended care facility, and independent laboratory must apply for participation in the hospital insurance program in order to be reimbursed for services provided. Data included on the application forms have been recorded in the central provider record and are updated as facilities are recertified periodically, as new ones apply for participation, or as some leave the program. When the information in this provider file is combined with utilization data, it serves to relate the characteristics of facilities and agencies that provide care to the kinds and amounts of service used by persons insured under Medicare.

UTILIZATION RECORD FOR HOSPITAL INSURANCE

The administration of the hospital insurance program requires that two items of information be known about each person at the time of his admission to a hospital—his entitlement under the program and the extent to which he has used the benefits available to him under the "benefit period" concept.

When the patient is admitted to a hospital, the admission section of the inpatient hospital admission and billing form is completed by the hospital and forwarded through its intermediary to the Social Security Administration for recording in the central record. As soon as the record is checked, normally in less than 24 hours, the intermediary is informed of the patient's benefit status and of the number of days remaining during the "benefit period."

This information is then forwarded to the hospital. At discharge, the hospital completes the billing section of the form and sends it to the intermediary for payment. When approval for payment has been made, the intermediary forwards the claim to the Social Se-

curity Administration for inclusion in the central record.

As part of this process, information on diagnoses and surgical procedures are coded for a 20-percent sample of beneficiaries based on specific combinations of digits in the health insurance claim number. Copies of admission and billing forms are handled in a comparable manner by home health agencies and extended care facilities. The outpatient billing form is also transmitted to the Social Security Administration for recording in the central record after the bill is approved for payment by the intermediary.

All the information on utilization experience in hospital and extended care facilities that is needed to administer the "benefit period" provision is recorded in the central record. This information includes stays in certain nonparticipating institutions that meet the definition of a hospital or extended care facility under the law, and days of care not covered or reimbursable under the program.

Each admission and billing form contains both the beneficiary's claim number and the provider's identification number. The resulting tape record can be readily matched to the beneficiary files and the provider files. By this process, a statistical tape record is created for the sample of insured persons that contains all the available information needed for tabulation from the three files related to Part A utilization.

PAYMENT FOR MEDICAL INSURANCE

Payment or reimbursement under the SMI program is made only after receipt by the carriers (intermediaries involved in Part B of the Medicare program) of bills having allowed charges exceeding $50 during a calendar year period.

For the insured population, carriers need to know from a central source that the deductible has been met; thereafter, during the remainder of the calendar year, the only additional information required from the Social Security Administration for reimbursement or payment purposes is whether the person is still enrolled under the SMI program.

For administration and operation of the program, the Social Security Administration must have accurate and complete information on the amounts paid by the carriers for physician services and for other services and supplies under this part of the program. To meet these needs, carriers furnish a payment record consisting of tape, punched card, or other machine-readable record of each bill paid. A "bill" is defined as a request for payment from or on behalf of a beneficiary as the result of services provided by a single physician or supplier.

The payment record also contains selected items of information needed to supply an efficient basis for drawing samples of the bills. These items provide a sampling frame that may be used to draw additional samples designed to obtain specific information not furnished reliably by the basic sample of enrolled persons under the medical insurance program.

THE MEDICAL INSURANCE SAMPLE

Although the payment record provides a rapid method for summarizing payment data and a sampling frame for efficiently drawing additional samples of bills, it does not provide specific data on diagnoses, procedures, and related charges.

Basic statistics on the utilization of physician and other services covered under the supplementary medical insurance program are derived from bills paid by intermediaries to or on behalf of a continuous 5-percent sample of all enrolled persons. Intermediaries have been given specific combinations of digits of the health insurance claim number to be used in selecting the 5-percent sample, which is a sub-sample of the 20-percent sample used for hospital insurance program data.

Bills are submitted either directly on an SSA request for payment form, or on the SSA form in combination with the physician's billing form. Both methods are designed to provide information on the date and place of each service, the procedure carried out or service provided, the condition treated (diagnosis), and the physician's or supplier's charge for the specific service.

All of the bills of persons in the 5-percent sample to or for whom payment is made under the program, including those used to meet the annual $50 deductible, are included in the sample and coded. However, data are not available through these procedures for persons in the sample who do not meet the $50 deductible. Such data are collected by means of the Current Medicare Survey, with data made available in a separate report series.[1]

For hospital-based physicians who have authorized the provider to collect the fee for their services, the provider billing for patient services by physicians form is used. This form is completed for each patient. It includes descriptive information on the date and place of each service, the diagnoses, procedures, and the charges. These bills are received centrally for the 5-percent sample of persons enrolled for supplementary medical insurance.

[1] Jack Scharff, "Current Medicare Survey: The Medical Insurance Sample," *Social Security Bulletin,* April 1967.

Symbols

Quantity zero	—
Quantity more than 0 but less than .05	.0
Not applicable	. . .

Facilities Participating in the Medicare Program

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, introduced as part of the 1965 amendments, provides health insurance protection for the aged. To implement the law, two separate but complementary programs were established. The first of these, the hospital insurance (HI) program, provides protection against the cost of hospital and related post-hospital care. The second, termed supplementary medical insurance (SMI), provides coverage of physicians' services and a number of other health items and services not included under the HI program.

This report presents data on selected characteristics of the four major kinds of institutional providers and suppliers of services that met the conditions for participation[1] in the Medicare program at any time during calendar year 1969: hospitals; home health agencies; independent laboratories; and extended care facilities.

Changes made by amendments to the Social Security Act or to pertinent regulations after 1969 are not covered, since they did not become effective until after this period.

[1] For the statutory definition of a "hospital," and the detailed conditions of participation, see the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 20, Chapter III, Part 405, "Conditions of Participation: Hospitals" (HIR–10), Social Security Administration. "Conditions of Participation: Home Health Agencies" (HIR–12), Social Security Administration. "Conditions for Coverage of Services of Independent Laboratories" (HIR–13), Social Security Administration. "Conditions of Participation: Extended Care Facilities" (HIR–11), U.S. Social Security Administration.

Table A shows the number of participating providers and beds, where applicable, for each of the calendar years 1966–1969. The number of hospitals increased by 234 or 3 percent during the 4-year period, while the number of beds increased by about 27,000 or 2.3 percent. Most of the certified hospitals (90 percent) were short-stay hospitals. Certified beds in these hospitals increased by 65,000 between 1966 and 1969. All other hospitals showed a decrease in certified beds over the period. The number of participating extended care facilities, home health agencies, and independent laboratories increased in each of the years shown.

Requirements for Participation

HOSPITALS

Hospitals certified to provide services to Medicare beneficiaries include short-term general and specialty hospitals; tuberculosis, psychiatric, and other long-term general and specialty hospitals; and Christian Science sanatoriums. To participate in the program and be reimbursed for services provided, a hospital must meet statutory requirements and be in substantial compliance with conditions established by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, in the interest of the health and safety of patients. To complete the requirements for participation, the hospital must also enter into an agreement with the Social Security Administration not to charge for covered items and services, except deductibles and coinsur-

Table A.—Number of participating providers and beds, by type of provider, 1966–69

Type of provider	Facilities				Beds (in thousands)			
	1966	1967	1968	1969	1966	1967	1968	1969
Hospitals	6,790	6,959	6,922	7,024	1,149.7	1,161.6	1,159.9	1,188.2
Short-stay	6,160	6,299	6,276	6,345	758.3	779.9	780.5	823.7
Tuberculosis	117	123	120	119	23.9	26.3	26.0	22.2
Psychiatric	320	348	344	358	313.0	314.5	314.1	302.8
Other long-stay	193	189	182	202	54.5	40.9	39.3	39.6
Extended care facilities		4,653	4,886	5,629		324.1	339.1	377.3
Home health agencies	1,850	2,111	2,164	2,420				
Independent laboratories	(1)	2,669	2,714	2,907				
	Annual percent change							
Hospitals		+2.5	−0.5	+1.5		+1.0	−0.1	+2.4
Short-stay		+2.3	−0.4	+1.1		+2.8	+0.1	+5.5
Tuberculosis		+4.3	−2.4	−0.8		+10.0	−1.1	−14.6
Psychiatric		+8.8	−1.1	+4.1		+0.5	−0.1	−3.6
Other long-stay		−2.1	−3.8	+11.0		−25.0	−3.9	+0.8
Extended care facilities			+5.0	+15.2			+4.6	+11.3
Home health agencies		+14.1	+2.5	+11.8				
Independent laboratories	(1)		+1.7	+7.1				

[1] No report was prepared. Independent laboratories were covered under an interim agreement for 1966.

ance amounts, and to reimburse the patient where such charges have been made in error. The hospital must also agree to provide services on a nondiscriminatory basis in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

Hospitals are considered in substantial compliance with the conditions of participation if:

1. The hospital is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals, and has established a utilization review plan, and such plan is in effect on or before the first day a hospital becomes a participating provider; or
2. The hospital meets the statutory requirements and is found to be operating in accordance with all conditions of participation with no significant deficiencies; or
3. The hospital meets the specific statutory requirements of Section 1861(e) of the Act, but is found to have deficiencies with respect to one or more conditions which:
   a. It is making reasonable plans and efforts to correct, and
   b. Notwithstanding these deficiencies, is rendering adequate care without hazard to the health and safety of individuals being served, taking into account special procedures or precautionary measures that have been, or are being, instituted.

HOME HEALTH AGENCIES

Home health agencies certified to provide services to Medicare beneficiaries include public or private agencies such as visiting nurse associations; subdivisions of State or local health departments or other State or local departments; combinations of visiting nurse associations and local health departments; and home care divisions of hospitals or other health care institutions that are primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing and other therapeutic services in the home.

For an agency to be eligible for participation in the program it must meet the statutory requirements of Section 1861(o) of the Social Security Act, and there must be a finding of substantial compliance on the part of the agency with all the other conditions of participation. Agencies operating in States which license home health agencies must be licensed or be approved by the licensing agency of the State or locality as meeting the requirements for licensing.

Private organizations that are not nonprofit groups exempt from Federal income taxation under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 may not be considered to be home health agencies unless they are licensed under State law and meet additional standards and requirements prescribed in the regulations. Under the hospital insurance program only, an agency that provides care and treatment primarily of patients with mental diseases cannot be considered a home health agency.

The Secretary may, at the request of a State, establish higher health and safety requirements for agencies in that State than in other States. Where a State or political subdivision establishes higher requirements for home health agencies as a condition for the purchase of services under Title I, XVI, or XIX of the Social Security Act, the same requirements must be applied under Medicare. States that have established higher requirements are Connecticut, New Jersey, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island. All home health agencies must also comply with the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES

Among the major benefits provided under the SMI program are reimbursement for diagnostic laboratory tests performed in an independent clinical laboratory. An independent laboratory performing diagnostic tests is one which is independent both of the attending physician's office and of a hospital that participates in the program. A laboratory operating under the direction of a physician primarily for the performance of diagnostic laboratory services for other physicians is considered to be an independent laboratory. The laboratory maintained by a physician for performing diagnostic tests in connection with his own practice is not considered to be an independent laboratory.

In order to participate in the Medicare program, a laboratory must be approved by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare as meeting the specific requirements for participation under the program. Section 1861(a) of the Social Security Act stipulates that, where State or local laws provide for licensing laboratories, the laboratory be licensed in accordance with such law or be approved by the agency of the State or locality responsible for such licensing.

EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES

An extended care facility (ECF) is an institution, or a distinct part of an institution, which is primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing care or rehabilitation services. These services are intended for patients who had been hospitalized for treatment of a medical condition and who, while no longer requiring the full range of hospital services, still need full-time skilled nursing care in an institutional setting.

Facilities certified to provide extended care services under Medicare include skilled nursing facilities, distinct parts or units of hospitals, domiciliary institutions, and rehabilitation centers. The phrase "a distinct part of an institution" means an area that must be physically separated from the rest of the institution and that represents an entire, physically identifiable unit, such as a separate building, floor, wing, or ward.

In order to participate in the health insurance program, ECF's must satisfy requirements specified in the law and in regulations issued by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. The facility must

maintain clinical records for all patients; have policies developed by a group of professional personnel, including one or more physicians and one or more registered professional nurses; have a medical staff member responsible for the execution of such policies; provide 24-hour nursing service; and have at least one registered professional nurse employed full time. Appropriate methods and procedures for the dispensing and administering of drugs and biologicals must be provided, and an acceptable utilization review plan must be in effect. Facilities also must be licensed or approved for licensing by a State or local agency. In addition, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may prescribe other requirements that he deems necessary to protect the health and safety of the institution's patients.

Extended care facilities must have in effect, or must have attempted in good faith to enter into, a transfer agreement with one or more participating hospitals sufficiently close to the facility to make feasible the transfer between them of patients (and medical and other information) whenever such a transfer would be medically appropriate as determined by an attending physician. The transfer agreement must specify the responsibilities each institution assumes in the transfer of patients (and information) between the hospital and the extended care facility. These responsibilities include notifying the other institution promptly of the impending transfer of a patient, arranging for appropriate and safe transportation, and arranging for the care of patients during transfer.

CERTIFICATION PROCESS

Facilities that wish to participate under the Medicare program must apply for and establish their eligibility to do so. As previously indicated, the provider must demonstrate that it meets the applicable conditions of participation.

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act provides that State agencies—primarily health departments—operating under agreement with the Secretary, will determine whether prospective providers meet the conditions of participation. The State agencies certify to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare those institutions that meet the statutory and regulatory standards. A provider that is found to meet the specific statutory requirements and to be in substantial compliance with additional conditions prescribed in regulations may sign an agreements with the Social Security Administration to become, and thereafter remain, a participating facility.

In carrying out their responsibilities under the health insurance program, the State agencies conduct field surveys of providers to determine the extent to which these facilities are in substantial compliance with the applicable conditions of participation; undertake periodic resurveys of participation facilities to determine whether they continue to meet such conditions; provide consultative services to facilities experiencing difficulties in meeting the participation requirements; identify nonparticipating hospitals that could be reimbursed under the program for emergency services; also identify nonparticipating hospitals and skilled nursing homes in which an inpatient stay may affect a "spell of illness;" and coordinate activities conducted under medical assistance programs. The State agencies are reimbursed for the costs of activities they perform under the program, including related costs of administrative overhead and staff.

LEVEL OF CERTIFICATION

Facilities are accepted for participation in the Medicare program at various levels of certification. All types of facilities may be certified for participation at one of the following two levels:

1. No significant deficiencies
2. Correctible deficiencies

For hospitals, a third level is provided, i.e.,

3. Special certification.

Certifications by the State agencies represent recommendations to the Secretary, made on the basis of surveys, as to whether the facilities and services in the institutions meet the several conditions of participation (see footnote 1, page ix). These conditions include both the statutory requirements as well as the additional health and safety requirements prescribed by the Secretary, and are related to the quality of care and adequacy of the facilities and services which the provider renders.

In determining compliance with the conditions of participation, State agencies use a set of standards supplemented by explanatory factors for each prescribed condition. Application of these standards and factors requires a thorough evaluation of the degree to which each facility demonstrates adequate performance.

Special certification.—Where denial of participation to hospitals seriously limits the access of beneficiaries to needed services because of such factors as isolated location or the absence of sufficient facilities in an area, the hospital may, upon recommendation of the State agency, be approved as a provider of services. Such approval (also termed "limited access certification") is granted only where the hospital has no deficiencies that would jeopardize the health and safety of patients, and is making the best use of existing resources to improve its services. This special certification is limited to general hospitals. Each case is decided on its individual merits, and while the degree and extent of compliance will vary, the facility must meet the original statutory conditions spelled out in the Social Security Amendments of 1965, Section 1861(e)(1)–(7), in addition to any other such requirements as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may find necessary.

Hospitals

During calendar year 1969, 7,024 hospitals with a total of 1.19 million beds had been certified to provide hospital services to persons 65 years of age and over covered by hospital insurance under Medicare. This represented a net increase over 1968 of 102 hospitals and 28,300 beds. Most of the increase—62 hospitals and 26,500 beds—occurred in the South Atlantic and East South Central States. The former accounted for 36 hospitals and 13,800 beds, while the change in the latter was 26 hospitals and 7,000 beds. The Pacific States gained 23 hospitals but lost about 7,500 beds. In contrast, small changes in the number of facilities and beds occurred in the remaining geographic divisions.

The approximately 1.19 million adult beds in these institutions were available to the general population as well as to Medicare enrollees. The discussion in this report is limited to the distribution of certified facilities as they relate to the Medicare population.

Characteristics of Hospitals

Most of the certified hospitals (just over 90 percent) were general and specialty hospitals classified as short-stay facilities, i.e., those reporting an average length of stay of less than 30 days (table C). Such hospitals contained over two-thirds of the beds certified in participating hospitals. The remaining certified hospitals were long-stay facilities where the average length of stay is 30 days or more. Tuberculosis hospitals represented less than 2 percent of all hospitals and beds certified under the program. Specialized long-stay hospitals serving psychiatric patients accounted for 5 percent of facilities but 26 percent of certified beds.

American Hospital Association data.—The number of hospitals, both in the aggregate and by type, and number of beds shown in this report differ from comparable figures for calendar year 1969 reported by the American Hospital Association in the annual Guide Issue of *Hospitals*, which listed the characteristics of member hospitals as of December 1969.[2] The Social Security Administration figures do not include those hospitals denied participation, and those not applying for certification. The American Hospital Association does not register hospitals with fewer than six beds; there is no such limitation for participation under the Medicare certification requirements. Osteopathic hospitals are excluded from AHA membership, but can be certified under Medicare. In addition, the participating hospitals include about 100 general hospitals that are actually distinct parts of psychiatric and tuberculosis hospitals representing the active-care medical and surgical beds in these facilities which, as an entire institution, are not accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. In some instances, active-care psychiatric units of the same hospitals may also be counted here as psychiatric hospitals. A number of medical centers are counted as one hospital while, in other cases, different components of the medical centers are counted separately, depending on the way in which certification was requested.

Type of control.—Fourteen percent of all participating hospitals are controlled by proprietary (or profit-making) organizations, 53 percent by voluntary (nongovernment) organizations, and the remainder

Table C.—Number and percentage distribution of participating hospitals and beds, all areas, 1969

Type of Hospital	Hospitals		Beds	
	Number	Percentage distribution	Number	Percentage distribution
All areas	7,024	100.0	1,188,220	100.0
Short-stay	6,345	90.3	823,703	69.3
Long-stay	679	9.7	364,517	30.7
Tuberculosis	119	1.7	22,160	1.9
Psychiatric	358	5.1	302,795	25.5
Other	202	2.9	39,562	3.3

[2] *Hospitals* (Journal of the American Hospital Association), Guide Issue, August 1, 1970.

Table B.—Number of participating hospitals and beds, by division, 1966–69

Division	Hospitals				Beds (in thousands)			
	1966	1967	1968	1969	1966	1967	1968	1969
All areas	6,790	6,959	6,922	7,024	1,149.7	1,161.6	1,159.9	1,188.2
United States	6,684	6,849	6,810	6,911	1,138.9	1,150.1	1,148.4	1,178.0
New England	380	387	390	390	88.9	81.6	82.0	79.3
Middle Atlantic	813	825	820	824	278.8	279.6	278.4	277.7
East North Central	1,169	1,183	1,174	1,169	220.8	223.1	223.0	234.9
West North Central	908	927	923	936	99.3	104.0	104.1	105.7
South Atlantic	797	838	832	868	135.1	146.9	146.4	160.2
East South Central	466	490	486	512	46.1	50.9	50.5	57.5
West South Central	908	945	929	934	85.8	91.3	91.4	97.1
Mountain	401	403	401	400	35.4	36.8	36.5	37.1
Pacific	842	851	855	878	148.6	136.0	136.0	128.5

by State and local governments (table D). The figures for short-stay hospitals are much the same since they represent over 90 percent of the total number of hospitals.

The ownership pattern of long-stay hospitals is quite different. The majority are run by State and local governments. This was true for more than 90 percent of TB hospitals, 66 percent of psychiatric institutions, and almost half of other types of long-stay facilities. Because of the differences in their functions, distribution, and characteristics, data for short-stay and long-stay hospitals are discussed separately.

Table D.—Percentage distribution of participating hospitals, by type of hospital, and control, all areas, 1969

Type of control	All hospitals		Short stay hospitals	Long-stay hospitals		
	Number	Percent		Tuberculosis	Psychiatric	Other
			Percentage distribution			
All areas	7,024	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Voluntary	3,709	52.8	56.0	4.2	18.4	41.6
Proprietary	976	13.9	14.2	1.7	15.6	8.9
State	565	8.0	3.8	51.3	61.7	19.8
Local	1,774	25.3	26.0	42.9	4.2	29.7
All areas	7,024	100.0	90.3	1.7	5.1	2.9
Voluntary	3,709	100.0	95.8	0.1	1.8	2.3
Proprietary	976	100.0	92.2	0.2	5.7	1.8
State	565	100.0	43.0	10.8	39.1	7.1
Local	1,774	100.0	92.9	2.9	0.8	3.4

SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS

Short-stay hispitals, which made up 90 percent of all U.S. hospitals participating in the program in 1969, provided 42 hospital beds per 1,000 persons enrolled for hospital insurance in that year. The ratios of adult beds to the aged population shown for each geographic area in table 3.1 (and summarized by State in table E) ranged from 30 in Rhode Island to 72 for the District of Columbia, and up to 105 beds per 1,000 enrollees in Alaska, where there are relatively few persons aged 65 and over. As in previous years, the ratio for most States falls between 30 and 50 beds per 1,000 insured persons.

Table E.—Percentage distribution of adult beds in participating short-stay hospitals per 1,000 enrolled population, July 1, 1969

Adult beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number of States [1]	Percentage distribution
Total	54	100.0
20.0–29.9		
30.0–39.9	20	37.0
40.0–49.9	27	50.0
50.0–59.9	2	3.7
60.0–69.9	1	1.9
70.0 or more	4	7.4

[1] Includes 50 States, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands.

However, as noted previously, the effective number of beds available for use by Medicare enrollees depends, in part, on the size of the total population in the area and utilization of short-stay hospitals.

Bed size.—In all areas, there were only 54 short-stay hospitals with 750 or more adult beds (table F). None of these was privately owned; 29 were voluntary, while 25 were run by State or local governments. On the average, proprietary hospitals were substantially smaller than either voluntary or non-Federal government hospitals: 82 percent of the proprietary hospitals had fewer than 100 beds, compared with about half (47 percent) of the voluntary hospitals.

Table F.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay hospitals by control and bed size, all areas, 1969

Bed size	All hospitals	Total	Voluntary	Proprietary	State	Local
		Percentage distribution				
All areas	6,345	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 25 beds	638	10.1	6.5	18.8	18.5	11.8
25–49	1,573	24.8	18.0	36.2	11.5	35.1
50–99	1,551	24.4	22.2	27.2	19.8	28.5
100–149	835	13.2	15.2	10.1	14.4	01.2
150–199	473	7.5	10.0	3.3	8.2	4.2
200–249	358	5.6	7.7	3.4	5.3	2.4
250–299	239	3.8	5.5	0.4	4.5	1.8
300–399	319	5.0	7.4	0.4	4.9	2.4
400–499	172	2.7	4.0	-------	5.3	1.1
500–749	133	2.1	2.8	-------	4.1	1.5
750–999	34	0.5	0.6	-------	1.6	0.4
1,000–1,999	17	0.3	0.2	-------	1.6	0.4
2,000 or more	3	.0	----------			0.2

The median bed size of all voluntary hospitals is more than twice that of proprietary ones (table G). Voluntary hospitals had the largest median bed size of all–111–twice as large as comparable hospitals under local public ownership.

The median bed size of all short-stay hospitals was 81 beds; that of voluntary hospitals (accounting for 56 percent of all short-stay facilities) was more than twice that of both proprietary and local hospitals. Regional bed-size variations are even more pro-

Table G.—Median bed size of participating short-stay hospitals, by control and region, 1969

Region	All hospitals	Voluntary	Proprietary	State [1]	Local
All areas	81	111	47	101	55
United States	82	111	46	134	55
Northeast	146	153	129	129	170
North Central	83	103	42	117	52
The South	70	106	41	225	59
The West	62	85	49	88	44

[1] Includes 6 Federal hospitals not shown in detail

nounced: short-stay hospitals in the Northeast were substantially larger than in all other regions (except for those run by State governments—which account for only 185 of the total of 6,241 hospitals in the 50 States and the District of Columbia). The much larger average size of Northeastern hospitals can be accounted for by the relatively large numbers of nonprofit and municipal hospitals in the larger urban areas of this region. These include many of the largest teaching hospitals in the country.

Factors tending to depress the average size of short-stay hospitals outside the Northeastern region include the greater degree of ruralization in these other regions, as well as the large numbers of small municipal and religious, nonprofit hospitals which abound in the larger States which comprise the three other regions.

The distribution of hospital size also varies across the country. Table H shows the percentage of hospitals in each geographic division by bed size. The highest proportion of large hospitals was found in the Middle Atlantic States, less than three percent of all hospitals in those States. About three-fourths of the short-stay hospitals in the West North Central, East South Central, West South Central, and Mountain States had fewer than 100 beds.

Table H.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay hospitals, by bed size and division, 1969

Division	All hospitals	Bed size				
		Less than 100	100–249	250–499	500–749	750 or more
		Number				
All areas	6,345	3,762	1,666	730	133	54
United States	6,241	3,682	1,645	728	132	54
New England	313	150	105	49	6	3
Middle Atlantic	707	204	304	147	33	19
East North Central	1,012	459	340	165	37	11
West North Central	887	648	153	70	12	4
South Atlantic	790	429	228	106	21	6
East South Central	479	338	98	35	6	2
West South Central	894	665	166	49	7	7
Mountain	370	279	62	25	4	------
Pacific	789	510	189	82	6	2
		Percentage distribution				
All areas	100.0	59.3	26.3	11.5	2.1	0.9
United States	100.0	59.0	26.4	11.7	2.1	0.9
New England	100.0	47.9	33.5	15.7	1.9	1.0
Middle Atlantic	100.0	28.9	43.0	20.8	4.7	2.7
East North Central	100.0	45.4	33.6	16.3	3.7	1.1
West North Central	100.0	73.1	17.2	7.9	1.4	0.5
South Atlantic	100.0	54.3	28.9	13.4	2.7	0.8
East South Central	100.0	70.6	20.5	7.3	1.3	0.4
West South Central	100.0	74.4	18.6	5.5	0.8	0.8
Mountain	100.0	75.4	16.8	6.8	1.1	------
Pacific	100.0	64.6	24.0	10.4	0.8	0.3

Facilities and services.—Table 3.7 shows the number of participating hospitals reporting specific services and facilities available to their patients. The proportion of short-stay hospitals reporting each of the 24 identifiable facilities and services are shown in descending order in table J. At least 9 out of 10 short-stay hospitals reported having five services—a clinical laboratory, diagnostic X-ray equipment, an operating room, electrocardiography, and an emergency room. Availability of the remaining 19 services and facilities generally varied according to the bed size of the hospital. At the other extreme, less than 1 out of 10 hospitals reported an organized home care program, a rehabilitation unit, renal dialysis, or open heart surgery. As expected, the larger hospitals generally had the most comprehensive services.

There was considerable variation across geographical divisions in the percentages of services and facilities in participating short-stay hospitals (table K). Aside from the five services noted above as being almost uniformly present in almost every short-stay hospital, the remaining types of services demonstrated substantial regional dispersion. For example, hospitals in the Middle Atlantic States almost uniformly had larger proportions of each service or facility than any other division. The States in New England and the East North Central and Pacific divisions generally rank just under those in the Middle Atlantic division in the overall proportions of most services and facilities.

Professional and technical employees.—Almost 30 percent of the residents and interns were concentrated in the Middle Atlantic States with an additional 19 percent employed in the East North Central States (table L). Less than 4 percent were employed in the Mountain States. The distribution of residents and interns closely follows that of certified bed capacity among the geographical divisions.

Nationally, there were about two registered professional nurses (RPN's) for every licensed practical nurse (LPN). The distribution of RPN's by geographic division also generally paralleled that of the certified beds as well as of the number of residents and interns. However, hospitals in the South Central States employed 10 percent of the RPN's and 20 percent of the LPN's. Elsewhere in the Nation, the percentage of LPN's employed was close to the percentage of certified beds.

Over 40 percent of the other professional and technical employees shown where concentrated in the New England and Middle Atlantic States.

Beds per nurse.—Nationally, hospitals reported an average of 2.6 beds for each RPN and 5.2 beds for each LPN. The New England States had the lowest ratio among the geographic divisions, with 1.9 beds per RPN (table M). At the other end of the scale, hospitals in the West South Central States had 4.3 beds fo reach RPN employed. The smallest number of beds per LPN—3.8—was recorded in the West South Central States and the highest ratio in the West North Central States, with 6.7 beds per LPN.

Table J.—Percent of short-stay participating hospitals reporting specified facilities and services by bed size, all areas, 1969

Facilities and services	All hospitals	Bed size										
		Less than 100	100–149	150–199	200–249	250–299	300–399	400–499	500–749	750–999	1,000–1,999	2,000 or more
Number	6,345	3,762	835	473	358	239	319	172	133	34	17	3
	Percent											
Clinical laboratory	98.3	97.6	99.5	98.7	98.3	99.6	99.4	100.0	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
X-ray diagnostic	97.7	96.6	98.9	99.2	98.9	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Operating room	96.5	94.6	99.0	99.4	98.6	100.0	99.4	99.4	100.0	100.0	94.1	100.0
Electrocardiograph	95.9	93.8	98.9	98.1	99.7	98.7	99.4	99.4	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Emergency department	89.7	86.0	92.8	94.9	95.0	95.4	97.5	97.7	99.2	97.1	100.0	100.0
Pharmacy	77.1	62.9	95.2	97.3	98.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Post-operative receiving room	70.4	52.6	93.4	96.4	97.5	98.7	98.4	98.8	97.7	97.1	100.0	100.0
Blood bank	69.5	58.4	80.0	81.6	85.5	90.4	91.2	94.8	97.7	97.1	88.2	100.0
Physical therapy department	54.2	33.0	71.3	81.8	90.5	95.0	97.5	97.1	97.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Pathology laboratory	52.0	25.7	77.2	91.5	95.8	98.7	99.7	99.4	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Intensive care unit	41.6	18.2	53.7	72.9	82.4	92.1	95.3	95.9	97.0	97.1	88.2	100.0
Radioactive isotope facility	29.9	6.1	34.4	58.6	71.5	86.6	90.9	95.9	97.0	100.0	94.1	100.0
Organized outpatient department	28.4	17.1	21.7	34.7	43.3	53.1	70.2	76.7	89.5	94.1	100.0	100.0
Electroencephalograph	28.0	8.2	28.4	43.3	62.6	76.6	86.5	93.0	97.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Medical social services department	21.3	5.8	18.1	34.9	45.0	60.3	67.1	77.9	85.0	91.2	94.1	100.0
Cobalt and radium therapy	17.8	2.8	18.0	30.9	34.6	54.8	59.2	70.3	83.5	94.1	82.4	100.0
Coronary care unit	17.2	8.4	21.0	27.9	29.9	33.9	37.0	41.9	50.4	38.2	47.1	-------
Occupational therapy department	13.8	4.3	10.2	18.4	20.4	36.4	42.0	59.9	73.7	88.2	94.1	100.0
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	13.3	2.6	10.8	17.1	21.5	35.1	48.9	63.4	76.7	85.3	94.1	100.0
Extended care unit	11.3	10.0	12.6	10.8	10.9	15.5	13.2	16.3	13.5	23.5	41.2	33.3
Home care program	8.2	3.5	8.4	12.3	12.8	18.8	19.1	26.7	28.6	41.2	47.1	66.7
Rehabilitation unit	7.6	1.9	6.6	10.1	11.7	18.8	21.0	35.5	47.4	55.9	76.5	66.7
Renal dialysis	3.6	0.6	1.2	5.1	4.2	7.9	12.5	21.5	34.6	35.3	35.3	-------
Open heart surgery	2.6	0.3	.4	1.3	1.7	5.4	11.0	19.2	30.8	38.2	29.4	-------
Other services	15.4	10.3	20.0	17.8	19.0	24.7	28.5	37.8	27.8	44.1	23.5	66.7

In all geographic divisions except one, the ratio of beds per LPN was 2–3 times higher than the ratio of beds per RPN. The two ratios were about the same in the West South Central States

JCAH accreditation.—Participating short-stay hospitals accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals (JCAH) numbered 4,071 during 1969.[3] These accredited short-stay hospitals accounted for about two-thirds of all short-stay hospitals (65 percent) and 86 percent of all adult beds in the United States. Table 3.9 shows that these proportions varied by region, with 94 percent of the beds in the Northeastern States in JCAH accredited hospitals, compared with 80 percent in the South.

AOA accreditation.—As with hospitals accredited by the Joint Commission, facilities accredited by the American Osteopathic Association were deemed to have met the standards established by regulation and embodied in the "Conditions of Participation," effective January 1, 1967, and thereafter.[4] During 1969, 162 accredited osteopathic hospitals were participating in the program. All were short-stay facilities. Table N shows that accredited osteopathic hospitals were located predominantly in States in the Middle West and the Southwest, and rarely on the eastern or western coasts.

Training programs.—The quality of care in a hospital is influenced in part by the presence of programs for training medical students. Hospitals applying for participation in the Medicare program reported the nature of their training programs (figure 1). From these replies, institutions were classified into four categories (table 3.9). Nine percent of all short-stay hospitals, containing 25 percent of the adult short-stay beds, were affiliated with a medical school, i.e., the hospital is used to some extent in a medical school's teaching program.

The distribution of short-stay hospitals and adult beds, by type of training program, in the four geographic regions of the country, is shown in table 0. The greatest relative concentration of participating short-stay hospitals in the United States affiliated with medical schools is in the Northeastern States, with 31 percent. Conversely, States in the West (the Pacific and Mountain States) accounted for 15 percent of the affiliated hospitals.

LONG-STAY HOSPITALS

Compared with short-stay facilities, hospitals in which the average patient stay is 30 days or more are

[3] See "Standards for Hospital Accreditation," Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals, December 1965 (revised).

[4] See "Registry of Accredited Osteopathic Institutions, 1970–71," American Osteopathic Association, 1970.

Table K.—Percent of facilities and services in participating short-stay hospitals, by division and type of facility, 1969

Facilities and services	United States	Division								
		New England	Middle Atlantic	East North Central	West North Central	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Mountain	Pacific
Number	6,241	313	707	1,012	887	790	479	894	370	789
	Percent									
Clinical laboratory	98.3	99.4	98.6	98.3	97.5	99.0	98.7	97.8	97.6	98.7
X-ray diagnostic	98.3	98.7	99.2	97.9	98.2	98.7	97.7	98.7	98.4	97.3
Operating room	96.9	98.1	96.9	96.6	96.3	97.2	98.1	96.6	98.1	96.2
Electrocardiograph	96.5	98.4	99.3	97.6	95.5	96.2	95.6	95.6	94.9	95.4
Emergency department	89.7	90.4	93.2	91.9	94.4	91.0	92.9	83.0	93.2	80.5
Pharmacy	76.9	89.5	93.5	88.3	62.7	80.3	64.9	62.0	70.8	81.7
Post-operative recovery room	71.1	79.2	89.5	78.9	54.9	78.5	63.9	57.4	60.0	77.3
Blood bank	70.1	77.6	84.4	77.3	60.2	71.3	72.4	59.2	68.1	66.9
Physical therapy department	54.7	67.7	73.7	70.2	45.9	48.7	37.6	36.7	48.6	62.5
Pathology laboratory	52.4	73.2	86.1	69.7	34.4	49.4	34.9	29.0	37.8	58.7
Intensive care unit	42.2	51.1	61.5	47.5	33.2	41.1	26.3	29.4	38.4	51.8
Radioactive isotope facility	30.3	35.1	52.6	39.4	19.3	33.3	17.3	15.9	20.5	34.5
Electroencephalograph	28.3	37.4	45.7	38.4	17.9	24.8	14.0	15.2	19.2	39.4
Organized outpatient department	27.4	50.8	51.6	30.6	17.0	28.0	17.1	13.8	24.1	26.4
Medical social service department	21.3	42.8	55.2	29.1	11.3	16.0	6.7	5.7	13.0	19.8
Colbalt and radium therapy	18.0	24.3	30.4	23.6	11.5	18.4	12.9	10.0	11.9	18.8
Coronary care unit	17.5	17.6	23.3	17.5	14.3	24.2	12.7	6.9	21.1	21.9
Occupational therapy department	13.9	20.8	19.1	22.5	12.7	9.9	3.3	6.7	11.4	16.6
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	13.5	17.3	19.9	17.9	11.3	14.6	10.2	7.5	10.3	12.2
Extended care unit	11.4	9.6	10.9	11.6	15.1	7.6	9.4	5.5	16.5	17.2
Home care program	8.2	10.2	19.8	13.1	5.9	3.4	4.2	1.3	7.6	8.9
Rehabilitation unit	7.7	14.1	16.0	10.4	7.1	6.0	1.7	1.3	5.7	8.9
Renal dialysis	3.7	3.2	6.5	4.7	1.7	5.3	1.5	1.5	4.9	3.9
Open heart surgery	2.6	3.2	3.3	3.5	1.8	3.7	1.9	0.9	1.9	3.5
Other services	15.6	18.8	22.1	18.5	12.0	13.9	16.3	12.0	8.4	17.4

fewer in number and, in general, of much larger size. There were 679 long-stay hospitals (almost 10 percent of all hospitals) participating in the Medicare program in 1969, but these included about one-third of all the certified adult beds. Data for these institutions are shown in the general tables in the same detail as for short-stay hospitals.

Tuberculosis hospitals.—The average (mean) size of the 119 participating tuberculosis hospitals was 122 beds. The majority of these beds, and the highest

Table L.—Number and percentage distribution of participating hospitals and professional and technical employees, by division, 1969

Division	Hospitals			Professional and technical employees							
	Number	Beds	Residents	Interns	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Registered pharmacists	Physical therapists	Occupational therapists	Medical social workers	Other social workers
United States	6,911	1,177,967	40,601	13,265	332,541	169,958	10,736	7,454	2,942	7,766	6,541
	Percentage distribution										
All hospitals	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
New England	5.6	6.7	7.5	6.1	8.2	7.4	5.7	8.0	8.4	8.5	8.8
Middle Atlantic	11.9	23.6	28.7	29.5	22.5	18.1	18.0	23.3	22.8	30.8	29.4
East North Central	16.9	19.9	18.3	18.7	19.7	18.3	23.0	17.9	22.2	18.7	22.7
West North Central	13.5	9.0	9.5	9.8	8.9	7.6	9.0	9.3	9.8	7.2	8.8
South Atlantic	12.6	13.6	12.1	11.5	12.7	13.7	11.8	10.9	9.4	9.5	9.6
East South Central	7.4	4.9	4.1	4.0	3.9	7.2	5.0	3.2	1.2	1.8	2.2
West South Central	13.5	8.2	5.9	5.1	5.8	12.7	7.9	6.3	4.4	4.1	5.0
Mountain	5.8	3.1	3.4	3.4	4.2	3.7	4.8	4.5	3.9	4.0	2.2
Pacific	12.7	10.9	10.5	11.8	14.0	11.4	14.9	16.5	17.8	15.5	11.1

Table M.—Ratio of beds per nurse in participating short-stay hospitals, by division, 1969

Division	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse
All areas	2.6	5.2
United States	2.6	5.2
New England	1.9	4.9
Middle Atlantic	2.2	5.4
East North Central	2.7	5.8
West North Central	2.9	6.7
South Atlantic	2.8	5.3
East South Central	3.9	4.2
West South Central	4.3	3.8
Mountain	2.4	5.2
Pacific	2.1	5.3

Table N.—Number and percentage distribution of partici, pating short-stay osteopathic hospitals and beds, by division-1969

Division	Hospitals		Beds	
	Number	Percentage distribution	Number	Percentage distribution
United States	162	100.0	16,393	100.0
New England	6	3.7	372	2.3
Middle Atlantic	29	17.9	3,191	19.5
East North Central	46	28.4	6,585	40.2
West North Central	22	13.6	1,816	11.1
South Atlantic	14	8.6	1,352	8.2
East South Central	1	0.6	25	0.2
West South Central	28	17.3	1,897	11.6
Mountain	8	4.9	780	4.8
Pacific	8	4.9	375	2.3

ratio of beds with respect to the Medicare population, are found in the East North Central and South Atlantic States (table 3.3). Almost all are State or local hospitals. The facilities and services reported by these institutions relate to the type of care for which they are primarily organized. Among the more frequently reported services (not as commonly reported in short-stay hospitals) are medical, social service and occupational therapy departments (table 3.7). Ninety-two percent of the tuberculosis beds are in JCAH accredited institutions, and over 40 percent of the beds are in hospitals affiliated with medical schools (table 3.9).

Psychiatric hospitals.—There were over 300,000 beds in the 358 psychiatric hospitals in the Medicare program, or an average of 846 beds per hospital. The Middle Atlantic States had a higher average ratio of psychiatric beds per 1,000 persons enrolled than the remainder of the country (table 3.1). Almost two-thirds of the psychiatric hospitals are under State or local control, and these include most of the larger institutions. Facilities and services reported in psychiatric hospitals also were appropriate to the particular needs of the patients in these institutions—occupational therapy, medical social service, electroencephalograph, and pharmacy service. Almost half the psychiatric beds were in institutions affiliated with medical schools with about one-fourth of the beds in hospitals with residency programs only (table 3.9).

Other long-stay hospitals.—These institutions comprise 3 percent of all participating hospitals and adult beds. Only 3 percent of these beds were in proprietary hospitals, an additional 22 percent in voluntary hospitals, and the remainder in government hospitals (table 3.5).

Table O.—Number and percentage distribution of participating short-stay hospitals and beds, by region and type of training program, United States, 1969

Training program	United States		Northeast		North Central		The South		The West	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
	Hospitals									
United States	6,241	100.0	1,020	16.3	1,899	30.4	2,163	34.7	1,159	18.6
Affiliated with medical school	555	100.0	172	31.0	151	27.2	147	26.5	85	15.3
Approved intern and resident program	349	100.0	143	41.0	116	33.2	56	16.1	34	9.7
Approved intern program only	89	100.0	29	32.6	31	34.8	18	20.2	11	12.4
Approved resident program only	98	100.0	29	29.6	26	26.5	24	24.5	19	19.4
	Beds									
United States	816,813	100.0	200,277	24.5	254,821	31.2	241,956	29.6	119,759	14.7
Affiliated with medical school	207,456	100.0	69,614	33.6	56,591	27.3	54,755	26.4	26,496	12.8
Approved intern and resident program	115,762	100.0	44,029	38.0	39,322	34.0	21,396	18.5	11,015	9.5
Approved intern program only	20,046	100.0	6,565	32.8	7,684	38.3	4,196	20.9	1,601	8.0
Approved resident program only	22,022	100.0	5,492	24.9	7,184	32.6	4,600	20.9	4,746	21.6

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Table P. Number and percentage distribution of participating long-stay hospitals, by type of hospital and bed size, all areas, 1969

Bed size	All hospitals	Tuberculosis	Psychiatric	Other long-stay
	Number			
All areas	679	119	358	202
Less than 25 beds	32	4	12	16
25–49	75	10	29	36
50–99	136	32	56	48
100–149	96	22	42	32
150–199	53	14	26	13
200–249	39	9	16	14
250–299	22	2	13	7
300–399	34	14	9	11
400–499	22	3	11	8
500–749	37	6	23	8
750–999	20	2	14	4
1,000–1,999	68	1	62	5
2,000 or more	45	----	45	----
	Percentage distribution			
All areas	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 25 beds	4.7	3.4	3.4	7.9
25–49	11.1	8.4	8.1	17.8
50–99	20.0	26.9	15.6	23.8
100–149	14.1	18.5	11.7	15.8
150–199	7.8	11.8	7.3	6.4
200–249	5.7	7.6	4.5	6.9
250–299	3.2	1.7	3.6	3.5
300–399	5.0	11.8	2.5	5.4
400–499	3.2	2.5	3.1	4.0
500–749	5.5	5.0	6.4	4.0
750–999	3.0	1.7	3.9	2.0
1,000–1,999	10.0	0.8	17.3	2.5
2,000 or more	6.6	----	12.6	----

Christian Science sanatoriums.—Christian Science sanatoriums operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston may participate in the Medicare program as both "hospitals" and "extended care facilities." Payments to Christian Science sanatoriums cover costs of services ordinarily furnished by these sanatoriums that are comparable to those for which payment is made to hospitals in the sense that services in a sanatorium are a substitute for, and not in addition to, medical services that might be furnished a person if his religious beliefs were not contrary to the use of the usual medical care facilities. By the end of 1969, 18 such sanatoriums, distributed in 14 States, were participating as shown below. Data on these institutions are not included in either the general or text tables covering participating hospitals or extended care facilities.

State	Number of facilities
Total	18
California	3
Colorado	1
Florida	1
Illinois	1
Massachusetts	1
Michigan	1
Missouri	2
New York	1
Ohio	1
Oregon	1
Pennsylvania	1
Texas	1
Washington	2
Wisconsin	1

Table Q. Number and percentage distribution of participating hospitals, by level of certification and type of hospital, all areas, 1969

Level of certification	All hospitals	Short-stay hospitals	Long-stay hospitals		
			Tuberculosis	Psychiatric	Other
	Number				
All areas	7,024	6,345	119	358	202
No significant deficiencies	4,632	4,180	86	223	143
Correctible deficiencies	2,000	1,778	32	135	55
Special certification	392	387	1	----	4
	Percentage distribution				
All areas	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No significant deficiencies	65.9	65.9	72.3	62.3	70.8
Correctible deficiencies	28.5	28.0	26.9	37.7	27.2
Special certification	5.6	6.1	0.8	----	2.0

Level of certification.—Hospitals can be accepted for complete participation in the program at the following levels of certification:

1. With no significant deficiencies,
2. With correctible deficiencies,
3. Special certification.[5]

Almost two-thirds of all short-stay hospitals had no significant deficiencies, with an additional 28 percent having correctible deficiencies (table Q). Significantly greater proportions of the tuberculosis and other long-stay hospitals were found to have no significant deficiencies. Psychiatric institutions had the highest proportion with correctible deficiencies—38 percent.

Hospitals with special certification.—A total of 392 hospitals (222 less than in 1968) were accorded special certification (table R). There were great variations in their distribution among the geographic divisions; about one-fourth (24 percent) of the hospitals in the West South Central States had special certifications, compared to less than 1 percent in the East North Central, Middle Atlantic, and Pacific States. The South Central States accounted for almost three-fourths of the hospitals in this category. Texas alone accounted for 42 percent of all specially-certified hospitals.

Table R. Number of participating hospitals, and percent with special certification, by division and State, 1969

Division and state	All hospitals	Hospitals with special certification	Percent with special certification
All areas	7,024	392	5.6
United States	6,911	380	5.5
New England	390	4	1.0
Maine	64	3	4.7
New Hampshire	35	1	2.9
Vermont	23	---	---
Massachusetts	196	---	---
Rhode Island	21	---	---
Connecticut	51	---	---
Middle Atlantic	824	6	0.7
New York	407	5	1.2
New Jersey	120	1	0.8
Pennsylvania	297	---	---
East North Central	1,169	6	0.5
Ohio	267	3	1.1
Indiana	138	---	---
Illinois	302	1	0.3
Michigan	272	2	0.7
Wisconsin	190	---	---
West North Central	936	11	1.2
Minnesota	200	---	---
Iowa	150	---	---
Missouri	175	9	5.1
Dakota	62	---	---
South Dakota	66	1	1.5
Nebraska	112	1	0.9
Kansas	171	---	---
South Atlantic	868	22	2.5
Delaware	9	---	---
Maryland	62	1	1.6
District of Columbia	16	---	---
Virginia	119	---	---
West Virginia	85	2	2.4
North Carolina	150	5	3.3
South Carolina	77	---	---
Georgia	165	11	6.7
Florida	185	3	1.6
East South Central	512	65	12.7
Kentucky	131	---	---
Tennessee	155	35	22.6
Alabama	126	8	6.3
Mississippi	100	22	22.0
West South Central	934	220	23.6
Arkansas	107	16	15.0
Louisiana	138	18	13.0
Oklahoma	143	23	16.1
Texas	546	163	29.9
Mountain	400	45	11.3
Montana	65	6	9.2
Idaho	48	6	12.5
Wyoming	29	3	10.3
Colorado	92	16	17.4
New Mexico	46	6	13.0
Arizona	62	---	---
Utah	37	7	18.9
Nevada	21	1	4.8
Pacific	878	1	0.1
Washington	128	---	---
Oregon	94	---	---
California	608	---	---
Alaska	22	---	---
Hawaii	26	1	3.8
Outlying areas	113	12	10.6
Guam	1	---	---
Puerto Rico	108	12	11.1
Virgin Islands	3	---	---
Other outlying areas	1	---	---

Nonparticipating Hospitals

Nonparticipating hospitals, that meet the definition of a hospital under the law, may receive payment for "emergency" inpatient or outpatient hospital services under certain conditions.[6] These hospitals fall into two groups: (1) those non-Federal hospitals that meet the various conditions specified by law and regulation for reimbursement for such services and (2) Federal hospitals which are excluded from participation by statute unless they serve the community as a whole.

A total of 614 non-Federal hospitals not certified (and not included in the general tables) were approved to render emergency services to Medicare beneficiaries during 1969 (table S). Of these, 84 were in Canada and two in Mexico. Such services outside the United States are covered under limited conditions arising ordinarily in border areas. Half of the remaining 528 hospitals were in the South, where noncompliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, which forbids discrimination in any facilities funded wholly or in part by the Federal government, prevented their certification as participating hospitals.

Federal hospitals, by statute, cannot participate in the Medicare program unless the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that they serve the community as a whole. Only six Federal hospitals were designated as community facilities during 1969 —five in Alaska, and one in the District of Columbia. The other Federal hospitals, though not participating in the program, were approved to render emergency services. The numbers of Federal facilities and their beds, by State, are shown in table T.

Home Health Agencies

In calendar year 1969, 2,420 home health agencies participated in the Medicare program (table U). This number reflected a net increase of 256 (or 12 percent) over the number that participated in 1968 and 570 (or 31 percent) over the number that participated during the first 6 months of the program (July–December 1966).[7]

Geographically, the East South Central States showed a net increase of 121 agencies between 1966 and 1969 followed by the West South Central and West North Central States with 110 and 105, respectively. All other divisions showed at least a 7–percent increase during the period. However, between 1968

[5] For a definition of special certification, see section on Requirements for Participation, Level of Certification, pg. .

[6] See Section C5632.1, "Definition of Emergency Services," *State Operations Manual* (HIM–7), U.S. Social Security Administration, January 1969.

[7] *Medicare: Health Insurance for the Aged, 1966, Section 3.2: Participating Home Health Agencies.* See U.S. Social Security Administration, Office of Research and Statistics, (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1970)

Table S.—Number of emergency hospitals and beds, by division and State, 1969

Division and State	Hospitals	Beds
All areas	614	82,897
United States	506	63,781
New England	17	2,515
Maine	3	1,521
New Hampshire		
Vermont		
Massachusetts	13	680
Rhode Island		
Connecticut	1	314
Middle Atlantic	67	7,282
New York	20	1,706
New Jersey	18	2,538
Pennsylvania	29	3,038
East North Central	61	7,065
Ohio	16	2,919
Indiana	4	260
Illinois	20	2,019
Michigan	14	1,034
Wisconsin	7	833
West North Central	11	522
Minnesota	1	8
Iowa	5	314
Missouri	3	157
North Dakota		
South Dakota		
Nebraska	2	43
Kansas		
South Atlantic	100	13,518
Delaware	1	60
Maryland	8	2,037
District of Columbia	5	570
Virginia	14	1,227
West Virginia	11	4,805
North Carolina	13	376
South Carolina	10	1,223
Georgia	20	878
Florida	18	2,342
East South Central	75	21,778
Kentucky	13	3,616
Tennessee	19	7,286
Alabama	11	6,816
Mississippi	32	4,060
West South Central	102	6,808
Arkansas	5	452
Louisiana	34	2,290
Oklahoma	13	1,350
Texas	50	2,716
Mountain	33	2,650
Montana	4	53
Idaho	3	817
Wyoming	2	40
Colorado	4	170
New Mexico	8	1,079
Arizona	8	312
Utah	4	179
Nevada		
Pacific	40	1,643
Washington	10	305
Oregon	2	29
California	23	845
Alaska	1	165
Hawaii	4	299
Other areas	108	19,116
Puerto Rico	22	974
Canada	84	17,723
Mexico	2	419

Table T.—Number of Federal[1] hospitals and beds, by division and State, 1969

Division and State	Hospitals	Beds
All areas	409	153,304
United States	406	152,864
New England	23	8,978
Maine	3	917
New Hampshire	2	275
Vermont	1	174
Massachusetts	10	5,836
Rhode Island	3	710
Connecticut	4	1,066
Middle Atlantic	35	25,785
New York	17	13,855
New Jersey	5	3,391
Pennsylvania	13	8,539
East North Central	37	20,784
Ohio	8	3,512
Indiana	6	2,457
Illinois	9	8,491
Michigan	11	3,908
Wisconsin	3	2,416
West North Central	34	11,657
Minnesota	2	2,214
Iowa	3	2,230
Missouri	8	2,362
North Dakota	3	376
South Dakota	5	1,133
Nebraska	5	1,015
Kansas	8	2,327
South Atlantic	75	27,206
Delaware	2	370
Maryland	11	3,809
District of Columbia	3	2,475
Virginia	11	5,423
West Virginia	5	1,308
North Carolina	9	3,526
South Carolina	7	2,504
Georgia	13	4,345
Florida	14	3,446
East South Central	29	11,700
Kentucky	6	3,605
Tennessee	7	2,489
Alabama	10	3,624
Mississippi	6	1,982
West South Central	57	17,475
Arknasas	5	2,852
Louisiana	8	2,568
Oklahoma	12	1,511
Texas	32	10,544
Mountain	52	7,830
Montana	7	430
Idaho	2	223
Wyoming	3	659
Colorado	6	2,570
New Mexico	11	1,284
Arizona	17	1,778
Utah	2	593
Nevada	4	293
Pacific	64	21,449
Washington	13	3,277
Oregon	3	1,093
California	35	14,958
Alaska	12	1,121
Hawaii	1	1,000
Outlying areas	3	440
Guam		
Puerto Rico	3	440
Virgin Islands		
Other outlying areas		

[1] Excludes Federal hospitals participating as community hospitals.

Table U.—Number of participating home health agencies and percent change, by division and year, 1966-1969

Division	1966	1967	1968	1969	Percent change 1968–1969	Percent change 1966–1969
All areas	1,850	2,111	2,164	2,420	+11.8	+ 30.8
United States	1,848	2,107	2,160	2,416	+11.9	+ 30.7
New England	341	370	369	374	+ 1.4	+ 9.7
Middle Atlantic	303	333	329	324	− 1.5	+ 6.9
East North Central	280	321	317	342	+ 7.9	+ 22.1
West North Central	103	135	169	208	+23.1	+101.9
South Atlantic	293	316	325	352	+ 8.3	+ 20.1
East South Central	134	194	208	255	+22.6	+ 90.3
West South Central	194	206	210	304	+44.8	+ 56.7
Mountain	61	74	78	83	+ 6.4	+ 36.1
Pacific	139	158	155	174	+12.3	+ 25.2
Outlying areas	2	4	4	4	------	+100.0

and 1969, the Middle Atlantic States showed a slight decrease in the number of participating home health agencies, while the number in the New England States increased slightly.

Characteristics of the Agencies

TYPE AND GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

The overwhelming majority of participating home health agencies are either official health agencies, that is, agencies administered by State or local health departments, or visiting nurse associations (table V). Official health agencies accounted for 57 percent of the 2,420 participating agencies in 1969, while visiting nurse associations represented an additional 24 percent of the total. These two types of agencies have traditionally provided the bulk of home health services. The number of hospital-based agencies accounted for only 9 percent of the total, about the same as in 1968.

There are geographic differences by type of participating agency. Visiting nurse associations accounted for 69 percent of all home health agencies in New England, compared with 3 percent in the East South Central States. In contrast, 23 percent of the agencies in New England were official health agencies, while 89 percent of the agencies in the East South Central States were administered by State or local health departments.

In only four geographic divisions did hospital-based programs represent over 10 percent of the participating agencies in the program—the Middle Atlantic States, with 24 percent; the West North Central States, with 14 percent; and the Mountain and Pacific States, with 12 percent each.

In 10 States, the State health department elected to participate as a single statewide agency. Technically, each of these health departments constitutes one home health agency. To measure the availability of services with greater geographic precision, how-

Table V.—Number and percent of participating home health agencies, by type of agency, division, and State, 1969

Division and State	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined Government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital based agency	Other
	Percent of total					
All areas	2,420	24	4	57	9	6
United States	2,416	24	4	57	9	6
New England	374	69	2	23	6	0
Maine	24	67	------	21	12	------
New Hampshire	40	85	2	8	2	2
Vermont	14	86	------	14	----------	----------
Massachusetts	179	60	4	28	8	------
Rhode Island	17	88	----------	----------	12	------
Connecticut	100	72	1	26	1	------
Middle Atlantic	324	35	4	36	24	1
New York	140	18	5	41	36	------
New Jersey	53	49	6	28	17	------
Pennsylvania	131	48	2	33	15	2
East North Central	342	25	4	61	7	3
Ohio	103	22	7	67	3	1
Indiana	31	48	------	45	3	3
Illinois	89	27	4	51	14	4
Michigan	53	19	2	74	6	------
Wisconsin	66	21	------	65	8	6
West North Central	208	12	4	67	14	2
Minnesota	55	6	2	80	11	2
Iowa	39	38	13	49	----------	----------
Missouri	41	10	------	61	22	7
North Dakota	9	----------	----------	67	33	------
South Dakota	26	4	------	85	12	------
Nebraska	5	20	----------	----------	60	20
Kansas	33	6	6	70	18	------
South Atlantic	352	8	10	75	3	3
Delaware	8	12	12	38	12	25
Maryland	31	10	------	77	13	------
District of Columbia	3	33	------	33	33	------
Virginia	136	2	------	98	----------	----------
West Virginia	25	16	4	60	8	12
North Carolina	24	21	------	71	8	------
South Carolina	43	2	------	95	------	2
Georgia	19	10	5	63	5	16
Florida	63	11	52	30	2	5
East South Central	255	3	0	89	6	1
Kentucky	33	12	3	48	36	------
Tennessee	86	1	------	96	1	1
Alabama	55	4	------	93	2	2
Mississippi	81	1	------	96	2	------
West South Central	304	6	1	66	1	26
Arkansas	71	3	------	97	----------	----------
Louisiana	78	3	------	76	------	22
Oklahoma	59	5	3	90	2	------
Texas	96	12	1	21	1	65
Mountain	83	10	10	66	12	2
Montana	14	----------	----------	71	29	------
Idaho	10	------	10	50	30	10
Wyoming	8	----------	----------	100	----------	----------
Colorado	20	15	20	60	------	5
New Mexico	5	20	20	40	20	------
Arizona	10	20	10	60	10	------
Utah	13	8	------	85	8	------
Nevada	3	33	33	33	----------	----------
Pacific	174	22	3	42	12	20
Washington	24	12	12	67	8	------
Oregon	28	7	------	82	4	7
California	115	30	3	29	12	27
Alaska	1	----------	----------	100	----------	----------
Hawaii	6	----------	----------	17	50	33
Outlying areas	4	25	------	50	25	------
Guam	1	----------	----------	100	----------	----------
Puerto Rico	2	50	----------	----------	50	------
Virgin Islands	1	----------	----------	100	----------	----------

ever, each individual local unit in these States has been identified and counted separately. The number of subunits of statewide agencies counted in this way are: Alabama, 51 counties; Arkansas, 69 counties; Delaware, 3 counties; Louisiana, 58 parishes, Mississippi, 78 counties; Oklahoma, 54 counties; Pennsylvania, 41 counties; South Carolina, 41 counties; South Dakota, 21 counties; and Virginia, 133 counties and independent cities.

Comparing the distribution of persons enrolled in the Medicare program with the number of participating agencies and the number of nurses (expressed in full-time equivalents) employed by those agencies, provides a rough measure of the geographic differences in the availability of services of home health agencies (table W). It is recognized that the agencies vary considerably in size (measured by the number of employed staff), in the range of services provided, and in the number of patients served. It is also recognized that agencies service the general population as well as those enrolled in Medicare. Even without consideration of these factors, it seems clear that there were wide variations in the availability of home health services in the Nation. Fifteen percent of the agencies, but only 6 percent of the Medicare enrollees, were located in New England. In the Middle Atlantic States, however, the opposite was true—only 13 percent of the agencies were located in this area, compared with 20 percent of the enrollees. Variation is also evident if the number of nurses employed by the agencies is compared to the number of persons enrolled in Medicare in the various geographical areas. The New England, Middle Atlantic, South Atlantic, and Mountain States showed an average of under 1,000 persons enrolled in Medicare for each nurse employed. In contrast, agencies in the West North Central States averaged about one nurse for every 2,000 enrollees.

PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EMPLOYEES

Home health agencies are staffed primarily by nursing personnel. During 1969, about 16,000 registered professional nurses and an additional 1,700 licensed practical nurses were employed by participating agencies (table X). Nursing personnel and home health aides accounted for the vast majority of the total staff employed by home health agencies. The high ratio of nurses to other staff is primarily because agencies tend to employ nurses for the primary service—nursing care—and contract out for other therapeutic services. Data on the number of contractual staff are not reported and remain outside the reporting requirements of the Medicare program.

Two-thirds of the home health agencies were located in the Northeastern and Southern regions. These agencies also employed two-thirds of the nursing personnel reported. The West had the fewest certified agencies, 11 percent, and employed 13 percent of the nursing personnel reported.

Table X.—Number of home health agencies and selectep staff,[1] by region, 1969

Region	All home health agencies	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Home health aides
United States	2,416	15,989	1,737	4,330
Northeast	698	5,216	624	1,049
North Central	550	3,230	359	1,280
South	911	5,520	504	1,139
West	257	2,023	250	862

[1] Expressed in terms of full-time equivalents.

AVAILABLE HOME HEALTH SERVICES

The lack of homogeneity among all home health agencies is a noteworthy characteristic of these providers of services. Agencies differ greatly, for example, in the number and variety of services offered. At

Table W.—Number and percentage distribution of persons enrolled in the Medicare program, participating home health agencies, and nurses employed, by division, 1969

Division	Persons enrolled[1]		Participating home health agencies		Nurses employed[2]		Persons enrolled per nurse
	Number (in thousands)	Percentage distribution	Number	Percentage distribution	Number	Percentage distribution	
United States	19,764	100	2,416	100	17,726	100	1,115
New England	1,269	6	374	15	1,833	10	692
Middle Atlantic	3,905	20	324	13	4,007	23	975
East North Central	3,800	19	342	14	2,656	15	1,431
West North Central	1,918	10	208	9	933	5	2,056
South Atlantic	2,794	14	352	15	3,254	18	859
East South Central	1,258	6	255	11	1,257	7	1,001
West South Central	1,791	9	304	13	1,513	8	1,184
Mountain	680	3	83	3	716	4	950
Pacific	2,349	12	174	7	1,557	9	1,509

[1] Persons enrolled in the hospital and/or supplementary medical insurance program as of July 1, 1969.
[2] Includes registered professional nurses and licensed practical nurses expressed in terms of full-time equivalents.

Table Y.—Number of participating home health agencies and percent offering selected services, by division and State, 1969

Division and State	All home health agencies	Nursing care	Physical therapy	Occupational therapy	Speech therapy	Medical social services	Home health aide services	Interns and residents	Nutritional guidance	Pharmaceutical service	Appliances and equipment	Vocational guidance	Other
		Percent											
All areas	2,420	100	75	20	27	21	57	1	15	5	15	1	5
United States	2,416	100	75	20	27	21	57	1	15	5	15	1	5
New England	374	100	91	39	40	28	41	-------	8	3	10	(1)	4
Maine	24	100	92	33	25	13	17	-------	8	-------	8	-------	-------
New Hampshire	40	100	88	33	28	13	8	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------
Vermont	14	100	93	29	21	36	43	-------	7	-------	14	-------	14
Massachusetts	179	100	89	40	45	43	36	-------	12	4	16	1	7
Rhode Island	17	100	88	-------	6	29	82	-------	29	12	29	-------	-------
Connecticut	100	100	98	49	47	8	61	-------	1	1	1	-------	-------
Middle Atlantic	324	100	94	15	22	32	58	4	23	18	31	2	15
New York	140	100	94	18	21	33	69	6	31	34	41	5	29
New Jersey	53	100	98	15	36	21	100	2	36	9	49	-------	9
Pennsylvania	131	100	92	13	18	36	30	2	8	5	11	1	4
East North Central	342	100	73	19	32	14	51	2	9	4	11	1	7
Ohio	103	100	81	8	38	4	50	-------	9	3	15	-------	7
Indiana	31	100	65	10	39	13	81	-------	13	-------	13	-------	13
Illinois	89	100	83	18	33	19	36	3	9	4	8	-------	6
Michigan	53	100	70	25	34	25	45	4	6	-------	2	-------	-------
Wisconsin	66	100	55	36	20	14	62	5	11	8	14	5	12
West North Central	208	100	61	12	24	9	84	-------	11	4	16	(1)	1
Minnesota	55	100	53	20	22	9	93	-------	13	5	24	-------	-------
Iowa	39	100	54	3	13	3	79	-------	-------	-------	3	-------	-------
Missouri	41	100	59	17	29	22	90	-------	22	10	39	2	5
North Dakota	9	100	67	22	22	-------	89	-------	22	11	11	-------	-------
South Dakota	26	100	58	4	12	4	100	-------	8	4	4	-------	-------
Nebraska	5	100	100	-------	80	-------	100	-------	-------	-------	20	-------	-------
Kansas	33	100	79	9	36	9	48	-------	6	-------	-------	-------	-------
South Atlantic	352	100	61	16	24	17	71	1	16	3	10	1	4
Delaware	8	100	100	63	63	75	38	-------	63	25	50	13	25
Maryland	31	100	94	26	29	39	45	6	29	13	19	3	10
District of Columbia	3	100	100	33	100	100	100	-------	100	33	67	-------	-------
Virginia	136	100	43	3	7	3	93	-------	1	-------	1	-------	-------
West Virginia	25	100	52	-------	20	28	76	-------	12	8	20	-------	4
North Carolina	24	100	79	4	-------	-------	83	-------	25	-------	13	4	4
South Carolina	43	100	72	21	51	33	49	-------	42	-------	14	2	7
Georgia	19	100	68	32	53	32	79	5	21	11	21	5	5
Florida	63	100	63	35	35	14	43	-------	10	2	5	-------	3
East South Central	255	100	78	15	9	6	43	(1)	13	2	11	-------	4
Kentucky	33	100	42	-------	6	24	94	-------	45	3	61	-------	6
Tennessee	86	100	87	40	8	5	33	1	10	1	5	-------	-------
Alabama	55	100	56	5	18	-------	58	-------	2	2	2	-------	9
Mississippi	81	100	98	1	5	5	22	-------	9	1	2	-------	4
West South Central	304	100	57	7	15	25	47	-------	20	1	13	-------	1
Arkansas	71	100	99	-------	1	-------	3	-------	63	-------	1	-------	-------
Louisiana	78	100	27	3	9	77	23	-------	9	-------	1	-------	-------
Oklahoma	59	100	20	3	14	7	98	-------	5	2	5	-------	2
Texas	96	100	74	18	30	11	69	-------	5	1	38	-------	1
Mountain	83	100	76	20	39	14	69	-------	17	2	18	-------	6
Montana	14	100	86	14	43	7	50	-------	14	7	29	-------	21
Idaho	10	100	90	10	70	10	80	-------	20	-------	60	-----	10
Wyoming	8	100	-------	-------	-------	-------	100	-------	-------	-------	13	-------	-------
Colorado	20	100	90	40	50	15	50	-------	5	-------	-------	-------	-------
New Mexico	5	100	80	20	40	-------	80	-------	40	-------	40	-------	-------
Arizona	10	100	80	40	40	50	100	-------	20	-------	-------	-------	10
Utah	13	100	77	8	15	15	62	-------	38	8	15	-------	-------
Nevada	3	100	67	-------	33	-------	67	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------
Pacific	174	100	86	40	46	43	70	1	26	10	26	2	5
Washington	24	100	79	4	50	17	13	-------	8	4	4	-------	8
Oregon	28	100	82	25	25	36	64	-------	11	4	32	-------	4
California	115	100	87	49	50	49	84	2	31	10	26	2	3
Alaska	1	100	100	-------	100	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------
Hawaii	6	100	100	83	33	83	50	-------	83	67	83	17	17
Outlying areas	4	100	100	25	50	100	75	-------	75	25	75	25	25
Guam	1	100	100	-------	-------	100	-------	-------	-------	-------	100	-------	-------
Puerto Rico	2	100	100	50	50	100	100	-------	100	50	50	50	-------
Virgin Islands	1	100	100	-------	100	100	100	-------	100	100	100	-------	100

[1] Less than one percent.

Table Z.—Distribution of 54 areas[1], by percent of agencies offering specified service, 1969

Percent of agencies	Physical therapy	Occupational therapy	Speech therapy	Medical social services	Home health aide services	Interns and residents	Nutritional guidance	Pharmaceutical service	Appliances and equipment	Vocational guidance	Other
	Number of areas										
Total	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
Under 20.0	1	31	16	31	6	54	33	48	33	53	50
20.0–39.9	2	14	21	13	7	----	12	3	10	----	3
40.0–59.9	9	7	11	3	11	----	3	1	5	1	----
60.0–79.9	12	1	2	2	10	----	2	1	3	----	----
80.0 or more	30	1	4	5	20	----	4	1	3	----	1

[1] Includes 50 States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Peurto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

one end of the spectrum are agencies that provide primarily intermittent or part-time nursing service and one or more therapeutic services to the housebound. At the other end are agencies providing comprehensive home care programs that coordinate under a central administration the provision of medical, nursing, social, and other services in the home for the patient with multiple medical and paramedical needs. Some of these programs limit admission to very ill or seriously handicapped persons; others admit less seriously ill persons who need only one or two types of service.

To participate in the Medicare program, each of the 2,420 home health agencies certified in the period covered by this report had to offer skilled nursing care and at least one other therapeutic service. There are 10 identifiable types of service available from home health agencies in addition to skilled nursing care (table Y). Seventy-five percent of the participating agencies provided physical therapy, while services of home health aides were available from 57 percent of the agencies. Over one-fourth of the participating agencies provided speech therapy.

There was also a large amount of variation in the type of services available in individual States. For example, physical therapy services, available from 75 percent of the participating agencies nationally, were offered in each of the eight agencies in Delaware but by none of the eight agencies in Wyoming. Comparable differences in the availability of services (other than nursing care) may be found for all of the other nine types of services.

Table Z shows the distribution of the States and territories with at least one participating home health agency according to the relative availability of specified services. There was one State where physical therapy was available in less than 20 percent of the participating agencies. In 30 States, by contrast, 80 percent or more of the agencies offered this service. Except for physical therapy and the services of home health aides, in nearly all the States each of the home health services specified is available in less than two-fifths of the agencies participating.

Table AA shows the number of therapeutic services, in addition to nursing care, offered by the various

Table AA.—Number and percentage distribution of agencies, by number of therapeutic services[1] provided in addition to nursing care, and type of agency, 1969

Type of agency	All home health agencies	HHA's by number of therapeutic services provided in addition to nursing care				
		1	2	3	4	5
	Number					
All areas	2,420	1,097	694	292	198	139
Visiting nurse association	585	173	184	89	88	51
Combined government and voluntary agency	96	38	29	20	6	3
Official health agency	1,376	797	404	109	46	20
Hospital based agency	215	40	45	51	40	39
All other	148	49	32	23	18	26
	Percentage distribution					
All areas	100	45	29	12	8	6
Visiting nurse association	100	30	31	15	15	9
Combined government and voluntary agency	100	40	30	21	6	3
Official health agency	100	58	29	8	3	1
Hospital based agency	100	19	21	24	19	18
All other	100	33	22	16	12	18

[1] Includes physical, speech, or occupational therapy, medical social services, or home health aide services.

types of agencies. While 45 percent of all participating agencies provided only one therapeutic service in addition to nursing care, almost three-fourths of these were represented by agencies administered by State or local governments.

LEVEL OF CERTIFICATION

Home health agencies must meet specific requirements in order for their services to qualify for reimbursement under the Medicare program. These conditions of participation (established in the interest of health and safety) are essential to the maintenance of the quality of care and the adequacy of the services which the home health agency provides. Agencies that have deficiencies with respect to one or more conditions of participation may still be certified to participate in the program if they are making reasonable plans and efforts to correct them.

Almost one-half of the 2,420 agencies certified for participation in the Medicare program during 1969 were found to have no significant deficiencies (table BB). In six of the nine geographic divisions, more than one-half of the agencies were approved with correctible deficiencies. The exceptions were the East and West North Central States, and the South Atlantic States where the proportion of agencies with-

Table CC.—Number of approved independent laboratories and percent change, by division and year, 1967–69

Division	1967	1968	1969	Percent change 1967–1968	Percent change 1968–1969	Percent change 1967–1969
All areas	2,669	2,714	2,907	+ 1.7	+ 7.1	+ 8.9
United States	2,616	2,660	2,844	+ 1.7	+ 6.9	+ 8.7
New England	168	166	172	− 1.2	+ 3.6	+ 2.4
Middle Atlantic	507	513	512	+ 1.2	− 0.2	+ 1.0
East North Central	383	394	433	+ 2.9	+ 9.9	+13.1
West North Central	143	145	143	+ 1.4	− 1.4	0.0
South Atlantic	212	222	279	+ 4.7	+25.7	+31.6
East South Central	70	80	89	+14.3	+11.3	+27.1
West South Central	266	268	279	+ 0.8	+ 4.1	+ 4.9
Mountain	145	149	157	+ 2.8	+ 5.4	+ 8.3
Pacific	722	723	780	+ 0.1	+ 7.9	+ 8.0
Outlying areas	53	54	63	+ 1.9	+16.7	+18.9

Table BB.—Number of approved home health agencies, by type of agency, and level of certification, by division, 1969

Level of Certification and division	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined Government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
All areas	2,420	585	96	1,376	215	148
No significant deficiencies	1,160	298	42	678	92	50
With correctible deficiencies	1,260	287	54	698	123	98
New England	374	257	9	86	21	1
No significant deficiencies	182	132	3	36	11	----
With correctible deficiencies	192	125	6	50	10	1
Middle Atlantic	324	114	13	116	79	2
No significant deficiencies	107	49	7	32	19	----
With correctible deficiencies	217	65	6	84	60	2
East North Central	342	86	12	210	24	10
No significant deficiencies	193	56	7	105	19	6
With correctible deficiencies	149	30	5	105	5	4
West North Central	208	26	8	139	30	5
No significant deficiencies	152	21	7	101	19	4
With correctible deficiencies	56	5	1	38	11	1
South Atlantic	352	27	36	265	12	12
No significant deficiencies	214	14	14	172	6	8
With correctible deficiencies	138	13	22	93	6	4
East South Central	255	8	1	228	16	2
No significant deficiencies	86	3	----	78	4	1
With correctible deficiencies	169	5	1	150	12	1
West South Central	304	19	3	201	2	79
No significant deficiencies	146	4	----	121	1	20
With correctible deficiencies	158	15	3	80	1	59
Mountain	83	8	8	55	10	2
No significant deficiencies	32	5	3	20	4	----
With correctible deficiencies	51	3	5	35	6	2
Pacific	174	39	6	74	20	35
No significant deficiencies	44	13	1	11	8	11
With correctible deficiencies	130	26	5	63	12	24
Outlying	4	1	----	2	1	----
No significant deficiencies	4	1	----	2	1	----
With correctible deficiencies	----	----	----	----	----	----

out deficiencies ranged from 56 to 73 percent of those certified. By type of agency, only visiting nurses associations had more agencies approved with no significant deficiencies than with correctible deficiencies.

Independent Laboratories

There were 2,907 independent laboratories approved for participation under Medicare during 1969 (table CC.) This resulted in a net increase of 193 over the number that participated in 1968 and 238 over the number that participated during 1967.[8] The largest relative increases between 1967 and 1969 occurred in the South Atlantic (32 percent) and the East South Central States (27 percent). Twenty-seven percent of the approved laboratories were concentrated in the Pacific States. The Middle Atlantic (512 laboratories) and East North Central States (433 laboratories) had 18 and 15 percent of the total respectively, while the remaining two-fifths were scattered throughout the country.

California with 670 approved laboratories (23 percent) had the largest number of any State, followed by New York with 254 (9 percent). Other States with more than 100 approved laboratories included Florida, Illinois, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas. These eight States accounted for 1,795 or 62 percent of all approved laboratories. Maine and New Hampshire, on the other hand, each had only one approved independent laboratory (table DD).

TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTORS

Physicians who were pathologists served as directors in 40 percent of the approved laboratories; physicians who were not pathologists served as directors in 23 percent; while nonphysicians directed 37 percent (table DD).

There is considerable variation among the States in the professional training of laboratory directors. In the West North Central States, 63 percent of the approved laboratories were directed by pathologists. Fifty-six percent of the directors in the East South Central States were pathologists. New England and the Middle Atlantic States, on the other hand, had only 16 and 30 percent, respectively of their laboratories directed by pathologists.

The proportion of laboratories directed by nonphysicians also varies considerably on a geographic basis. In New England, for example, 68 percent were directed by nonphysicians, as were 58 percent in the Middle Atlantic States. In contrast, only about 17 percent of the directors in the West North Central States were not physicians.

[8] *Medicare: Health Insurance for the Aged, 1967: Section 3.3 Participating Independent Laboratories*, U.S. Social Security Administration, Office of Research and Statistics (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1971)

Table DD.—Number and percent of approved independent laboratories by training of laboratory director, division, and State, 1969

Division and State	All laboratories	Pathologist	Other physician	Nonphysician
		Percent of total		
All areas	2,907	39.8	23.2	37.0
United States	2,844	40.4	23.4	36.2
New England	172	16.3	15.7	68.0
Maine	1	----	----	100.0
New Hampshire	1	----	----	100.0
Vermont	6	16.7	33.3	50.0
Massachusetts	95	16.8	21.1	62.1
Rhode Island	19	15.8	5.3	78.9
Connecticut	50	16.0	8.0	76.0
Middle Atlantic	512	30.1	12.1	57.8
New York	254	31.9	11.4	56.7
New Jersey	131	23.7	13.0	63.4
Pennsylvania	127	33.1	12.6	54.3
East North Central	433	35.1	21.5	43.4
Ohio	111	28.0	23.4	48.6
Indiana	35	62.9	2.9	34.3
Illinois	170	27.1	26.5	46.5
Michigan	96	38.5	19.8	41.7
Wisconsin	21	76.2	9.5	14.3
West North Central	143	62.9	21.0	16.1
Minnesota	12	75.0	25.0	----
Iowa	16	68.8	25.0	6.2
Missouri	58	58.6	19.0	22.4
North Dakota	10	50.0	50.0	----
South Dakota	5	100.0	----	----
Nebraska	15	73.3	13.3	13.3
Kansas	27	55.6	18.5	25.9
South Atlantic	279	43.7	20.4	35.8
Delaware	7	28.6	28.6	42.8
Maryland	56	51.8	10.7	37.5
District of Columbia	7	85.7	14.3	----
Virginia	26	65.4	3.8	30.8
West Virginia	9	22.2	44.4	33.3
North Carolina	13	61.5	38.5	----
South Carolina	7	85.7	14.3	----
Georgia	23	91.3	8.7	----
Florida	131	23.7	26.7	49.6
East South Central	89	56.2	18.0	25.8
Kentucky	33	39.4	39.4	21.2
Tennessee	29	51.7	6.9	41.4
Alabama	11	100.0	----	----
Mississippi	16	68.8	6.2	25.0
West South Central	279	49.8	27.2	22.9
Arkansas	15	80.0	13.3	6.7
Louisiana	23	60.9	21.7	17.4
Oklahoma	40	50.0	27.5	22.5
Texas	201	46.3	28.9	24.9
Mountain	157	43.9	22.9	33.1
Montana	7	28.6	57.1	14.3
Idaho	2	100.0	----	----
Wyoming	3	100.0	----	----
Colorado	39	33.3	7.7	59.0
New Mexico	26	34.6	42.3	23.1
Arizona	49	46.9	22.4	30.6
Utah	15	53.3	13.3	33.3
Nevada	16	56.3	31.3	12.5
Pacific	780	44.2	34.5	21.3
Washington	61	63.9	18.0	18.0
Oregon	33	57.6	9.1	33.3
California	670	41.6	37.2	21.2
Alaska	2	100.0	----	----
Hawaii	14	42.9	42.9	41.3
Outlying areas	63	14.3	12.7	73.0
Guam	----	----	----	----
Puerto Rico	62	12.9	12.9	74.2
Virgin Islands	1	100.0	----	----
Other outlying areas	----	----	----	----

Table EE.—Number and percent of approved independent laboratories, by training of laboratory director and type of procedure approved, 1969

Type of procedure approved	All laboratories		Pathologist		Other physician		Nonphysician	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
All laboratories	2,907	100.0	1,158	100.0	674	100.0	1,075	100.0
Microbiology	2,152	74.0	885	76.4	473	70.2	794	73.9
Serology	2,267	78.0	912	78.8	462	68.5	893	83.1
Clinical chemistry	2,619	90.1	995	85.9	609	90.4	1,015	94.4
Hematology	2,612	89.9	995	85.9	609	90.4	1,008	93.8
Immunohematology	2,084	71.7	872	75.3	422	62.6	790	73.5
Tissue pathology	758	26.1	717	61.9	28	4.2	13	1.2
Exfoliative cytology	903	31.1	800	69.1	73	10.8	30	2.8
All procedures	163	5.6	149	12.9	11	1.6	3	.3

APPROVED REIMBURSABLE TESTS OR PROCEDURES

Laboratories are certified to be reimbursed only for those tests and procedures which the laboratory director or supervisors are qualified to perform. The number of laboratories certified to be reimbursed for "all procedures" in 1969 was 163. This number is considerably smaller than the number shown in the corresponding reports for 1967 and 1968, 724 and 734 respectively. This is due largely to a difference in counting procedures. For the years 1967 and 1968, laboratories were approved for major categories of tests (such as microbiology) if the laboratory was approved for one or more subspecialties within the major classification. A laboratory was approved for "all procedures" if it was certified to perform at least one subspecialty in each of the seven categories of tests and procedures reimbursable under Medicare. Beginning in 1969, laboratories are counted as being approved for "all procedures" only if they are certified to perform all tests in all categories and subcategories.

Since laboratories are certified to be reimbursed only for those laboratory tests and procedures which the laboratory director or supervisors are qualified to perform, not all approved laboratories may perform all of the tests in Medicare's categories of reimbursable tests and procedures. Table EE shows that 6 percent of the 2,907 laboratories were approved for all tests and procedures. Nine out of every 10 laboratories were approved for clinical chemistry and hematology. Tissue pathology and exfoliative cytology were approved for the fewest laboratories—26 percent and 31 percent, respectively.

Thirteen percent of the laboratories directed by pathologists were approved under the program to perform all diagnostic tests and procedures. Only 11 laboratories with directors who were physicians but not pathologists, and three nonphysician-directed laboratories were approved for the performance of all these procedures.

The specific kind of procedures that laboratories were approved to perform also varied with the professional training of their directors. A large percentage of the pathologist-directed laboratories were approved for tissue pathology—62 percent, compared with only 4 percent of the laboratories directed by physicians not pathologists, and 1 percent of those directed by nonphysicians. Approximately the same proportions held true for laboratories approved for exfoliative cytology.

There was also geographic variation in the proportion of laboratories approved for various tests and procedures (table FF). About one-fourth of all participating laboratories in the East South Central States were approved for all reimbursable tests and procedures. Conversely, less than 3 percent were approved for all clinical tests in the New England, Middle Atlantic, East North Central, and Pacific States.

Table FF.—Number and percent of approved independent laboratories, by type of procedure approved and division, 1969

Type of procedure approved	All laboratories	Microbiology	Serology	Clinical chemistry	Hematology	Immunehematology	Tissue pathology	Exfoliative cytology	All procedures
	Percent of total								
All areas	2,907	74.0	78.0	90.1	89.9	71.7	26.1	31.1	5.6
New England	172	56.4	70.9	93.0	93.6	58.7	8.7	15.1	2.3
Middle Atlantic	512	70.5	77.3	89.8	88.5	69.9	19.9	26.6	1.8
East North Central	433	65.1	83.4	91.9	91.9	74.6	24.2	31.4	2.1
West North Central	143	74.8	81.8	89.5	90.2	79.0	52.4	57.3	16.8
South Atlantic	279	73.8	74.6	89.6	90.3	68.8	30.8	35.8	15.8
East South Central	89	75.3	77.5	86.5	85.4	69.7	43.8	46.1	23.6
West South Central	279	84.2	77.8	92.5	92.1	77.1	39.8	42.3	7.2
Mountain	157	72.6	68.8	87.3	87.3	71.3	28.7	32.5	10.2
Pacific	780	80.6	80.0	89.9	89.2	71.5	21.9	26.0	1.7
Outlying areas	63	85.7	71.4	79.4	84.1	79.4	14.3	15.9	4.8

The proportion of laboratories approved for all clinical tests among the various geographic divisions followed closely the proportion of laboratories whose directors were pathologists.

NUMBER OF TECHNICAL STAFF

Medicare regulations for independent laboratory certification also define the duties and qualifications of a technical laboratory staff (other than those of the director).[9] Each laboratory submits an application form, "Request for Approval," (Form SSA–1517, see figure 3) to participate in Medicare. The application provides information on the number of technical personnel employed (expressed in full-time equivalents). This information can be used as a relative indicator of the size and capacity of the laboratory. Such "size" information, relating the number of technical staff to the number of approved laboratories in each State, is shown in the general tables.

Table GG.—Number and percentage distribution of approved independent laboratories by number of technical staff, and training of laboratory director, 1969

Training of laboratory director	All laboratories	Technical staff [1]		
		Total	Physician	Nonphysician
	Number			
All areas	2,907	11,256	987	10,269
Pathologist	1,158	7,008	689	6,319
Other physician	674	2,084	230	1,854
Nonphysician	1,075	2,164	68	2,096
	Percentage distribution			
All areas	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Pathologist	39.8	62.3	69.8	61.5
Other physician	23.2	18.5	23.3	18.1
Nonphysician	37.0	19.2	6.9	20.4

[1] Includes all technical personnel other than directors; expressed in full-time equivalents.

Nationally, approved laboratories employed almost 11,300 technical personnel (full-time equivalents), with an average of 3.9 for each approved laboratory (table GG). The technical staffs for all laboratories averaged about one physician to every 10 nonphysicians. Seventy percent of the physicians were employed in laboratories directed by pathologists. Although these laboratories comprised only 40 percent of all the approved laboratories, they employed 62 percent of the technical staff.

The State distribution shows that the average number of technical staff per laboratory exceeded 10 only in Alabama, Alaska, the District of Columbia, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Carolina. At the other extreme, Maine had none while Massachusetts, New Jersey, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, and Vermont averaged two technical employees per laboratory. More than one-third of the approved laboratories and technical staff were located in three States—California, New York, and Texas. The continental regions with the smallest number of laboratories approved (the North Central States and the South) had the largest number of technical employees per laboratory.

[9] "Conditions for Coverage of Services of Independent Laboratories" (HIR–13), U.S. Social Security Administration.

LEVEL OF CERTIFICATION

Independent laboratories may be approved for participation in the program at the following levels of certification:

1. With no significant deficiencies
2. With correctible deficiencies

Of the 2,907 laboratories approved, 2,337 or 80 percent were found to have no significant deficiencies (table HH). Almost 86 percent of the pathologist-directed laboratories were found to have no significant deficiencies compared to three-fourths of the laboratories directed by nonphysicians.

Table HH.—Number and percentage distribution of approved independent laboratories, by training of laboratory director and level of certification, 1969

Level of certification	All laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Nonphysician
	Number			
All areas	2,907	1,158	674	1,075
No significant deficiencies	2,337	995	545	797
Correctible deficiencies	570	163	129	278
	Percentage distribution			
All areas	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No significant deficiencies	80.4	85.9	80.9	74.1
Correctible deficiencies	19.6	14.1	19.1	25.9

Extended Care Facilities

During calendar year 1969, 5,629 extended care facilities (ECF's) and approximately 377,000 beds in the United States and outlying areas had been certified for participation in the Medicare program. Although the nursing beds in these institutions were available to the general population, the discussion in this report is limited to the distribution of certitfied facilities as they are related to the Medicare population.

Between 1968 and 1969, there was a net gain of 743 ECF's and 38,000 beds. These changes represented a 15-percent increase in the number of insti-

tutions and an 11-percent increase in the number of certified beds (table JJ).

Geographically, the largest net increases in number of facilities and beds was registered in the Pacific States, 211 facilities and 19,000 beds, respectively. All other divisions registered net increases in both facilities and beds, except for the West North Central States where the number of beds decreased by nearly 2,200.

Table JJ.—Number of participating extended care facilities and beds, by division, 1967–69

Division	Facilities			Beds		
	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969
All areas	4,653	4,886	5,629	324,062	339,074	377,269
United States	4,647	4,879	5,620	323,581	338,570	376,881
New England	399	411	417	26,223	26,844	27,655
Middle Atlantic	532	564	658	49,372	52,019	60,613
East North Central	735	762	894	53,705	55,665	60,211
West North Central	430	451	495	22,936	23,668	21,481
South Atlantic	473	497	606	36,599	38,168	42,024
East South Central	223	235	306	14,240	14,872	18,312
West South Central	480	497	551	30,025	31,237	31,472
Mountain	276	287	307	16,385	16,809	16,812
Pacific	1,099	1,175	1,386	74,096	79,288	98,301

Characteristics of Extended Care Facilities

Type of facility.—Just over four-fifths (82 percent) of all certified extended care facilities were skilled nursing facilities (table KK). These contained 86 percent of all certified beds. Most skilled nursing facilities were certified in their entirety and accounted for 56 percent of all certified facilities. Distinct parts of skilled nursing facilities represented an additional 26 percent of the facilities certified for participation under Medicare. Units of hospitals accounted for 14 percent of all ECF's, but only 10 percent of the beds. Other ECF's (4 percent of the total, with a like proportion of beds) comprised units of domiciliary institutions, rehabilitation centers, and the like.

Over 97 percent of the proprietary ECF's consisted of skilled nursing facilities, or a distinct part of such facilities, which contrasts sharply with comparable percentages for voluntary and government-controlled ECF's. Skilled nursing facilities under voluntary sponsorship accounted for about half the total voluntary ECF's and over 37 percent of those under State and local control. Extended care facility units in hospitals accounted for 59 percent of the ECF's under State and local control, compared to 36 percent of the voluntary facilities.

Type of control.—Seventy percent of all participating extended care facilities were controlled by proprietary (or profit-making) organizations, 21 percent by voluntary (nongovernment) organizations, and the remainder by State and local governments (table LL).

The ownership of ECF's that were units of hospitals paralleled that of participating hospitals. A majority (52 percent) were operated by voluntary organizations, and more than one-third were under the control of State or local governments.

In general, proprietary extended care facilities were substantially larger than either voluntary or governmental institutions. Only 10 percent of the

Table KK.—Percentage distribution of participating extended care facilities and beds, by control and type of facility, all areas, 1969

Type of facility	All facilities	Voluntary	Proprietary	State and local
	Facility			
Number	5,629	1,180	3,946	503
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Skilled nursing facility	55.5	28.5	67.6	24.1
Distinct part of skilled nursing facility	26.3	20.6	29.7	13.1
Unit of hospital	14.3	35.8	2.1	59.0
Unit of domiciliary institute	3.4	13.3	0.4	3.0
Other	0.6	1.9	0.2	0.8
	Beds			
Number	377,269	63,595	274,482	39,192
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Skilled nursing facility	68.4	39.4	80.2	33.5
Distinct part of skilled nursing facility	17.7	19.9	18.1	11.1
Unit of hospital	10.0	24.9	1.3	47.1
Unit of domicilirary institute	3.5	14.6	0.3	7.7
Other	0.3	1.1	0.1	0.5

Table LL.—Percentage distribution of participating extended care facilities and beds, by type of facility and control, all areas, 1969

Type of control	All facilities	Skilled nursing facility	Distinct part of skilled nursing facility	Unit of hospital	Unit of domiciliary institution	Other
	Facilities					
Number	5,629	3,124	1,479	803	189	34
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Voluntary	21.0	10.8	16.4	52.5	83.1	64.7
Proprietary	70.1	85.4	79.1	10.5	9.0	23.5
State and local	8.9	3.9	4.5	37.0	7.9	11.8
	Beds					
Number	377,269	258,274	66,769	37,875	13,100	1,251
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Voluntary	16.9	9.7	19.0	41.8	70.8	57.9
Proprietary	72.7	85.2	74.5	9.4	6.0	26.8
State and local	10.4	5.1	6.5	48.8	23.1	15.3

privately-owned facilities had fewer than 25 beds, compared to about one-fourth of the voluntary and State and local government operated facilities (table MM).

Table MM.—Number and percentage distribution of participating extended care facilities by control and bed size, all areas, 1969

Bed size	All facilities	Total	Voluntary	Proprietary	State and local
		Percentage distribution			
All areas	5,629	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 25 beds	817	14.5	25.9	9.8	24.7
25–49	1,565	27.8	33.6	25.7	30.6
50–74	1,419	25.2	20.3	27.8	16.5
75–99	852	15.1	8.4	17.9	8.9
100–149	657	11.7	6.8	13.7	7.4
150–199	198	3.5	3.2	3.5	4.6
200 or more	121	2.1	1.9	1.6	7.4

The median bed siz of proprietary facilities was 63 beds; that for State and local was 46 beds, and voluntary facilities 43 beds (table NN). Geographically, considerable variation in median bed sizes appeared among the various divisions, ranging from 72 beds in the Middle Atlantic States to 34 in the West North Central States. The largest variation in the median bed size, by type of control, occurred among State and local government institutions, where the average in the West North Central States was 25 beds, compared to 149 beds in the Middle Atlantic States. In contrast, median bed size of voluntary facilities ranged from 28 beds in the Mountain States to 54 in the East South Central States.

Table NN.—Median bed size of participating extended care facilities, by control and division, 1969

Division	All facilities	Voluntary	Proprietary	State and local
All areas	58	43	63	46
United States	58	43	63	46
New England	58	42	61	74
Middle Atlantic	72	51	75	149
East North Central	55	46	56	68
West North Central	34	34	38	25
South Atlantic	61	48	65	43
East South Central	58	54	63	38
West South Central	55	49	57	35
Mountain	46	28	59	31
Pacific	64	40	70	42

Bed size.—The percentage of extended care facilities in each geographic division by bed size is shown in table 00. The highest proportion of larger institutions was found in the Middle Atlantic States. In contrast, over two-thirds of the ECF's in the West North Central States and over half in the Mountain States had less than 50 beds.

Professional and technical employees.—A large majority (82 percent) of the participating ECF's were skilled nursing facilities or distinct parts of skilled nursing facilities. These facilities accounted for 87 percent of the total nursing bed capacity. Over three-fourths of the reported registered professional nurses (RPN's), and a like proportion of licensed

Table OO.—Number and percentage distribution of participating extended care facilities by bed size and division, 1969

Division	All facilities	Bed size						
		Less than 25	25–49	50–74	75–99	100–149	150–199	200 or more
		Number						
All areas	5,629	817	1,565	1,419	852	657	198	121
United States	5,620	816	1,559	1,418	851	657	198	121
New England	417	39	137	101	65	59	10	6
Middle Atlantic	658	50	149	147	90	129	46	47
East North Central	894	121	282	230	101	101	37	22
West North Central	495	198	141	86	37	21	8	4
South Atlantic	606	69	159	175	84	83	23	13
East South Central	306	28	93	105	37	34	8	1
West South Central	551	83	152	188	59	58	6	5
Mountain	307	77	90	59	44	28	8	1
Pacific	1,386	151	356	327	334	144	52	22
		Percentage distribution						
All areas	100.0	14.5	27.8	25.2	15.1	11.7	3.5	2.1
United States	100.0	14.5	27.7	25.2	15.1	11.7	3.5	2.2
New England	100.0	9.4	32.8	24.2	15.6	14.1	2.4	1.4
Middle Atlantic	100.0	7.6	22.6	22.3	13.7	19.6	7.0	7.1
East North Central	100.0	13.5	31.5	25.7	11.3	11.3	4.1	2.4
West North Central	100.0	40.0	28.5	17.4	7.5	4.2	1.6	0.8
South Atlantic	100.0	11.4	26.2	28.9	13.9	13.7	3.8	2.1
East South Central	100.0	9.2	30.4	34.3	12.1	11.1	2.6	0.3
West South Central	100.0	15.1	27.6	34.1	10.7	10.5	1.1	0.9
Mountain	100.0	25.1	29.3	19.2	14.3	9.1	2.6	0.3
Pacific	100.0	10.9	25.7	23.6	24.1	10.4	3.8	1.6

Table PP.—Number and percentage distribution of participating extended care facilities and professional and technical employees, by type of facility, 1969

Type of facility	All facilities	Beds	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Physical therapist	Occupational therapist	Speech therapist	Registered pharmacist	Medical social worker	Other social workers
Number	5,629	377,269	27,182	26,118	2,269	905	433	1,555	1,272	1,962
	Percentage distribution									
All facilities	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Skilled nursing facility	55.5	68.4	51.7	52.6	38.5	41.2	47.1	32.9	39.5	46.1
Distinct part of skilled nursing facility	26.3	17.7	25.1	23.8	26.5	28.6	25.4	18.6	27.9	27.0
Unit of hospital	14.3	10.0	17.9	18.7	31.4	24.4	22.4	42.8	24.8	19.7
Other	4.0	3.8	5.2	4.9	3.6	5.6	5.1	5.6	7.9	7.2

practical nurses (LPN's), worked in these facilities (table PP). Extended care units of hospitals, with one-tenth of the skilled nursing beds, employed 18 percent of the RPN's and 19 percent of the LPN's along with a relatively high proportion of other professional and technical employees.

Beds per nurse.—Nationally, ECF's participating in Medicare reported an average of 14 beds for each RPN and a like proportion for each LPN. The West North Central States had the lowest ratio among the geographic divisions with eight nursing beds per RPN (table QQ). At the other end of the scale, facilities in the South Central States had more than 20 beds for each RPN employed.

Table QQ.—Ratio of beds per nurses in participating extended care facilities, by division, 1969

Division	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse
All areass	13.9	14.4
United States	13.9	14.5
New England	8.8	15.2
Middle Atlantic	11.8	12.2
East North Central	13.4	14.4
West North Central	8.1	12.1
South Atlantic	15.5	14.5
East South Central	24.7	11.1
West South Central	22.1	10.0
Mountain	11.8	13.3
Pacific	18.1	22.5

There were also, on the average, 14 beds for each LPN reported by participating extended care facilities. The smallest number of beds per LPN–10–was recorded in the West South Central States and the highest in the Pacific States, with 22 beds per LPN.

Beds per 1,000 Medicare enrollees.—The 5,629 ECF's participating during 1969 provided 19 nursing beds per 1,000 persons enrolled for Medicare in that year. The ratios of nursing beds to the aged population ranged from 6 in Kansas to 49 in California (table 3.19).

Six States had less than 10 beds per 1,000 insured persons while six States had 30 beds or more (table RR). More than half of the State had between 10 and 20 nursing beds per 1,000 enrollees. However, the number of beds available for use by Medicare enrollees depends, in part, on the use of these beds by persons under 65, and by persons 65 and over who have exhausted Medicare benefits.

Table RR.—Percentage distribution of nursing beds in participating extended care facilities per 1,000 enrolled population, July 1, 1969

Nursing beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number of States [1]	Percentage distribution
Total	52	100.0
Less than 5.0	1	1.9
5.0–9.9	5	9.6
10.0–14.9	17	32.7
15.0–19.9	13	25.0
20.0–24.9	10	19.2
25.0–29.9		
30.0 or more	6	11.5

[1] Includes 50 States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico.

Facilities and services.—In addition to skilled nursing services (which all extended care facilities must provide in order to participate), 91 percent also provided recreational activities and about eight out of every 10 provided examination and treatment rooms and physical therapy services. Availability of all services reported, other than nursing, generally varies with the size of the facility. When services and facilities were ranked by their relative frequency, the larger institutions generally had the most comprehensive range of services (table SS).

Christian Science sanatoriums.—Christian Science sanatoriums that are operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston may participate in the Medicare program as both "hospitals and extended care facilities." Payments to Christian Science Sanatoriums cover costs of services ordinarily furnished by these sanatoriums that are comparable to those for which payment is made to extended care facilities in the sense that services in a sanatorium are a substitute for, and not in addition to, medical services that might be furnished a person if his religious beliefs were not contrary to the use of the

Table SS.—Percent of participating extended care facilities reporting specified facilities and services by bed size, all areas, 1969

Facilities and services	All facilities	Bed size						
		Less than 25	25–49	50–74	75–99	100–149	150–199	200 or more
Number	5,629	817	1,565	1,419	852	657	198	121
	Percent							
Nursing	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Recreational activities	91.3	78.3	92.5	93.2	94.2	94.4	96.5	95.9
Examination and treatment room	80.6	77.7	76.9	78.7	83.0	88.0	90.4	96.7
Physical therapy	77.2	71.7	76.3	73.9	78.8	85.4	87.4	94.2
Social services	66.3	51.3	65.3	66.1	69.1	75.0	82.3	87.6
Pharmacy	54.4	57.3	52.1	48.8	55.5	58.0	69.2	76.0
Clinical laboratory	48.1	55.1	47.2	41.0	48.8	49.2	57.6	71.9
X-ray, diagnostic	47.0	54.8	45.8	40.5	46.9	47.2	58.6	68.6
Occupational therapy	38.8	25.0	37.6	35.2	45.7	48.1	55.6	63.6
Speech therapy	35.6	22.4	33.1	32.4	43.0	46.4	51.0	59.5

usual facilities. During 1969, 18 such sanatoriums, distributed in 14 States, were participating.[10]

Level of certification.—Extended care facilities must meet specific requirements in order for their services to qualify for reimbursement under the program. Established in the interest of health and safety, these requirements are essential to maintaining quality care and providing adequate services.

Under these conditions, extended care facilities can be approved for participation in the program at the following levels of certification:

1. With no significant deficiencies
2. With correctible deficiencies.

Only 26 percent of all extended care facilities were found to have no significant deficiencies (table TT). Of the major types of extended care facilities, units of hospitals, and domiciliary institutions were found to have the largest proportion of facilities with no

[10] For distribution of facilities by State, see Christian Science sanatoriums–hospitals, pg.

Sources of the data

SOURCE DOCUMENTS

Data included on the four applications ("Request to Establish Eligibility"—Forms SSA–1514, 1515, 1516, and 1517—figures 1–4, respectively) used by providers to request certification for participation are recorded in central provider records and are updated as facilities are periodically recertified, as changes occur between recertifications (i.e., changes in capacity, services and facilities added or dropped,

Table TT.—Number and percentage distribution of participating extended care facilities and beds, by type of facility and level of certification, all areas, 1969

Level of certification	All facilities	Skilled nursing facility	Distinct part of skilled nursing facility	Unit of hospital	Unit of domiciliary institution	Other
	Number of facilities					
All areas	5,629	3,124	1,479	803	189	34
No significant deficiencies	1,448	633	442	283	67	23
Correctible deficiencies	4,181	2,491	1,037	520	122	11
	Percentage distribution					
All areas	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No significant deficiencies	25.7	20.3	29.9	35.2	35.4	67.6
Correctible deficiencies	74.3	79.7	70.1	64.8	64.6	32.4
	Number of beds					
All areas	377,269	258,274	66,769	37,875	13,100	1,251
No significant deficiencies	96,216	54,725	22,191	13,424	5,112	764
Correctible deficiencies	281,053	203,549	44,578	24,451	7,988	487
	Percentage distribution					
All areas	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No significant deficiencies	25.5	21.2	33.2	35.4	39.0	61.1
Correctible deficiencies	74.5	78.8	66.8	64.6	61.0	38.9

etc.) as new providers apply for participation, or as some leave the program. Upon receipt of these forms in the Social Security Administration's central office, information supplied by the provider describing its characteristics is entered into a master provider of services file. All data shown in the general and text tables of this report are compiled from the information shown on the several "Requests to Establish Eligibility" (figures 1–4) and on the "Certification and Transmittal" (Form SSA–1539, figure 5). The information supplied by each provider includes such items as the State and county in which the facility is located; number of certified beds (in hospitals and extended care facilities); type of control; types of services and facilities; and staff characteristics, including the number of selected categories of medical and paramedical personnel, expressed in full-time equivalents.

When the information in the master provider of services file is combined with utilization data, it serves to relate the characteristics of facilities that provide care to the type and cost of services used by the aged.

Definitions Relating to Hospitals

"Hospital Requests to Establish Eligibility" are completed by all applicant hospitals in accordance with instructions furnished by the Social Security Administration.[11] For some items on the form, familiarity by these respondents with the well-established definitions promulgated by the American Hospital Association was assumed.[12] These definitions and explanations are shown below.

TYPES OF HOSPITALS

Short-stay general and special hospitals.—Includes only those where the average length of stay has been, or is, under 30 days.

Tuberculosis hospitals.—Includes only those hospitals primarily engaged in providing medical services for the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis by or under the supervision of a physician.

Psychiatric hospitals.—Includes only those hospitals primarily engaged in providing psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill persons by or under the supervision of a physician.

Long-stay general and special hospitals.—Includes those hospitals where the average length of stay is 30 days or more. Such hospitals may be general, chronic disease, or special long-stay hospitals. Excluded are those hospitals primarily for the care and treatment of tuberculosis or mental diseases.

Christian Science sanatoriums.—May be considered "hospitals" in respect to such items and services ordinarily furnished by the institution or additionally stipulated by the Secretary in regulations, if operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts. These institutions are not included in the general tables.

Facility for emergency services.—A beneficiary may use a nonparticipating hospital for emergency services where these services are defined as "outpatient" hospital diagnostic services and inpatient hospital services which are necessary to prevent the death or serious impairment of the health of the individual, and which, because of the threat to the life or health of the individual necessitates the use of the most accessible hospital available which is equipped to furnish the services.[13]

Federal hospitals.—By statute, hospitals owned or operated by the Federal Government are excepted from unqualified participation in the program unless the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that a Federal hospital serves as a community institution. During calendar year 1969, there were six participating Federal hospitals in all, one in the District of Columbia, and five in Alaska, all designated as "community" hospitals, and participating fully in the program. Aside from these six facilities, all other Federal hospitals are authorized to provide emergency services only.

HOSPITAL CONTROL

Voluntary-church.—Hospitals whose governing authority is a nonprofit religious organization. For Roman Catholic Hospitals, this organization can be either a nursing order (national or international) or the local ecclesiastical authority, i.e., the local bishop.

Voluntary-other.—Hospitals whose governing authority is a nonprofit organization other than a religious one.

Proprietary.—Hospitals whose governing authority is an individual, partnership, or profit-making corporation.

Government.—Hospitals whose governing authority is a unit of government. The unit may be a State, county, city, city and county government jointly, or a hospital district established by a State agency.

HOSPITAL FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Adult hospital beds.—Includes beds regularly available for use by inpatients. These may be beds in isolation units, quiet rooms, reception and observation units, or any other such bed facilities that are set up and staffed for use by inpatients who have no other bed facility assigned to or reserved for them. Excludes bassinets and pediatric beds, and beds in facilities that are set up and staffed only for patients receiving special procedures for a portion of their stay, or which are used only as holding facilities prior to transfer to another hospital—for example, beds in labor rooms, postanesthesia or postoperative recovery rooms, or psychiatric holding beds.

[11] See the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 20, Chapter III, Part 405, "Conditions of Participation: Hospitals" (HIR–10), Social Security Administration.

[12] See "Instructions for Completing Annual Survey of Hospitals Registered by the American Hospital Association, 1969," *Hospitals* (Journal of the American Hospital Association), Guide Issue, August 1, 1970.

[13] See Section C5632, *State Operations Manual,* (HIM–7), U.S. Social Security Administration.

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Blood bank.—Facility responsible for the drawing and processing of blood from donors, the typing and compatibility procedures, the titering of antibodies, the manufacture of blood products, and the transfusion service. May also include examination concerned with genetic application of the blood group system.

Clinical laboratory.—Laboratory responsible for tests and procedures in the fields of microbiology, serology, clinical chemistry, hematology, and immunohematology.

Pathology laboratory.—Laboratory responsible for tests and procedures in the fields of tissue pathology, exfoliative cytology, and autopsies.

Electrocardiograph.—An instrument for making electrocardiograms, which are graphic tracings of the electric current produced by the contraction of the heart muscle and transmitted from a normal nodal base or from extranode foci.

Electroencephalograph.—An instrument used for the recording of the electric currents developed in the brain, by means of electrodes applied to the scalp, to the surface of the brain, or placed within the substance of the brain.

Pharmacy.—A drug dispensary under the jurisdiction of a registered pharmacist regularly employed by the hospital.

Occupational therapy department.—Organized facilities and services of the hospital for the provision of occupational therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of qualified occupational therapist.

Physical therapy department.—Occupational facilities and services at the hospital to provide physical therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of a qualified physical therapist.

Intensive care unit.—A special area within a hospital for the treatment of critically ill patients who are under constant surveillance with emergency techniques and equipment immediately available. This unit is staffed by medical and paramedical personnel especially trained and selected for this unit.

Organized outpatient department.—Organized facilities and services of the hospital for the provision of medical care, including diagnosis or treatment, or both, primarily for ambulatory patients.

Emergency department.—Organized facilities and services of the hospital for the provision of emergency outpatient services for conditions considered to require immediate care. Unit must be staffed 24 hours a day.

Home care program.—An organized hospital program with facilities and services for the provision of treatment services to patients in their place of residence.

Operating room.—The suite or suites where surgical procedures are performed. Includes equipment such as heart pumps, cardiac monitors, and other ancillary equipment required to evaluate patients' tolerance to surgery.

Postoperative recovery room.—A separate facility used exclusively to monitor patients recovering from anesthesia or to observe patients for postsurgical return to physiological stability. If these functions are combined with 24-hour intensive care, the facility is not a postoperative recovery room.

Medical social service department.—Organized facilities and services for the provision of social services, under the direction of a qualified medical social worker.

X-ray diagnostic.—Use of radiographic and fluoroscopic equipment for the recognition and identification of internal conditions in a patient.

Radioactive isotope facility.—A facility where artificial and radioactive substances are used by physicians in the diagnosis and treatment of disease.

Cobalt and radium therapy.—Use of cobalt and natural radium therapy units by physicians in the controlled treatment of disease.

Psychiatric inpatient care unit.—A specific section, ward, wing, floor, or separate building devoted primarily to the care of psychiatric inpatients.

Rehabilitation unit.—A unit that has as its primary objective the restoration of a patient to an optimal level of function through physical and restorative methods.

Extended care unit.—A component in a hospital, where medical care of an intensity less than that required in the hospital proper but including 24-hour skilled nursing service and other therapeutic services, is required for the level of care appropriate to the status of the patient as he is recovering.

Other services or facilities.—May include newly emerging services or facilities, such as self-care units, units for renal dialysis, open heart surgery, etc.

HOSPITAL ACCREDITATION AND AFFILIATION

Accreditation by JCAH.—The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals (JCAH) evaluates hospitals for conformance to standards of accreditation.

The Congress included a statutory condition in the Act whereby accreditation by the Joint Commission was deemed equivalent to meeting all the conditions for participation except the special conditions restricted only to tuberculosis and psychiatric hospitals, and to all applicant hospitals with regard to the conditions for utilization review.

Accreditation by AOA.—The American Osteopathic Association (AOA) evaluates osteopathic hospitals for conformance to standards of accreditation comparable to the functions of the JCAH. Effective January 1, 1967, AOA accreditation operations and findings were deemed identical to those of the JCAH with respect to eligibility in the program.

Affiliation with a medical school.—A number of licensed medical schools maintain and staff component hospitals to provide the full complement of clinic training. In addition, other major hospitals have established affiliation agreements with medical schools where the hospitals have been selected by medical schools to serve as "major units" in the schools' teach-

ing programs. These two categories of hospitals are categorized as "affiliated."

Approved intern program.—Includes hospitals with intern programs approved by any one of the following: American Medical Association, American Dental Association, or the American Osteopathic Association.

Approved resident program.—Includes hospitals offering approved residencies in the clinical divisions of medicine, surgery, and other special fields to provide advanced training in preparation for the practice of a specialty following internship.

Definitions Relating to Home Health Agencies

TYPES OF AGENCIES

The several different kinds of home health agencies most commonly participating under the Medicare program are defined below.

Visiting nurse association.—A voluntary, nonofficial agency administered by a citizens' group, usually supported by earnings and/or contributions.

Combination government and voluntary agency.—An agency jointly administered by a voluntary group and a government agency, and supported by both tax funds and contributions. Such a home health agency is usually one jointly administered by a State or local health department and a visiting nurse association.

Official health agency.—An agency administered by a State, county, or other local unit of government, supported by tax funds.

Hospital-based agency.—An agency administered by a hospital, supported by taxes and/or community funds.

Other agencies.—Groups other than visiting nurse associations, combination government and voluntary agencies, official health agencies, or hospital-based agencies, that administer organized programs. Such agencies might include those that are rehabilitation facility-based, extended care facility-based, industrial, proprietary, or other home care programs.

TYPES OF REIMBURSABLE SERVICES

The types of reimbursable services are defined in the following paragraphs.

Skilled nursing service.—Professional nursing service provided by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse, currently licensed by the State, in accordnace with the orders of a physician.

Physical therapy.—Service provided by or under the supervision of a qualified physical therapist in accordance with a physician's orders. A qualified physical therapist is a graduate of a program in physical therapy approved by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association in collaboration with the American Physical Therapy Association, or one who has had equivalent training. Where applicable, the therapist is licensed or registered by the State.

Speech therapy.—Speech pathology or audiology provided by or under the supervision of a qualified speech therapist in accordance with a physician's orders. A qualified speech therapist is a person who has been certified by the American Speech and Hearing Association, or one who has completed the academic requirements and is in the process of accumulating the necessary supervised work experience needed for such certification.

Occupational therapy.—Service provided by or under the supervision of a qualified occupational therapist in accordance with a physician's orders. A qualified occupatoinal therapist is one who is registered by the American Occupational Therapy Association or who has been graduated from a program in such therapy approved by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association in collaboration with the American Occupational Therapy Association.

Medical social services.—Services provided by or under the supervision of a qualified medical social worker in accordance with a physician's orders. Qualified medical social workers are graduates of a school of social work accredited by the Council of Social Work Education and have had social work experience in a hospital, outpatient clinic, medical rehabilitation, or medical care program.

Home health aide services.—Services directed toward the personal care of the patient provided under the supervision of a registered professional nurse or, if appropriate, a physical, speech, or occupational therapist in accordance with the orders of a physician.

Services of interns and residents.—Medical services provided by interns and residents in training, which under an approved hospital teaching program may be reimbursed, provided the home health agency is affiliated or under common control of a hospital with an approved teaching program.

Appliances and equipment.—Medical appliances and items of equipment (except drugs and biologicals) owned or rented by the home health agency and required by the patient to facilitate his treatment and rehabilitation.

PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL

Includes all professional and technical personnel employed by home health agencies. Figures are expressed in full-time equivalents.

Definitions Relating to Independent Laboratories

REIMBURSABLE TESTS AND PROCEDURES

Payment can be made for the seven classes of laboratory tests and procedures listed below:

Microbiology.—Identification of micro-organisms that cause disease in human beings.

Serology.—Examination of the sera (liquid) component of blood, to determine whether antibodies of certain diseases identifiable through blood analysis are present.

Clinical chemistry.—Examination of the chemical properties of specimens (usually blood) to determine the presence of abnormal substances or to determine pathological amounts of "normal" components of the human organism.

Hematology.—Examination of the cellular structures of the blood and bone marrow to identify and classify such diseases as anemias, leukemias, and blood-clotting disorders.

Immunohematology.—Examination of immune bodies in blood by (a) blood group typing, (b) Rh studies, and (c) cross-matching of blood for transfusions.

Tissue pathology.—Examination of abnormal characteristics of human tissue; for example, detection of cancer by the use of biopsy, etc. Tissue is analyzed using both gross and microscopic procedures.

Exfoliative cytology.—Examination of cells which detach themselves from the linings of passages in the body.

PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL

Includes all professional and technical personnel other than laboratory directors. Figures are expressed in full-time equivalents.

Definitions Relating to Extended Care Facilities

TYPES OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES

Skilled nursing facilities.—Institutions certified in their entirety to provide skilled nursing care or rehabilitation services under the Medicare program.

Distinct part of skilled nursing facility.—Skilled nursing facilities certified only in part for participation in the program.

Unit of hospital.—Distinct parts of hospitals, such as a ward or wing, in which the primary objective is providing skilled nursing or rehabilitation services.

Units of domiciliary institutions.—Distinct parts of domiciliary institutions in which the primary objective is providing skilled nursing or rehabilitation services.

Other.—Distinct parts of rehabilitation centers in which the primary objective is providing skilled nursing rehabilitation services.

Christian Science sanatoriums.—May be considered "extended care facilities" with respect to such items and services ordinarily furnished by the institution or additionally stipulated by the Secretary in regulations, if operated or listed and certified by the First Church of Christ Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts.

CONTROL OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES

Voluntary-church.—Facilities whose governing authority is a nonprofit religious organization.

Voluntary-other.—Facilities whose governing authority is a nonprofit organization other than a religious one.

Proprietary.—Facilities whose governing authority is an individual, partnership, or profit-making corporation.

Government.—Facilities whose governing authority is a unit of government. The unit may be a State, county, or city, or a city and county government jointly.

EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Nursing beds.—Includes beds regularly available for use by inpatients receiving skilled nursing care and related services or rehabilitation services under the supervision of at least one physician and one registered nurse, with 24-hour nursing service. For extended care facilities only nursing beds can be certified for participation in the program. Beds available for patients receiving custodial care, which is designed to assist an individual in meeting his activities of daily living, and does not require the attention of medical or allied health personnel, cannot be certified for participation.

Nursing.—Organized facilities and 24-hour nursing services provided by qualified nursing personnel of sufficient numbers and categories to meet the nursing needs of patients, with at least one registered professional nurse employed full time and responsible for the total nursing service.

Physical therapy department.—Organized facilities and services at the institution or by arrangement with an appropriate institution for the provision of physical therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of a qualified physical therapist.

Occupational therapy department.—Organized facilities and services at the institution or by arrangement with an appropriate institution for the provision of occupational therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of a qualified occupational therapist.

Speech therapy services.—Organized facilities and services at the institution or by arrangement with an appropriate institution for the provision of speech therapy services prescribed by physicians and administered by or under the direction of a qualified speech therapist.

Social service departments.—Organized facilities and services at the institution or by arrangement with an appropriate institution for the provision of social services under the direction of a qualified social worker.

Recreational activities.—Organized facilities and services suited to the needs and interest of patients to encuorage restoration to self-care and resumption of normal activities, directed by an individual who has training or experience in group activities, or has available consultation from a qualified recreational therapist or group activity leader.

Pharmacy.—Facilities and services at the institution or by arrangement with an appropriate institution which provide appropriate methods for the obtaining, dispensing, and administering of drugs and

biologicals, developed with the advice of a staff or consultative pharmacist, or a pharmaceutical advisory committee which includes one or more licensed pharmacists.

Clinical laboratory.—Laboratory responsible for tests and procedures in the fields of microbiology, serology, clinical chemistry, hematology, and immunohematology.

X-ray, diagnostic.—Use of radiographic and fluoroscopic equipment for the recognition and identification of internal conditions in a patient.

Examination or treatment room.—An organized unit of an institution with facilities and personnel to aid physicians in the diagnosis and treatment of patients through the performance of diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL

Includes all professional and technical personnel employed by extended care facilities. Figures are expressed in full-time equivalents.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Form approved.
Budget Bureau No. 72–R0717

HOSPITAL REQUEST TO ESTABLISH ELIGIBILITY IN THE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THE AGED PROGRAM

All hospitals desiring to establish their eligibility in the health insurance program should complete this form and return it to the State agency that is handling the certification process. If a return envelope is not provided, the name and address of the State agency may be obtained from the nearest Social Security Administration office.

Hospitals accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or American Osteopathic Association will be considered to meet all of the Conditions for Participation in the program with the added requirement of having a utilization review plan.

SUBMISSION OF THIS FORM AND ESTABLISHING ELIGIBILITY DOES NOT OBLIGATE A HOSPITAL TO PARTICIPATE. AN AGREEMENT WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION AT A LATER DATE TO HOSPITALS WHO HAVE ESTABLISHED ELIGIBILITY. THERE IS NO COMMITMENT UNTIL THE AGREEMENT IS SIGNED.

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE
PROVIDER NUMBER
S/C
SMSA
PHS REGION
DO
DATE CERTIFIED
CERTIFICATION

I. Identifying Information

NAME OF HOSPITAL	STREET ADDRESS	
CITY, COUNTY, AND STATE	ZIP CODE	TELEPHONE NUMBER *(including area code)*
NAME OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER	TITLE	
NAME AND ADDRESS OF PARENT INSTITUTION *(If applicable)*		

II. Licensure

1 ☐ Licensed or approved as a hospital by a state or local Government Agency
NAME OF AGENCY

LICENSE EFFECTIVE: BEGINNING DATE | THRU DATE

2 ☐ No license or approval required

III. JCAH or AOA Accreditation

A. Osteopathic Hospitals Only:	B. All Hospitals Other Than Osteopathic:
AOA Accreditation ☐ YES ☐ NO	JCAH Accreditation ☐ YES ☐ NO

C. IF NO, CHECK ONE

A. ☐ ACCREDITATION PENDING B. ☐ ACCREDITATION REFUSED C. ☐ NEVER APPLIED

IV. Utilization Review Plan

A. Does the hospital have a Utilization Review Plan in effect at present? 1 ☐ YES 2 ☐ NO

B. If "Yes," Utilization Review to be made by:

1 ☐ Committee(s) of Hospital Medical Staff
2 ☐ Group outside the Hospital established by Local Medical Society
3 ☐ Other *(Specify)* _____

IF YES, PLEASE ATTACH A COPY OR TENTATIVE DESCRIPTION OF YOUR UTILIZATION REVIEW PLAN.

V. Type of Hospital *(Check one that most accurately describes)*

1 ☐ General–Short Term	4 ☐ Psychiatric	7 ☐ Specialty–Long Term
2 ☐ General–Long Term	5 ☐ Chronic Disease	8 ☐ Christian Science Sanitorium
3 ☐ Tuberculosis	6 ☐ Specialty–Short Term	9 ☐ Other *(Specify)* _____

FORM **SSA-1514** (10-69)

VI. Type of Control (Check one)

Voluntary Non-Profit
- 1 ☐ Church
- 2 ☐ Other (Specify) _____

Proprietary 3 ☐

Government (Non-Federal)
- 4 ☐ State
- 5 ☐ County
- 6 ☐ City
- 7 ☐ City–County
- 8 ☐ Hospital District

Government (Federal)
- 9 ☐ Specify Agency _____

VII. Facilities and Services Available on the Premises (Check all applicable)

01 ☐ Blood Bank	10 ☐ Organized Outpatient Dept.	19 ☐ Psychiatric Inpatient Care Unit
02 ☐ Clinical Laboratory	11 ☐ Emergency Department	20 ☐ Rehabilitation Unit
03 ☐ Pathology Laboratory	12 ☐ Home Care Program	21 ☐ Extended Care Unit
04 ☐ Electrocardiograph	13 ☐ Operating Room	22 ☐ Renal Dialysis
05 ☐ Electroencephalograph	14 ☐ Post-Operative Recovery Room	23 ☐ Open Heart Surgery
06 ☐ Pharmacy	15 ☐ Medical Social Service Dept.	24 ☐ Coronary Care Unit
07 ☐ Occupational Therapy Dept.	16 ☐ X-Ray, Diagnostic	25 ☐ Other
08 ☐ Physical Therapy Dept.	17 ☐ Radioactive Isotope Facility	_____
09 ☐ Intensive Care Unit	18 ☐ Cobalt and Radium Therapy	_____

VIII. Bed Capacity

A. TOTAL ADULT BEDS *(If DP, show only DP beds)*

B. TYPE OF ACCOMODATIONS *(List total beds in each category)*

1. Private _____ 2. Semi-Private _____ 3. Wards _____

IX. Bed Occupancy

(Average daily census for month preceding date of completion of SSA-1514)

A. TOTAL OCCUPIED BEDS

B. TYPE OF ACCOMMODATIONS *(List total occupied beds in each category)*

1. Private _____ 2. Semi-Private _____ 3. Wards _____

X. Number of Medical Staff Members

A. ACTIVE	B. CONSULTING	C. HONORARY
D. ASSOCIATE	E. COURTESY	F. INTERNS-IN-TRAINING
G. RESIDENTS-IN-TRAINING	H. OTHER	

XI. Number of Employees (Full Time Equivalents)

A. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES	B. LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSES	C. REGISTERED PHARMACISTS	
D. REGISTERED OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS	E. QUALIFIED PHYSICAL THERAPISTS	F. QUALIFIED MEDICAL SOCIAL WORKERS	
G. OTHER SOCIAL WORK PERSONNEL	H. REGISTERED MEDICAL RECORDS LIBRARIAN	I. DIETITIAN	J. OTHER

XII. Training Programs

A. AFFILIATED WITH A MEDICAL SCHOOL
- 1 ☐ Major
- 2 ☐ Limited
- 3 ☐ Graduate
- 4 ☐ No Affiliation

B. INTERN PROGRAM APPROVED BY:
- 1 ☐ American Medical Association
- 2 ☐ American Dental Association
- 3 ☐ American Osteopathic Association
- 4 ☐ No Intern Program

C. NUMBER OF RESIDENT PROGRAMS APPROVED BY:
- 1 American Medical Association
- 2 American Dental Association
- 3 American Osteopathic Association
- 4 ☐ Check if no resident program

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL	TITLE	DATE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Form Approved.
Budget Bureau No. 72-R726

HOME HEALTH AGENCY REQUEST TO ESTABLISH ELIGIBILITY IN THE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THE AGED PROGRAM

All home health agencies desiring to establish their eligibility in the health insurance program should complete this form and return it to the State agency that is handling the certification process. If a return envelope is not provided, the name and address of the State agency may be obtained from the nearest Social Security Administration district office.

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE
PROVIDER NUMBER
S/C
SMSA
DO
PHS
DATE CERTIFIED
CERTIFICATION

I. Identifying Information

A. NAME OF AGENCY	STREET ADDRESS	
CITY, COUNTY, AND STATE	ZIP CODE	TELEPHONE NO. *(Including area code)*
NAME OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER	TITLE	

B. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PARENT INSTITUTION *(If applicable)*

C. DESIGNATE GEOGRAPHIC AREA COVERED BY AGENCY OPERATION *(e.g., entire county or specific portions thereof, entire city or specific portions thereof, combination county-city or specific portions thereof, and multi-county or specific portions thereof)*

II. Type of Home Heolth Agency (Check one)

1 ☐ Visiting Nurse Association
2 ☐ Combination Government and Voluntary Agency
3 ☐ Official Health Agency
4 ☐ Rehabilitation Facility Based Program
5 ☐ Hospital Based Program
6 ☐ Extended Care Facility Based Program
7 ☐ Proprietary
8 ☐ Other *(Specify)* _____

III. Type of Control (Check one)

01 ☐ Voluntary Non-Profit Other Than Church
02 ☐ Voluntary Non-Profit Church
03 ☐ State Health Department
04 ☐ State Welfare Department
05 ☐ Other State Departments
06 ☐ City or County Health Department
07 ☐ City or County Welfare Department
08 ☐ Other City or County Departments
09 ☐ Combination Govt. and Voluntary
10 ☐ Proprietary
11 ☐ Other *(Specify)* _____

IV. Services Provided by Agency Stoff or Under Arrongements (Check oll opplicoble)

01 ☐ Nursing Care
02 ☐ Physical Therapy
03 ☐ Occupational Therapy
04 ☐ Speech Therapy
05 ☐ Medical Social Services
06 ☐ Home Health Aide—Homemaker Service
07 ☐ Interns and Residents
08 ☐ Nutritional Guidance
09 ☐ Pharmaceutical Service
10 ☐ Applicances and Equipment Service
11 ☐ Vocational Guidance
12 ☐ Other *(Specify)* _____

Some of these services are not reimbursable under the Health Insurance Program. See the Conditions of Participation for those services which are reimbursable.

V. Physicions

NUMBER OF PHYSICIANS ON THE MEDICAL STAFF *(Exclude members of advisory group unless also on medical staff)*

VI. Number of Employees on the Agcy. Stoff (Full-Time Equivolents)

A. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES	B. LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSES	C. QUALIFIED PHYSICAL THERAPISTS	D. QUALIFIED OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS
E. QUALIFIED SPEECH THERAPISTS	F. HOME HEALTH AIDES	G. QUALIFIED MEDICAL SOCIAL WORKERS	H. ALL OTHERS

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL	TITLE	DATE

FORM SSA-1515 (9-68)

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Form Approved.
Budget Bureau No. 72-R0727

EXTENDED CARE FACILITY REQUEST TO ESTABLISH ELIGIBILITY IN THE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THE AGED PROGRAM

All extended care facilities desiring to establish their eligibility in the health insurance program should complete this form and return it to the State agency that is handling the certification process. If a return envelope is not provided, the name and address of the State agency may be obtained from the nearest Social Security Administration district office.

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE
PROVIDER NUMBER
S/C
SMSA
PHS REGION
DO
DATE CERTIFIED
CERTIFICATION

I. Identifying Information

NAME OF FACILITY

STREET ADDRESS

CITY, COUNTY, AND STATE

ZIP CODE

TELEPHONE NUMBER *(Including Area Code)*

NAME OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

TITLE

II. Licensure

1 ☐ Licensed or approved as _____ by a state or local government agency

Name of agency _____

License effective: Beginning Date _____ Thru Date _____

2 ☐ No license or approval required

III. Transfer Agreement

Does the facility have a written agreement in effect with any hospital for the transfer of patients and medical and other information between the institutions?

1 ☐ Yes *(If "Yes," please attach a copy of the written agreement)*

2 ☐ No *(If "No," complete 3 or 4 below)*

Has an attempt been made to enter into such an agreement?

3 ☐ Yes *(If "Yes," please attach a description of attempts made to enter into an agreement)*

4 ☐ No

IV. Utilization Review Plan

Does the extended care facility have a Utilization Review Plan in effect at present?

1 ☐ Yes

2 ☐ No

If "Yes," Utilization Review to be made by:

3 ☐ Committee(s) of Extended Care Facility Medical Staff

4 ☐ Group outside the Extended Care Facility established by Local Medical Society

5 ☐ Other

PLEASE ATTACH A COPY OR TENTATIVE DESCRIPTION OF YOUR UTILIZATION REVIEW PLAN, IF AVAILABLE.

V. Mental or TB

Is the facility primarily for the care of patients with tuberculosis or mental disease?

1 ☐ Yes

2 ☐ No

FORM SSA-1516 (8-68)

VI. Nursing

Does the facility provide 24 hour nursing service?

1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No

Is at least one registered professional nurse employed full time?

3 ☐ Yes 4 ☐ No

VII. Type of Facility (Check one)

1 ☐ Skilled Nursing Facility
2 ☐ Extended Care Unit of Hospital
3 ☐ Extended Care Unit of Rehabilitation Center
4 ☐ Extended Care Unit of Domiciliary Institution
5 ☐ Distinct part of Skilled Nursing Facility
6 ☐ Christian Science Sanatorium
7 ☐ Other *(Specify)*

VIII. Type of Control (Check one)

Voluntary Non-Profit
1 ☐ Church
2 ☐ Other *(Specify)*

Proprietary
3 ☐

Government *(Non-Federal)*
4 ☐ State
5 ☐ County
6 ☐ City
7 ☐ City-County
8 ☐ Hospital District
9 ☐ Other *(Specify)*

IX. Services Provided to Patients in Facility, Distinct Port, or Unit

01 ☐ Nursing
02 ☐ Physical Therapy
03 ☐ Occupational Therapy
04 ☐ Speech Therapy
05 ☐ Social Services
06 ☐ Recreational Activities
07 ☐ Pharmacy
08 ☐ Clinical Laboratory
09 ☐ X-ray, Diagnostic
10 ☐ Examination and Treatment Room
11 ☐ Dentistry*
12 ☐ Podiatry*
13 ☐ Ophthalmology*
14 ☐ Other *(Specify)*

*Generally not covered under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act.

X. Physicians

NUMBER OF PHYSICIANS ON THE MEDICAL STAFF OF FACILITY (ITEM VII)

XI. Number of Employees of Facility, Distinct Port, or Unit *(Full-Time Equivalents)*

1. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES	2. LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSES	3. QUALIFIED PHYSICAL THERAPISTS
4. QUALIFIED OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS	5. QUALIFIED SPEECH THERAPISTS	6. LICENSED PHARMACISTS
7. QUALIFIED SOCIAL WORKERS	8. OTHER SOCIAL WORK PERSONNEL	9. ALL OTHERS

XII. Bed Capacity and Occupancy

Answer all items if participation is requested for distinct part or extended care unit of entire facility. If participation is requested for entire facility answer only 1 and 3.

1. ENTIRE FACILITY NUMBER OF BEDS	2. DISTINCT PART OR EXTENDED CARE UNIT NUMBER OF BEDS
3. NUMBER OCCUPIED (ENTIRE FACILITY)	4. NUMBER OCCUPIED (DISTINCT PART OR EXTENDED CARE UNIT)

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL

TITLE | DATE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Form Approved.
Budget Bureau No. 72-R731

REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORY UNDER THE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THE AGED PROGRAM

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE
PROVIDER NUMBER
SC
SMSA
PHS
DO
DATE CERTIFIED
CERTIFICATION

All independent laboratories desiring to establish the coverage of their services under the Health Insurance Program should complete this form and return it to the State agency that is handling the certification process. The filing of this request will initiate the process of obtaining a decision as to whether the services provided by the laboratory are covered. Please answer all questions as of the current date. Return the first three copies to the State agency in the envelope provided; retain the fourth copy for your files. If a return envelope is not provided, the name and address of the State agency may be obtained from the nearest Social Security Administration district office.

An independent laboratory requesting coverage of its services for beneficiaries under the Medicare program understands that, if approval is granted, it will perform tests for beneficiaries only in the specialties or subspecialties for which it is approved.

I. Identifying Information

NAME OF LABORATORY

STREET ADDRESS

CITY, COUNTY, AND STATE

ZIP CODE

TELEPHONE NUMBER *(Including area code)*

NAME OF DIRECTOR

NAME OF CODIRECTOR OR ACTING DIRECTOR IN DIRECTORS ABSENCE

II. Professional Qualifications (See Instructions)

A. DIRECTOR

1. ☐ PATHOLOGIST 3. ☐ Ph.D./Sc.D. 5. ☐ B.S./B.A.
2. ☐ PHYSICIAN *(Non-pathologist)* 4. ☐ M.S./M.A. 6. ☐ OTHER

B. CODIRECTOR OR ACTING DIRECTOR

1. ☐ PATHOLOGIST 3. ☐ Ph.D./Sc.D. 5. ☐ B.S./B.A.
2. ☐ PHYSICIAN *(Non-pathologist)* 4. ☐ M.S./M.A. 6. ☐ OTHER

III. Licensure

A. ☐ LICENSED OR REGISTERED AS A LABORATORY BY FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY. *(Name of agency)*

LICENSE EFFECTIVE — FROM: — TO:

B. ☐ NO LICENSE OR REGISTRATION REQUIRED

IV. Type of Ownership or Control

1. ☐ PRIVATE 3. ☐ CITY 5. ☐ CITY-COUNTY
2. ☐ STATE 4. ☐ COUNTY 6. ☐ OTHER *(Specify)*

V. Number of Personnel Excluding Director *(Full Time Equivalent See Instructions)*

A. NUMBER OF SUPERVISORS

1 PATHOLOGISTS: a. CLINICAL ONLY | b. ANATOMICAL ONLY | c. BOTH
2. PHYSICIAN *(Non-pathologist)*
3. Ph. D./Sc.D | 4. M.S./M.A. | 5. B.S./B.A. | 6. OTHER

B. NO. OF NONSUPERVISORY PHYSICIANS

C. NO. OF NONSUPERVISORY Ph.D. OR Sc.D.

D. NUMBER OF TECHNOLOGISTS
1. B.S./B.A. *(or higher)* | 2. OTHER

E. NUMBER OF TECHNICIANS
1. COLLEGE-60 SEMESTER HOURS OR MORE | 2. COLLEGE-LESS THAN 60 SEMESTER HOURS | 3. HIGH SCHOOL | 4. OTHER

VI. Laboratory Tests or Procedures

100 ☐ MICROBIOLOGY
110 ☐ BACTERIOLOGY
120 ☐ MYCOLOGY
130 ☐ PARASITOLOGY
140 ☐ VIROLOGY
150 ☐ OTHER

200 ☐ SEROLOGY
210 ☐ SYPHILIS
220 ☐ OTHER
300 ☐ CHEMISTRY
310 ☐ ROUTINE
320 ☐ CLINICAL MICROSCOPY
330 ☐ OTHER

400 ☐ HEMATOLOGY
500 ☐ IMMUNOHEMATOLOGY
510 ☐ BLOOD GROUP & Rh
520 ☐ Rh TITERS
530 ☐ CROSS MATCHING
540 ☐ OTHER

600 ☐ PATHOLOGY
610 ☐ TISSUE
620 ☐ ORAL
700 ☐ DIAGNOSTIC CYTOLOGY
800 ☐ RADIOBIOASSAY

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL | TITLE | DATE

FORM SSA-1517 (1-70)

1. ORIGINAL

Form Approved
Budget Bureau No. 72-R0725

CERTIFICATION AND TRANSMITTAL

PROVIDER NUMBER

TO BE COMPLETED BY STATE AGENCY

1. NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY

2. TYPE OF FACILITY
(a) ☐ Gen. Hosp. (d) ☐ ECF (g) ☐ Portable X-ray
(b) ☐ Psych. Hosp. (e) ☐ HHA
(c) ☐ TB Hosp. (f) ☐ Independent Lab. (h) ☐ Outpatient Physical Therapy

3. TO:
BHI Regional Representative
Regional Office,

4. TYPE OF ACTION
(a) ☐ Initial (c) ☐ Reconsideration
(b) ☐ Recertification (d) ☐ Change of Ownership

5. DATE OF APPLICATION

6. STATE

7. PURSUANT TO PROVISIONS OF SEC. 1864 OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT, AND UPON CONSIDERATION OF ALL FACTS, THE FACILITY IS CERTIFIED AS:
(a) ☐ In substantial compliance with the conditions of participation (with no significant deficiencies)
(b) ☐ In substantial compliance with the conditians of participation (with correctable deficiencies)
(c) ☐ Meeting the conditions for special certification (limited access)
(d) ☐ Not (or no longer) in compliance with conditions of participation or the requirements far special certificatian (limited access).

8. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ON HOSPITALS AND ECF'S NOT IN COMPLIANCE
(a)(1) ☐ Hospital meets emergency services hospital definitions
(2) ☐ Does not meet
(b)(1) ☐ Facility meets 1861(e)(1) – Definition of hospital
(2) ☐ Does not meet
(c)(1) ☐ Facility meets 1861(j)(1)–Definition of ECF
(2) ☐ Does not meet
(3) ☐ See attached SSA-1539(a)

9. "DISTINCT PART" CERTIFICATIONS
(a) Beds certified | (b) Beds prev. certified

10. ACCREDITATION VERIFIED
(a) ☐ JCAH (b) ☐ AOA

11. RECERTIFICATIONS *(Change in accreditation status only)* (a) ☐ Accredited
(b) ☐ Last JCAH accreditation — (c) ☐ Lost AOA accreditation

12. RECOMMENDED RESURVEY DATE

13. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION WITH SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES *(Circle)*
(Complete when items 7b, 7c, or 7d are checked.)
I II III IV V VI VII VIII IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV
XVI XVII XVIII XIX XX XXI XXII XXIII XXIV XXV

14. EVIDENCE AND REASONING *(Include results of consultatian)*

☐ CONT. ON ATTACHED SHEET

15. PREPARED BY	16. DATE	17. REVIEWED BY	18. DATE
TITLE		TITLE	

TO BE COMPLETED BY REGIONAL OFFICE

19. DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY
(a) ☐ Facility is eligible to participate
(b) ☐ Facility is not (or na longer) eligible ta participate

20. ☐ Facility is in campliance with Title VI of Civil Rights Act

21. EFFECTIVE DATE OF:
(a) Participatian | (b) Termination | (c) Emergency Services

22. RO ACTIONS
(a) ☐ Valuntary Termination (b) ☐ Other *(Specify)*

23. INTERMEDIARY NUMBER

24. REMARKS:

25. PHS REVIEWER *(Where applicable)*	26. DATE	27. DETERMINATION APPROVED	28. DATE

FORM SSA-1539 (7-68)

Department of Health, Education, and Welfare
Social Security Administration

DIVISION OF STATE OPERATIONS

Provisions of the Law

The health insurance program for the aged, commonly called Medicare, was enacted on July 30, 1965, as Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, and became effective on July 1, 1966. The program, a part of the 1965 amendments (Public Law 89–97), makes available two separate but coordinated insurance coverages—hospital insurance, covering nearly all persons aged 65 and over, and supplementary medical insurance, covering those persons in this age group who enroll voluntarily and pay the premium. Changes in the program, effective in 1968, were incorporated in the 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act (Public Law 90–248), enacted on January 2, 1968.

Hospital Insurance Program

The hospital insurance program (Part A of Medicare) pays for a large portion of the costs of hospital and related post-hospital services. It is financed on a self–supporting basis through a tax on a portion of current earnings, paid by employees, employers, and self–employed persons. The proceeds of this tax are placed in the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, from which reimbursements for benefits and administrative expenses incurred under the program are paid. The trust fund is reimbursed from general tax revenues for the costs of providing coverage for persons who qualify for hospital insurance but who are not eligible for monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits.

Inpatient hospital benefits.—The program covers the cost of covered services in a participating hospital for up to 90 days in a "benefit period" (a period beginning with the first day of hospitalization and ending 60 days after discharge from a hospital or a skilled nursing home). Full payment is made for the first 60 days of hospitalization after a deductible of $44 has been paid. For each of the remaining 30 days in the benefit period, the patient pays a coinsurance amount of $11 a day.

Each hospital insurance beneficiary also has a "lifetime reserve" of 60 additional hospital days, subject to a copayment of $22 a day. These additional days can be used at the patient's option whenever the 90 days covered in a benefit period are exhausted.

The program also provides benefits for emergency services rendered in a nonparticipating hospital. Each nonparticipating hospital providing emergency services elects whether to bill the program or to charge its patients directly. If they bill the program, they are reimbursed on the basis of reasonable costs of covered services rendered. If they bill the patient, he pays the bill and submits the itemized bill to SSA for reimbursement. The reimbursement paid is 60 percent of reasonable charges for room and board and 80 percent of the charges for ancillary services.

Inpatient tuberculosis and psychiatric hospital services are also covered. However, there is a lifetime limit of 190 days of care in a psychiatric hospital. Where an individual is a patient in a participating psychiatric hospital at the time he becomes entitled to hospital insurance, the number of days he was such an inpatient in the 150–day period immediately prior to his eligibility are deducted from his days of entitlement in that benefit period but not from the lifetime limitation.

Covered hospital services include hospital room and board in accommodations containing from two to four beds, nursing services except for private-duty nursing, drugs and biologicals, and all those services ordinarily furnished by a hospital to its inpatients. Coverage under the hospital insurance program does not include the services of physicians (including radiologists, anesthesiologists, pathologists and physiatrists) except for those services provided by interns or residents in training under approved teaching programs in a hospital.

The cost of the first three pints of blood (or equivalent amounts of packed red blood cells) furnished a patient during a benefit period is a deductible amount unless the patient arranges for replacement. Charges for any additional blood are covered under the program.

Post-hospital home health care benefits.—These benefits cover the cost of visiting nurse services and related home health services for as many as 100 visits for up to a year following the patient's most recent discharge from a hospital or participating extended care facility, provided he has been confined for at least 3 consecutive days in a hospital. A home health plan must be developed by a physician and implemented within 14 days after the patient's dis-

charge from the hospital or extended care facility. The home health care must be for further treatment of a condition for which he received services in the hospital or extended care facility.

Extended care facility benefits.—The program pays for the reasonable cost of all covered inpatient services in participating extended care facilities (ECF) for up to 100 days of such care in any benefit period, following discharge from a hospital after a stay of 3 consecutive days or more, and admission to an ECF within 14 days of discharge. Full payment is made for the first 20 days. For each of the remaining 80 days, the patient pays a coinsurance amount of $5.50 a day for benefit periods beginning after 1968. (The extended care coinsurance amount is set by law as one-eighth of the inpatient hospital deductible).

Supplementary Medical Insurance Program

The supplementary medical insurance program (Part B of Medicare) provides coverage of physicians' services, outpatient diagnostic and therapeutic services, additional home health services, other medical services and supplies, and outpatient physical therapy services. Individuals 65 years of age and over may enroll in the program regardless of whether they are eligible for social security retirement benefits. Monthly premiums paid by the individual are matched by the Federal government and paid into the Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund, which reimburses carriers for benefits and administrative expenses incurred under the program.

The SMI program pays for 80 percent of the allowed charges for covered physician services and other medical services (or 80 percent of reasonable cost), after the patient has met a deductible of $50 during a calendar year. However, payment for outpatient psychiatric physician services is limited to the lesser of $250 or 50 percent of the allowed charges in any year after the $50 deductible has been met. The sum and percentage are derived from the statutory provision which permits an incurred expense for out-of-hospital treatment of mental illness of only $312.50 or 62.5 percent of actual expenses in a calendar year. Since only 80 percent of allowed charges can be reimbursed the effective maximum becomes $250.

To preclude the possibility of having to meet a deductible twice in a short period of time, a "carryover" provision is applied. Accordingly, covered expenses that are incurred in the last quarter of the year and counted toward the deductible in that year are also credited toward the deductible for the following year. However, the provisions concerning the deductible and the coinsurance do not apply to the services of radiologists and pathologists furnished to hospital inpatients.

Covered under the program are such benefits as physicians' services, including home, hospital, and office visits; services and supplies, including drugs and biologicals that cannot be self–administered, that are furnished as a part of a physician's professional service, most commonly in his office, and either rendered without charge or included in the physician's bills; diagnostic X–ray tests, diagnostic laboratory tests, and other diagnostic tests; X-ray; radium, and radioactive isotope therapy, including materials and the services of technicians; surgical dressings, splints, casts, and other devices used for reduction of fractures and dislocations; purchase or rental of durable medical equipment, including iron lungs, oxygen tents, hospital beds, and wheelchairs used in the patient's home (including an institution used as his home); ambulance service in cases where the use of other methods of transportation is contraindicated by the individual's condition; prosthetic devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal organ, including replacement of such devices; leg, arm, back, and neck braces, and artificial legs, arms, eyes, including replacement if required because of a change in the patient's physical condition; and 100 home health visits during a calendar year—these visits being independent of those provided under the hospital insurance program.

Also covered are hospital services incident to physicians' services rendered to outpatients, and outpatient physical therapy services.

Eligibility

The Hospital Insurance Program.—Almost all persons aged 65 and over are eligible for benefits under the hospital insurance program. Included are those persons in this age group who are entitled to monthly social security cash benefits or payments from the railroad retirement system, regardless of whether they have applied for these cash benefits. During the period under consideration, a person could apply for hospital insurance protection even though he did not qualify for either social security cash benefits or a railroad retirement annuity if (1) he had attained age 65 before 1968, or (2) he would attain age 65 after 1967 with not less than three quarters of social security coverage, whenever acquired, for each calendar year elapsing after 1966 and before the year in which he would attain age 65; however, hospital insurance protection could not go into effect until the individual attained age 65. These two classes of individuals were "deemed insured" under a special transitional provision.

For persons who reach age 65 after 1968, the amount of work credits needed increases by three quarters each year—six quarters are needed by those who reached age 65 in 1969, nine will be needed by those who reach 65 in 1970, and so on. However, a person who qualifies for monthly benefits as the dependent or survivor of an insured worker does not need any work credits.

Under the 1967 amendments, States are permitted to enter into agreements with the Secretary, based on a request made before January 1, 1970, to buy in—that is, to pay the medical insurance premiums—for public assistance recipients aged 65 or over who were receiving money payments under an approved public assistance plan and for all aged persons eligible to receive medical assistance under an approved Title XIX plan.

Administration of the Program

Hospital Insurance.—Under the hospital insurance plan, groups or associations of providers, on behalf of their members, may nominate a national, State, or other public or private agency or organization to serve as intermediary in the claims process. A member of an association is free, however, to receive payment from an approved intermediary other than its association's nominee, if approved by the Secretary and agreeable to the intermediary selected. In addition, a provider may deal directly with the Social Security Administration.

The Secretary may enter into an agreement with a nominated organization if he finds this to be consistent with effective and efficient administration of the hospital insurance program. The intermediary makes payments to providers for covered items and services on the basis of reasonable cost determinations and assists in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of covered services. The agreement may also call for (1) furnishing consultative services to assist providers to establish and maintain necessary fiscal records and otherwise qualify as providers of services, (2) serving as a center for communicating with providers, and (3) making audits of provider records. Generally speaking, the Social Security Administration utilizes the services of the hospital insurance intermediary in making payments for home health and outpatient hospital services covered under medical insurance.

Payment may be made for a beneficiary for covered emergency inpatient hospital services or covered emergency outpatient hospital services where the hospital is not a participating facility and agrees not to charge the beneficiary for covered services. Such a hospital may be outside the United States if it is more accessible than the nearest hospital in the United States adequately equipped to treat the patient.

Requests for payment for covered services must be signed by the beneficiary (or someone for him, if he is unable to do so). Payments are made on the basis of reasonable costs for these services to participating providers of services, that is, hospitals, extended-care facilities, and home health agencies, who have been certified for participation.

In some instances, hospitals may bill for physician services rendered to inpatients. In these cases, payment is made by the Part A intermediary. Depending on the nature of the billing, funds are transferred from the SMI trust fund to the HI trust fund to cover the cost of these services, or are paid directly from the SMI trust fund.

The intermediary selected by the provider reviews the claims for payment and pays the provider. Actual payment is made on the basis of an interim rate established between the provider and the intermediary. Final settlement based on each provider's operating year is made on the basis of a cost report submitted by the provider, and subject to an independent audit.

No payments can be made to Federal providers of services except for emergency services, unless this provider serves as a community institution. In addition, payment cannot be made to a provider for those services it is obligated to render at public expense under Federal law or contract.

Supplementary Medical Insurance.—Under the medical insurance program, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may enter into contracts with carriers for the performance of specified administrative functions. The carriers' principal function is to determine whether charges are allowable (reasonable) and to make payment.

The carrier selected by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to serve as an intermediary determines the allowed charges for bills submitted for each medical care service covered by the program and pays 80 percent of this amount after the $50 deductible has been met.

The allowed charge for the service may be paid to the patient, or the patient may assign the bill for collection to the physician or other supplier of the service, if he is willing to accept assignment. In the former situation, the patient submits an itemized bill to the carrier and is reimbursed; in the latter, the physician or other supplier submits the bill and is reimbursed. When the payment is made directly to the physician (or supplier) on assignment, the allowed or reasonable charge determined by the carrier is the total charge. In both situations, the patient is responsible for the first $50 of the charges for covered services he receives during the year and the amount of the bill over 80 percent of the allowed charges.

The law instructs the carrier to consider the following criteria in determining the "allowed" charge:

(1) the customary charge for the service generally made by the physician or other person furnishing such services; and
(2) the prevailing charge in the locality by other physicians and suppliers for similar services.

The law also specifies that the "allowed" charge cannot be higher than the charge applicable for the similar service rendered under comparable circumstances to the carriers' own policy holders or subscribers. For the year 1969, carriers were instructed

Federal employees who retired from the Federal service after July 1, 1960, and who had the opportunity to be covered under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Act of 1959, are ineligible for hospital insurance benefits under the transitional provisions. Also ineligible are aliens with less than 5 years of continuous residence in the United States, and those persons convicted of crimes against the security of the United States.

Hospital insurance protection can be retroactive for as many as 12 months before the month an individual files his application for entitlement. For example, an individual may apply 11 months after he attains age 65 and still be entitled to benefits from the month he attained age 65.

Supplementary medical insurance.—Persons entitled to benefits under the hospital insurance program (Part A), retired Federal employees and persons not eligible for hospital insurance under the transitional provisions may voluntarily participate in the SMI program.

Enrollment.—Individuals may enroll in the SMI program only during specified periods—the initial and the general enrollment periods. The initial enrollment period begins with the third month preceding the one in which an individual attains age 65 and ends 3 months after the month of attainment, a total period of 7 months. If he enrolls during the 3 months prior to the month in which he attains age 65, his coverage is effective with the month in which he attains age 65; if he enrolls during the month he attains age 65, his coverage begins the following month; if he enrolls in any of the 3 months after he attains age 65, his coverage begins from 2 to 3 months after enrollment, depending on how long he waited before enrolling.

The most recent general enrollment period was set between January 1, 1969, and March 31, 1969, for those who did not enroll in their initial enrollment period, or who having terminated their enrollment now wished to reenroll. Comparable periods are set to occur in every year. A person who enrolls during a general enrollment period may receive benefits starting on the first of July following the general enrollment period. An eligible individual must enroll within 3 years after the close of his initial enrollment period or within 3 years after termination of prior enrollment.

A State may enroll otherwise eligible individuals who receive cash payments under public assistance programs if the State requests such a State–Federal enrollment agreement to be established and pays the necessary premiums.

Enrollment terminates with the beginning of the month following the month of death. Up to April 1, 1968, railroad retirement beneficiaries and individuals entitled to monthly cash social security benefits could terminate their enrollment voluntarily by notifying the Social Security Administration in writing during a general enrollment period of the desire to withdraw from the program. Under the 1967 amendments effective April 1, 1968, beneficiaries may give notice of withdrawal at any time and their coverage will be terminated at the close of the following calendar quarter. Other enrolled persons may terminate their coverage by withholding payment of premiums or by notifying the Social Security Administration in writing of the desire to withdraw from the program. The enrollee is provided a 90–day grace period for the payment of overdue premiums after which coverage is automatically terminated. An individual who previously has terminated his enrollment may reenroll only in a general enrollment period beginning within 3 years of the date his previous enrollment had terminated. Reenrollment, however, is allowed only once.

Financing the Program

Hospital Insurance.—The hospital insurance program is financed on a long-range, self-supporting basis through a separate schedule of increasing tax rates on the first $7,800 of earnings in employment covered under the Social Security Act. The same tax rate applies to employees, employers, and self-employed persons. This rate was 0.60 percent for 1968–1972, and is scheduled to increase until it is 0.90 percent in 1987 and thereafter. The proceeds of this tax and that collected from the railroad retirement system are placed in a Hospital Insurance Trust Fund from which reimbursements for all benefits and administrative expenses incurred under the hospital insurance program are paid. The hospital insurance trust fund is reimbursed from general tax revenues for the cost of providing coverage for the almost 2½ million persons who qualify for hospital insurance but who do not receive monthly social security or railroad retirement benefits, that is, those "deemed insured."

Supplementary Medical Insurance.—Premiums are paid into the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund by those persons enrolled for supplementary medical insurance (or on their behalf), and a matching amount is paid from general revenues by the Federal government.

The premiums of persons receiving social security cash benefits, railroad retirement, or Federal Civil Service annuities are deducted from their monthly benefit checks. Persons not receiving monthly benefits are billed quarterly for premiums by the Social Security Administration or the Railroad Retirement Board and have a 90–day grace period in which to make payment. Premiums may be paid for as long as a year in advance, and for individuals financially unable to make quarterly payments, arrangements can be made for monthly payments.

The monthly premium during 1969 was $4 a month. The premium rate of the supplementary medical insurance program may be adjusted annually if medical costs rise.

to maintain allowed charges at the levels existing at the beginning of the year.

Carriers also have the authority and responsibility to determine, in a given case, whether a claim is for a covered service and to deny claims for noncovered or excluded items or services. In addition, carriers are to assist in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services furnished eligible individuals.

Most services covered by the medical insurance program are rendered on a fee–for–service basis. However, services furnished under group practice prepayment plans are normally rendered in return for predetermined premium payments. In recognition of the need for special adaptation of the Medicare payment procedures for services rendered by group practice prepayment plans, the law provides that an organization which furnishes medical and other health services (or arranges for their availability) on a prepayment basis, may elect to be paid 80 percent of the reasonable cost of services in lieu of 80 percent of the allowed charge for such services.

The 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act introduced a time limit on filing of claims. For bills incurred in the supplementary medical insurance portion of the program after March 1968, claims must be filed no later than the close of the calendar year following the year in which the services are furnished. For services provided during the last 3 months of the calendar year, bills may be submitted through the end of the second year following.

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General Tables

Notes

Types of hospitals.—See page 4.
Hospital control.—See page 4.
Hospital facilities and services.—See page 6.
Hospital accreditation and affiliation.—See page 10.

Types of home health agencies.—See page 13.
Types of reimbursable services.—See page 14.
Professional and technical personnel.—See page 14.

Independent laboratory.—See page 18.
Reimbursable tests and procedures.—See page 19.
Professional and technical personnel.—See page 20.

Types of extended care facilities.—See page 21.
Control of extended care facilities.—See page 21.
Extended care facilities and services.—See page 21.
Professional and technical personnel.—See page 22.

Geographic classifications.—Based on the address of the provider of services.

All areas: Consists of the United States, Guam, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and other outlying areas.
United States: Consists of the 50 States, and the District of Columbia.
Other outlying areas: Consists of American Samoa, the Canal Zone, Canton Island, Caroline Islands, Mariana Islands, Marshall Islands, Midway Islands, and Wake Island.

Table 3.1 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, and State	All hospitals		Short-stay hospitals			Tuberculosis hospitals			Psychiatric hospitals			Other long-stay general and special hospitals		
	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Adult beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population
All areas	7,024	1,188,220	6,345	823,703	42	119	22,160	1	358	302,795	15	202	39,562	2
United States	6,911	1,177,967	6,241	816,813	42	114	20,642	1	355	300,980	15	201	39,532	2
Northeast	1,214	356,953	1,020	200,277	39	16	2,768	1	108	135,302	26	70	18,606	4
North Central	2,105	340,574	1,899	254,821	45	53	7,084	1	106	71,572	13	47	7,097	1
South	2,314	314,897	2,163	241,956	42	35	9,663	2	81	58,958	10	35	4,320	1
West	1,278	165,543	1,159	119,759	40	10	1,127	0	60	35,148	12	49	9,509	3
Northeast:														
New England	390	79,276	313	47,067	37	6	738	1	34	21,467	17	37	10,004	8
Middle Atlantic	824	277,677	707	153,210	39	10	2,030	1	74	113,835	29	33	8,602	2
North Central:														
East North Central	1,169	234,874	1,012	170,544	45	47	6,502	2	75	52,493	14	35	5,335	1
West North Central	936	105,700	887	84,277	44	6	582	0	31	19,079	10	12	1,762	1
South:														
South Atlantic	868	160,244	790	112,395	40	15	4,736	2	51	40,629	15	12	2,484	1
East South Central	512	57,549	479	49,859	40	13	2,096	2	10	4,902	4	10	692	1
West South Central	934	97,104	894	79,702	45	7	2,831	2	20	13,427	8	13	1,144	1
West:														
Mountain	400	37,083	370	31,285	46	4	394	1	13	4,141	6	13	1,263	2
Pacific	878	128,460	789	88,474	38	6	733	0	47	31,007	13	36	8,246	4
New England:														
Maine	64	5,375	61	4,661	39	1	88	1	1	485	4	1	141	1
New Hampshire	35	5,381	32	3,034	38	–	–	–	2	2,322	29	1	25	0
Vermont	23	3,806	19	1,861	38	1	75	2	2	1,850	38	1	20	0
Massachusetts	196	39,034	151	25,003	40	4	575	1	18	7,376	12	23	6,080	10
Rhode Island	21	6,865	15	3,080	30	–	–	–	3	1,996	19	3	1,789	17
Connecticut	51	18,815	35	9,428	33	–	–	–	8	7,438	26	8	1,949	7
Middle Atlantic:														
New York	407	151,848	348	76,973	39	5	656	0	36	68,981	35	18	5,238	3
New Jersey	120	42,011	105	25,913	38	2	434	1	8	14,240	21	5	1,424	2
Pennsylvania	297	83,818	254	50,324	40	3	940	1	30	30,614	24	10	1,940	2
East North Central:														
Ohio	267	53,356	221	43,128	44	16	2,016	2	19	5,944	6	11	2,268	2
Indiana	138	26,204	120	19,231	39	6	551	1	8	5,933	12	4	489	1
Illinois	302	71,586	269	51,458	47	10	2,202	2	19	17,535	16	4	391	0
Michigan	272	57,783	236	35,911	48	6	1,275	2	16	18,566	25	14	2,031	3
Wisconsin	190	25,945	166	20,816	44	9	458	1	13	4,515	10	2	156	0
West North Central:														
Minnesota	200	24,590	187	18,669	46	3	225	1	7	5,368	13	3	328	1
Iowa	150	17,140	142	14,787	42	1	195	1	5	2,043	6	2	115	0
Missouri	175	30,679	162	23,086	42	–	–	–	10	6,647	12	3	946	2
North Dakota	62	4,783	59	3,381	51	–	–	–	1	1,301	19	2	101	2
South Dakota	66	3,788	66	3,788	47	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	112	9,173	108	8,092	44	1	130	1	3	951	5	–	–	–
Kansas	171	15,547	163	12,474	47	1	32	0	5	2,769	10	2	272	1
South Atlantic:														
Delaware	9	2,942	7	1,575	36	1	108	2	1	1,259	28	–	–	–
Maryland	62	23,199	46	10,494	37	2	628	2	10	11,027	39	4	1,050	4
District of Columbia	16	9,829	12	4,814	72	–	–	–	3	4,465	67	1	550	8
Virginia	119	20,403	105	16,689	47	3	933	3	9	2,292	6	2	489	1
West Virginia	85	8,902	79	8,699	44	1	40	0	5	163	1	–	–	–
North Carolina	150	25,368	138	17,559	44	4	1,038	3	5	6,496	16	3	275	1
South Carolina	77	15,649	70	8,720	46	1	566	3	4	6,243	33	2	120	1
Georgia	165	16,946	157	16,026	45	1	412	1	7	508	1	–	–	–
Florida	185	37,006	176	27,819	32	2	1,011	1	7	8,176	9	–	–	–
East South Central:														
Kentucky	131	17,302	113	11,632	35	7	960	3	5	4,284	13	6	426	1
Tennessee	155	18,520	143	17,034	45	4	661	2	4	559	1	4	266	1
Alabama	126	13,555	124	13,343	42	1	153	0	1	59	0	–	–	–
Mississippi	100	8,172	99	7,850	36	1	322	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
West South Central:														
Arkansas	107	10,092	103	8,355	36	1	343	1	2	1,374	6	1	20	0
Louisiana	138	15,434	132	14,184	48	1	351	1	3	744	3	2	155	1
Oklahoma	143	14,526	136	11,117	38	–	–	–	5	3,103	11	2	306	1
Texas	546	57,052	523	46,046	48	5	2,137	2	10	8,206	9	8	663	1
Mountain:														
Montana	65	3,739	61	3,395	49	1	170	2	1	142	2	2	32	0
Idaho	48	2,504	46	2,398	36	1	50	1	1	56	1	–	–	–
Wyoming	29	2,081	28	1,502	49	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	579	19
Colorado	92	12,037	81	9,457	51	–	–	–	5	2,092	11	6	488	3
New Mexico	46	3,379	45	3,287	47	–	–	–	1	92	1	–	–	–
Arizona	62	7,448	55	6,015	40	2	174	1	3	1,175	8	2	84	1
Utah	37	3,507	35	3,369	45	–	–	–	1	100	1	1	38	1
Nevada	21	2,388	19	1,862	63	–	–	–	1	484	16	1	42	1
Pacific:														
Washington	128	14,865	118	11,064	35	2	358	1	7	3,425	11	1	18	0
Oregon	94	10,276	86	7,520	34	1	79	0	3	2,555	12	4	122	1
California	608	98,948	546	67,174	38	3	296	0	35	24,203	14	24	7,275	4
Alaska	22	945	19	664	105	–	–	–	1	225	36	2	56	9
Hawaii	26	3,426	20	2,052	48	–	–	–	1	599	14	5	775	18
Other areas:														
Guam	1	236	1	236	182	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	108	9,674	99	6,311	38	5	1,518	9	3	1,815	11	1	30	0
Virgin Islands	3	198	3	198	70	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	1	145	1	145	330	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.2 NUMBER OF SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All short-stay hospitals	Voluntary hospitals		Proprietary hospitals		State hospitals[1]		Local hospitals	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
All areas	6,345	3,554	560,969	900	56,897	243	43,327	1,648	162,510
United States	6,241	3,540	559,709	876	55,473	185	40,253	1,640	161,378
Northeast	1,020	821	159,047	93	10,928	42	6,813	64	23,489
North Central	1,899	1,271	194,255	63	3,842	69	14,882	496	41,842
South	2,163	855	133,281	494	25,980	47	14,836	767	67,859
West	1,159	593	73,126	226	14,723	27	3,722	313	28,188
Northeast:									
New England	313	258	40,255	16	1,232	22	2,872	17	2,708
Middle Atlantic	707	563	118,792	77	9,696	20	3,941	47	20,781
North Central:									
East North Central	1,012	750	134,052	22	1,163	48	11,066	192	24,263
West North Central	887	521	60,203	41	2,679	21	3,816	304	17,579
South:									
South Atlantic	790	391	67,192	118	8,207	23	6,839	258	30,157
East South Central	479	163	25,771	91	3,958	5	1,865	220	18,265
West South Central	894	301	40,318	285	13,815	19	6,132	289	19,437
West:									
Mountain	370	214	21,484	17	1,258	10	1,153	129	7,390
Pacific	789	379	51,642	209	13,465	17	2,569	184	20,798
New England:									
Maine	61	54	4,311	3	97	2	164	2	89
New Hampshire	32	27	2,642	1	84	1	110	3	198
Vermont	19	19	1,861	–	–	–	–	–	–
Massachusetts	151	110	19,147	12	1,051	18	2,469	11	2,336
Rhode Island	15	15	3,080	–	–	–	–	–	–
Connecticut	35	33	9,214	–	–	1	129	1	85
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	348	243	50,917	56	7,671	9	2,007	40	16,378
New Jersey	105	94	21,659	4	545	1	648	6	3,061
Pennsylvania	254	226	46,216	17	1,480	10	1,286	1	1,342
East North Central:									
Ohio	221	172	36,241	2	89	14	2,206	33	4,592
Indiana	120	56	12,095	3	351	8	1,066	53	5,719
Illinois	269	196	39,140	11	524	17	5,558	45	6,236
Michigan	236	183	28,094	3	122	5	1,389	45	6,306
Wisconsin	166	143	18,482	3	77	4	847	16	1,410
West North Central:									
Minnesota	187	104	13,854	1	35	6	740	76	4,040
Iowa	142	74	9,792	5	184	1	1,192	62	3,619
Missouri	162	92	16,181	25	1,881	2	587	43	4,437
North Dakota	59	58	3,355	–	–	–	–	1	26
South Dakota	66	49	3,265	–	–	1	76	16	447
Nebraska	108	68	6,074	4	135	2	187	34	1,696
Kansas	163	76	7,682	6	444	9	1,034	72	3,314
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	7	7	1,575	–	–	–	–	–	–
Maryland	46	40	8,999	2	111	1	559	3	825
District of Columbia	12	11	4,079	–	–	1	735	–	–
Virginia	105	71	11,881	24	2,201	7	2,477	3	130
West Virginia	79	37	5,375	25	1,687	1	388	16	1,249
North Carolina	138	89	12,459	11	503	5	740	33	3,857
South Carolina	70	27	3,397	6	368	5	897	32	4,058
Georgia	157	23	3,955	21	717	2	638	111	10,716
Florida	176	86	15,472	29	2,620	1	405	60	9,322
East South Central:									
Kentucky	113	72	8,693	11	521	1	215	29	2,203
Tennessee	143	39	9,071	48	1,629	2	560	54	5,774
Alabama	124	34	5,559	19	1,430	1	650	70	5,704
Mississippi	99	18	2,448	13	378	1	440	67	4,584
West South Central:									
Arkansas	103	27	3,890	21	822	2	513	53	3,130
Louisiana	132	33	5,758	46	1,989	12	3,773	41	2,664
Oklahoma	136	55	6,715	25	974	2	511	54	2,917
Texas	523	186	23,955	193	10,030	3	1,335	141	10,726
Mountain:									
Montana	61	49	3,040	1	23	1	50	10	282
Idaho	46	15	1,221	1	15	2	82	28	1,080
Wyoming	28	14	522	–	–	1	51	13	929
Colorado	81	53	7,188	1	184	3	625	24	1,460
New Mexico	45	26	2,181	–	–	1	44	18	1,062
Arizona	55	39	4,621	8	517	–	–	8	877
Utah	35	15	2,329	2	97	2	301	16	642
Nevada	19	3	382	4	422	–	–	12	1,058
Pacific:									
Washington	118	72	8,220	12	487	1	286	33	2,071
Oregon	86	43	5,252	18	778	3	330	22	1,160
California	546	242	36,266	177	12,118	6	1,631	121	17,159
Alaska	19	9	386	1	45	4	102	5	131
Hawaii	20	13	1,518	1	37	3	220	3	277
Other areas:									
Guam	1	–	–	–	–	1	236	–	–
Puerto Rico	99	14	1,260	24	1,424	54	2,640	7	987
Virgin Islands	3	–	–	–	–	3	198	–	–
All other areas	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	145

[1] Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.3 NUMBER OF TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, and State	All tuberculosis hospitals	State hospitals		Local hospitals		All other hospitals[1]	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
All areas	119	61	14,549	51	7,178	7	433
United States	114	57	13,151	51	7,178	6	313
Northeast	16	9	1,909	6	808	1	51
North Central	53	13	1,648	37	5,306	3	130
South	35	31	9,154	4	509	–	–
West	10	4	440	4	555	2	132
Northeast:							
New England	6	3	264	3	474	–	–
Middle Atlantic	10	6	1,645	3	334	1	51
North Central:							
East North Central	47	9	1,216	35	5,156	3	130
West North Central	6	4	432	2	150	–	–
South:							
South Atlantic	15	14	4,489	1	247	–	–
East South Central	13	11	1,879	2	217	–	–
West South Central	7	6	2,786	1	45	–	–
West:							
Mountain	4	3	361	–	–	1	33
Pacific	6	1	79	4	555	1	99
New England:							
Maine	1	1	88	–	–	–	–
New Hampshire	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vermont	1	1	75	–	–	–	–
Massachusetts	4	1	101	3	474	–	–
Rhode Island	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Connecticut	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Middle Atlantic:							
New York	5	3	500	1	105	1	51
New Jersey	2	1	255	1	179	–	–
Pennsylvania	3	2	890	1	50	–	–
East North Central:							
Ohio	16	3	325	13	1,691	–	–
Indiana	6	3	316	3	235	–	–
Illinois	10	2	496	7	1,641	1	65
Michigan	6	1	79	5	1,196	–	–
Wisconsin	9	–	–	7	393	2	65
West North Central:							
Minnesota	3	1	75	2	150	–	–
Iowa	1	1	195	–	–	–	–
Missouri	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
North Dakota	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
South Dakota	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	1	1	130	–	–	–	–
Kansas	1	1	32	–	–	–	–
South Atlantic:							
Delaware	1	1	108	–	–	–	–
Maryland	2	1	381	1	247	–	–
District of Columbia	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Virginia	3	3	933	–	–	–	–
West Virginia	1	1	40	–	–	–	–
North Carolina	4	4	1,038	–	–	–	–
South Carolina	1	1	566	–	–	–	–
Georgia	1	1	412	–	–	–	–
Florida	2	2	1,011	–	–	–	–
East South Central:							
Kentucky	7	6	896	1	64	–	–
Tennessee	4	4	661	–	–	–	–
Alabama	1	–	–	1	153	–	–
Mississippi	1	1	322	–	–	–	–
West South Central:							
Arkansas	1	1	343	–	–	–	–
Louisiana	1	1	351	–	–	–	–
Oklahoma	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Texas	5	4	2,092	1	45	–	–
Mountain:							
Montana	1	1	170	–	–	–	–
Idaho	1	1	50	–	–	–	–
Wyoming	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Colorado	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Mexico	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Arizona	2	1	141	–	–	1	33
Utah	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nevada	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Pacific:							
Washington	2	–	–	2	358	–	–
Oregon	1	1	79	–	–	–	–
California	3	–	–	2	197	1	99
Alaska	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Hawaii	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other areas:							
Guam	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	5	4	1,398	–	–	1	120
Virgin Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

[1] Includes voluntary and proprietary hospitals only.

Table 3.4 NUMBER OF PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All psychiatric hospitals	Voluntary hospitals		Proprietary hospitals		State hospitals		Local hospitals	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
All areas	358	66	8,570	56	4,520	221	281,695	15	8,010
United States	355	65	8,295	55	4,120	220	280,555	15	8,010
Northeast	108	20	3,562	18	1,508	67	126,809	3	3,423
North Central	106	15	1,927	9	867	73	64,477	9	4,301
South	81	15	1,752	12	767	52	56,303	2	136
West	60	15	1,054	16	978	28	32,966	1	150
Northeast:									
New England	34	7	1,413	5	327	22	19,727	–	–
Middle Atlantic	74	13	2,149	13	1,181	45	107,082	3	3,423
North Central:									
East North Central	75	12	1,521	8	774	46	45,897	9	4,301
West North Central	31	3	406	1	93	27	18,580	–	–
South:									
South Atlantic	51	8	971	10	682	32	38,940	1	36
East South Central	10	3	369	–	–	7	4,533	–	–
West South Central	20	4	412	2	85	13	12,830	1	100
West:									
Mountain	13	5	361	–	–	8	3,780	–	–
Pacific	47	10	693	16	978	20	29,186	1	150
New England:									
Maine	1	–	–	–	–	1	485	–	–
New Hampshire	2	1	28	–	–	1	2,294	–	–
Vermont	2	1	500	–	–	1	1,350	–	–
Massachusetts	18	1	256	4	279	13	6,841	–	–
Rhode Island	3	1	83	–	–	2	1,913	–	–
Connecticut	8	3	546	1	48	4	6,844	–	–
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	36	4	859	9	690	21	67,306	2	126
New Jersey	8	–	–	2	289	5	10,654	1	3,297
Pennsylvania	30	9	1,290	2	202	19	29,122	–	–
East North Central:									
Ohio	19	2	206	1	134	16	5,604	–	–
Indiana	8	1	44	1	40	6	5,849	–	–
Illinois	19	3	330	4	495	12	16,710	–	–
Michigan	16	4	713	1	75	9	15,805	2	1,973
Wisconsin	13	2	228	1	30	3	1,929	7	2,328
West North Central:									
Minnesota	7	–	–	–	–	7	5,368	–	–
Iowa	5	–	–	–	–	5	2,043	–	–
Missouri	10	1	210	1	93	8	6,344	–	–
North Dakota	1	–	–	–	–	1	1,301	–	–
South Dakota	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	3	–	–	–	–	3	951	–	–
Kansas	5	2	196	–	–	3	2,573	–	–
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	1	–	–	–	–	1	1,259	–	–
Maryland	10	3	575	1	33	6	10,419	–	–
District of Columbia	3	–	–	1	75	1	4,354	1	36
Virginia	9	1	163	2	200	6	1,929	–	–
West Virginia	5	1	29	–	–	4	134	–	–
North Carolina	5	1	119	–	–	4	6,377	–	–
South Carolina	4	1	50	–	–	3	6,193	–	–
Georgia	7	–	–	5	308	2	200	–	–
Florida	7	1	35	1	66	5	8,075	–	–
East South Central:									
Kentucky	5	1	290	–	–	4	3,994	–	–
Tennessee	4	1	20	–	–	3	539	–	–
Alabama	1	1	59	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mississippi	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
West South Central:									
Arkansas	2	–	–	–	–	2	1,374	–	–
Louisiana	3	1	236	–	–	2	508	–	–
Oklahoma	5	1	80	–	–	4	3,023	–	–
Texas	10	2	96	2	85	5	7,925	1	100
Mountain:									
Montana	1	–	–	–	–	1	142	–	–
Idaho	1	–	–	–	–	1	56	–	–
Wyoming	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Colorado	5	2	150	–	–	3	1,942	–	–
New Mexico	1	1	92	–	–	–	–	–	–
Arizona	3	2	119	–	–	1	1,056	–	–
Utah	1	–	–	–	–	1	100	–	–
Nevada	1	–	–	–	–	1	484	–	–
Pacific:									
Washington	7	1	29	3	141	3	3,255	–	–
Oregon	3	–	–	–	–	3	2,555	–	–
California	35	9	664	13	837	12	22,552	1	150
Alaska	1	–	–	–	–	1	225	–	–
Hawaii	1	–	–	–	–	1	599	–	–
Other areas:									
Guam	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	3	1	275	1	400	1	1,140	–	–
Virgin Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.5 NUMBER OF OTHER LONG-STAY GENERAL AND SPECIAL HOSPITALS AND NUMBER OF BEDS BY CONTROL, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, and State	All other long-stay general and special hospitals	Voluntary hospitals		Proprietary hospitals		State hospitals		Local hospitals	
		Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds	Number	Adult beds
All areas	202	84	8,671	18	1,158	40	12,630	60	17,103
United States	201	84	8,671	17	1,128	40	12,630	60	17,103
Northeast	70	30	4,511	3	194	19	8,005	18	5,896
North Central	47	20	1,847	3	340	8	1,667	16	3,243
South	35	17	1,251	3	161	6	1,378	9	1,530
West	49	17	1,062	8	433	7	1,580	17	6,434
Northeast:									
New England	37	12	1,632	1	61	16	6,454	8	1,857
Middle Atlantic	33	18	2,879	2	133	3	1,551	10	4,039
North Central:									
East North Central	35	14	1,384	2	219	5	959	14	2,773
West North Central	12	6	463	1	121	3	708	2	470
South:									
South Atlantic	12	5	523	–	–	3	924	4	1,037
East South Central	10	5	115	–	–	1	159	4	418
West South Central	13	7	613	3	161	2	295	1	75
West:									
Mountain	13	9	602	1	30	1	579	2	52
Pacific	36	8	460	7	403	6	1,001	15	6,382
New England:									
Maine	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	141
New Hampshire	1	1	25	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vermont	1	–	–	–	–	1	20	–	–
Massachusetts	23	7	898	1	61	8	3,405	7	1,716
Rhode Island	3	–	–	–	–	3	1,789	–	–
Connecticut	8	4	709	–	–	4	1,240	–	–
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	18	10	2,385	1	64	1	126	6	2,663
New Jersey	5	1	48	–	–	–	–	4	1,376
Pennsylvania	10	7	446	1	69	2	1,425	–	–
East North Central:									
Ohio	11	5	472	–	–	1	255	5	1,541
Indiana	4	2	319	–	–	–	–	2	170
Illinois	4	3	253	–	–	–	–	1	138
Michigan	14	3	238	1	165	4	704	6	924
Wisconsin	2	1	102	1	54	–	–	–	–
West North Central:									
Minnesota	3	2	184	–	–	1	144	–	–
Iowa	2	2	115	–	–	–	–	–	–
Missouri	3	1	104	–	–	1	523	1	319
North Dakota	2	1	60	–	–	1	41	–	–
South Dakota	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kansas	2	–	–	1	121	–	–	1	151
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Maryland	4	1	126	–	–	3	924	–	–
District of Columbia	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	550
Virginia	2	1	150	–	–	–	–	1	339
West Virginia	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
North Carolina	3	2	167	–	–	–	–	1	108
South Carolina	2	1	80	–	–	–	–	1	40
Georgia	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Florida	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
East South Central:									
Kentucky	6	3	80	–	–	1	159	2	187
Tennessee	4	2	35	–	–	–	–	2	231
Alabama	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mississippi	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
West South Central:									
Arkansas	1	–	–	1	20	–	–	–	–
Louisiana	2	–	–	1	91	1	64	–	–
Oklahoma	2	–	–	–	–	1	231	1	75
Texas	8	7	613	1	50	–	–	–	–
Mountain:									
Montana	2	1	18	–	–	–	–	1	14
Idaho	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wyoming	1	–	–	–	–	1	579	–	–
Colorado	6	5	458	1	30	–	–	–	–
New Mexico	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Arizona	2	2	84	–	–	–	–	–	–
Utah	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	38
Nevada	1	1	42	–	–	–	–	–	–
Pacific:									
Washington	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	18
Oregon	4	1	44	1	20	2	58	–	–
California	24	5	344	6	383	1	440	12	6,108
Alaska	2	1	36	–	–	1	20	–	–
Hawaii	5	1	36	–	–	2	483	2	256
Other areas:									
Guam	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	1	–	–	1	30	–	–	–	–
Virgin Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
ALL AREAS					
All hospitals	7,024	3,709	976	565	1,774
Less than 25 beds	670	242	177	50	201
25 to 49 beds	1,648	670	344	40	594
50 to 99 beds	1,687	843	275	71	498
100 to 149 beds	931	564	105	72	190
150 to 199 beds	526	364	34	48	80
200 to 249 beds	397	283	32	30	52
250 to 299 beds	261	202	4	23	32
300 to 399 beds	353	267	4	33	49
400 to 499 beds	194	145	1	26	22
500 to 749 beds	170	100	–	41	29
750 to 999 beds	54	23	–	20	11
1,000 to 1,999 beds	85	6	–	67	12
2,000 beds or more	48	–	–	44	4
Short-stay hospitals	6,345	3,554	900	243	1,648
Less than 25 beds	638	230	169	45	194
25 to 49 beds	1,573	640	326	28	579
50 to 99 beds	1,551	789	245	48	469
100 to 149 beds	835	541	91	35	168
150 to 199 beds	473	354	30	20	69
200 to 249 beds	358	274	31	13	40
250 to 299 beds	239	194	4	11	30
300 to 399 beds	319	264	4	12	39
400 to 499 beds	172	141	–	13	18
500 to 749 beds	133	98	–	10	25
750 to 999 beds	34	23	–	4	7
1,000 to 1,999 beds	17	6	–	4	7
2,000 beds or more	3	–	–	–	3
Tuberculosis hospitals	119	5	2	61	51
Less than 25 beds	4	–	–	–	4
25 to 49 beds	10	2	1	2	5
50 to 99 beds	32	3	–	10	19
100 to 149 beds	22	–	1	12	9
150 to 199 beds	14	–	–	9	5
200 to 249 beds	9	–	–	5	4
250 to 299 beds	2	–	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	14	–	–	12	2
400 to 499 beds	3	–	–	2	1
500 to 749 beds	6	–	–	5	1
750 to 999 beds	2	–	–	2	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	358	66	56	221	15
Less than 25 beds	12	3	6	2	1
25 to 49 beds	29	10	12	5	2
50 to 99 beds	56	21	22	11	2
100 to 149 beds	42	11	11	19	1
150 to 199 beds	26	6	3	16	1
200 to 249 beds	16	5	1	8	2
250 to 299 beds	13	6	–	6	1
300 to 399 beds	9	1	–	6	2
400 to 499 beds	11	2	1	8	–
500 to 749 beds	23	1	–	22	–
750 to 999 beds	14	–	–	13	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	62	–	–	61	1
2,000 beds or more	45	–	–	44	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	202	84	18	40	60
Less than 25 beds	16	9	2	3	2
25 to 49 beds	36	18	5	5	8
50 to 99 beds	48	30	8	2	8
100 to 149 beds	32	12	2	6	12
150 to 199 beds	13	4	1	3	5
200 to 249 beds	14	4	–	4	6
250 to 299 beds	7	2	–	4	1
300 to 399 beds	11	2	–	3	6
400 to 499 beds	8	2	–	3	3
500 to 749 beds	8	1	–	4	3
750 to 999 beds	4	–	–	1	3
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	–	–	2	3
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
UNITED STATES					
All hospitals	6,911	3,694	949	502	1,766
Less than 25 beds	628	242	175	12	199
25 to 49 beds	1,624	666	334	31	593
50 to 99 beds	1,672	841	266	67	498
100 to 149 beds	914	557	100	71	186
150 to 199 beds	522	363	34	45	80
200 to 249 beds	393	283	32	26	52
250 to 299 beds	260	201	4	23	32
300 to 399 beds	353	267	4	33	49
400 to 499 beds	191	145	–	24	22
500 to 749 beds	169	100	–	41	28
750 to 999 beds	53	23	–	19	11
1,000 to 1,999 beds	84	6	–	66	12
2,000 beds or more	48	–	–	44	4
Short-stay hospitals	6,241	3,540	876	185	1,640
Less than 25 beds	596	230	167	7	192
25 to 49 beds	1,550	636	317	19	578
50 to 99 beds	1,536	787	236	44	469
100 to 149 beds	819	534	87	34	164
150 to 199 beds	471	353	30	19	69
200 to 249 beds	355	274	31	10	40
250 to 299 beds	239	194	4	11	30
300 to 399 beds	319	264	4	12	39
400 to 499 beds	170	141	–	11	18
500 to 749 beds	132	98	–	10	24
750 to 999 beds	34	23	–	4	7
1,000 to 1,999 beds	17	6	–	4	7
2,000 beds or more	3	–	–	–	3
Tuberculosis hospitals	114	5	1	57	51
Less than 25 beds	4	–	–	–	4
25 to 49 beds	10	2	1	2	5
50 to 99 beds	32	3	–	10	19
100 to 149 beds	21	–	–	12	9
150 to 199 beds	12	–	–	7	5
200 to 249 beds	8	–	–	4	4
250 to 299 beds	2	–	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	14	–	–	12	2
400 to 499 beds	3	–	–	2	1
500 to 749 beds	6	–	–	5	1
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	355	65	55	220	15
Less than 25 beds	12	3	6	2	1
25 to 49 beds	29	10	12	5	2
50 to 99 beds	56	21	22	11	2
100 to 149 beds	42	11	11	19	1
150 to 199 beds	26	6	3	16	1
200 to 249 beds	16	5	1	8	2
250 to 299 beds	12	5	–	6	1
300 to 399 beds	9	1	–	6	2
400 to 499 beds	10	2	–	8	–
500 to 749 beds	23	1	–	22	–
750 to 999 beds	14	–	–	13	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	61	–	–	60	1
2,000 beds or more	45	–	–	44	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	201	84	17	40	60
Less than 25 beds	16	9	2	3	2
25 to 49 beds	35	18	4	5	8
50 to 99 beds	48	30	8	2	8
100 to 149 beds	32	12	2	6	12
150 to 199 beds	13	4	1	3	5
200 to 249 beds	14	4	–	4	6
250 to 299 beds	7	2	–	4	1
300 to 399 beds	11	2	–	3	6
400 to 499 beds	8	2	–	3	3
500 to 749 beds	8	1	–	4	3
750 to 999 beds	4	–	–	1	3
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	–	–	2	3
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NORTHEAST					
All hospitals	1,214	872	114	137	91
Less than 25 beds	34	25	7	2	–
25 to 49 beds	115	87	12	8	8
50 to 99 beds	261	191	36	14	20
100 to 149 beds	192	132	26	21	13
150 to 199 beds	144	111	14	9	10
200 to 249 beds	125	91	18	7	9
250 to 299 beds	75	66	–	7	2
300 to 399 beds	98	82	1	8	7
400 to 499 beds	49	40	–	6	3
500 to 749 beds	49	36	–	8	5
750 to 999 beds	18	9	–	4	5
1,000 to 1,999 beds	28	2	–	20	6
2,000 beds or more	26	–	–	23	3
Short-stay hospitals	1,020	821	93	42	64
Less than 25 beds	29	23	5	1	–
25 to 49 beds	96	78	8	3	7
50 to 99 beds	229	178	27	9	15
100 to 149 beds	171	126	23	14	8
150 to 199 beds	129	107	12	5	5
200 to 249 beds	109	85	17	1	6
250 to 299 beds	67	63	–	2	2
300 to 399 beds	91	79	1	6	5
400 to 499 beds	38	37	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	39	34	–	1	4
750 to 999 beds	13	9	–	–	4
1,000 to 1,999 beds	7	2	–	–	5
2,000 beds or more	2	–	–	–	2
Tuberculosis hospitals	16	1	–	9	6
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	4	1	–	2	1
100 to 149 beds	4	–	–	2	2
150 to 199 beds	3	–	–	–	3
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	2	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiotric hospitols	108	20	18	67	3
Less than 25 beds	2	–	2	–	–
25 to 49 beds	10	2	4	3	1
50 to 99 beds	14	5	6	2	1
100 to 149 beds	7	2	3	2	–
150 to 199 beds	8	3	2	3	–
200 to 249 beds	6	3	1	2	–
250 to 299 beds	4	2	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	2	1	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	5	1	–	4	–
500 to 749 beds	5	1	–	4	–
750 to 999 beds	3	–	–	3	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	18	–	–	18	–
2,000 beds or more	24	–	–	23	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	70	30	3	19	18
Less than 25 beds	3	2	–	1	–
25 to 49 beds	9	7	–	2	–
50 to 99 beds	14	7	3	1	3
100 to 149 beds	10	4	–	3	3
150 to 199 beds	4	1	–	1	2
200 to 249 beds	8	3	–	2	3
250 to 299 beds	3	1	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	4	2	–	–	2
400 to 499 beds	6	2	–	2	2
500 to 749 beds	4	1	–	2	1
750 to 999 beds	2	–	–	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	–	–	2	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
NORTH CENTRAL					
All hospitals	2,105	1,309	75	163	558
Less than 25 beds	174	95	13	1	65
25 to 49 beds	504	273	30	13	188
50 to 99 beds	503	281	16	31	175
100 to 149 beds	286	197	9	21	59
150 to 199 beds	156	110	3	22	21
200 to 249 beds	113	94	3	7	9
250 to 299 beds	78	67	–	3	8
300 to 399 beds	119	95	1	9	14
400 to 499 beds	59	50	–	3	6
500 to 749 beds	61	38	–	15	8
750 to 999 beds	19	7	–	10	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	26	2	–	22	2
2,000 beds or more	7	–	–	6	1
Short-stay hospitals	1,899	1,271	63	69	496
Less than 25 beds	169	94	13	1	61
25 to 49 beds	485	267	28	9	181
50 to 99 beds	453	265	13	21	154
100 to 149 beds	254	188	4	12	50
150 to 199 beds	134	107	1	8	18
200 to 249 beds	105	93	3	4	5
250 to 299 beds	73	66	–	–	7
300 to 399 beds	106	95	1	3	7
400 to 499 beds	56	49	–	2	5
500 to 749 beds	49	38	–	4	7
750 to 999 beds	10	7	–	3	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	2	–	2	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	–	1
Tuberculosis hospitals	53	3	–	13	37
Less than 25 beds	3	–	–	–	3
25 to 49 beds	7	2	–	1	4
50 to 99 beds	24	1	–	6	17
100 to 149 beds	7	–	–	1	6
150 to 199 beds	4	–	–	4	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	3	–	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiotric hospitols	106	15	9	73	9
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	5	2	2	1	–
50 to 99 beds	12	5	2	4	1
100 to 149 beds	14	4	4	6	–
150 to 199 beds	12	2	1	9	–
200 to 249 beds	6	1	–	3	2
250 to 299 beds	3	–	–	2	1
300 to 399 beds	6	–	–	4	2
400 to 499 beds	2	1	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	10	–	–	10	–
750 to 999 beds	8	–	–	7	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	21	–	–	20	1
2,000 beds or more	6	–	–	6	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	47	20	3	8	16
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	7	2	–	2	3
50 to 99 beds	14	10	1	–	3
100 to 149 beds	11	5	1	2	3
150 to 199 beds	6	1	1	1	3
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	2	1	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	4	–	–	1	3
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
SOUTH					
All hospitals	2,314	887	509	136	782
Less than 25 beds	218	45	119	3	51
25 to 49 beds	662	166	200	2	294
50 to 99 beds	601	222	125	14	240
100 to 149 beds	295	146	42	22	85
150 to 199 beds	147	85	11	11	40
200 to 249 beds	94	52	9	10	23
250 to 299 beds	62	41	2	6	13
300 to 399 beds	93	64	1	15	13
400 to 499 beds	57	38	–	10	9
500 to 749 beds	44	19	–	14	11
750 to 999 beds	13	7	–	4	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	18	2	–	15	1
2,000 beds or more	10	–	–	10	–
Short-stay hospitals	2,163	855	494	47	767
Less than 25 beds	211	42	117	1	51
25 to 49 beds	644	158	197	–	289
50 to 99 beds	577	211	118	10	238
100 to 149 beds	270	143	39	6	82
150 to 199 beds	137	82	11	5	39
200 to 249 beds	85	51	9	4	21
250 to 299 beds	56	38	2	3	13
300 to 399 beds	80	64	1	3	12
400 to 499 beds	54	38	–	7	9
500 to 749 beds	34	19	–	5	10
750 to 999 beds	10	7	–	1	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	2	–	2	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	35	–	–	31	4
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	–	–	1	1
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	8	–	–	8	–
150 to 199 beds	3	–	–	2	1
200 to 249 beds	3	–	–	2	1
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	10	–	–	10	–
400 to 499 beds	2	–	–	2	–
500 to 749 beds	4	–	–	4	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiotric hospitols	81	15	12	52	2
Less thon 25 beds	4	1	1	2	–
25 to 49 beds	9	4	3	1	1
50 to 99 beds	12	4	5	3	–
100 to 149 beds	13	1	3	8	1
150 to 199 beds	4	1	–	3	–
200 to 249 beds	3	1	–	2	–
250 to 299 beds	4	3	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	5	–	–	5	–
750 to 999 beds	2	–	–	2	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	13	–	–	13	–
2,000 beds or more	10	–	–	10	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	35	17	3	6	9
Less thon 25 beds	3	2	1	–	–
25 to 49 beds	7	4	–	–	3
50 to 99 beds	11	7	2	1	1
100 to 149 beds	4	2	–	–	2
150 to 199 beds	3	2	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	3	–	–	2	1
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	2	–	–	1	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
WEST					
All hospitals	1,278	626	251	66	335
Less than 25 beds	202	77	36	6	83
25 to 49 beds	343	140	92	8	103
50 to 99 beds	307	147	89	8	63
100 to 149 beds	141	82	23	7	29
150 to 199 beds	75	57	6	3	9
200 to 249 beds	61	46	2	2	11
250 to 299 beds	45	27	2	7	9
300 to 399 beds	43	26	1	1	15
400 to 499 beds	26	17	–	5	4
500 to 749 beds	15	7	–	4	4
750 to 999 beds	3	–	–	1	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	12	–	–	9	3
2,000 beds or more	5	–	–	5	–
Short-stay hospitals	1,159	593	226	27	313
Less than 25 beds	187	71	32	4	80
25 to 49 beds	325	133	84	7	101
50 to 99 beds	277	133	78	4	62
100 to 149 beds	124	77	21	2	24
150 to 199 beds	71	57	6	1	7
200 to 249 beds	56	45	2	1	8
250 to 299 beds	43	27	2	6	8
300 to 399 beds	42	26	1	–	15
400 to 499 beds	22	17	–	2	3
500 to 749 beds	10	7	–	–	3
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	10	1	1	4	4
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	1	–	1	–	–
50 to 99 beds	3	1	–	2	–
100 to 149 beds	2	–	–	1	1
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiotric hospitals	60	15	16	28	1
Less thon 25 beds	5	2	3	–	–
25 to 49 beds	5	2	3	–	–
50 to 99 beds	18	7	9	2	–
100 to 149 beds	8	4	1	3	–
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	–	–	2	–
500 to 749 beds	3	–	–	3	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	9	–	–	9	–
2,000 beds or more	5	–	–	5	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	49	17	8	7	17
Less thon 25 beds	9	4	1	2	2
25 to 49 beds	12	5	4	1	2
50 to 99 beds	9	6	2	–	1
100 to 149 beds	7	1	1	1	4
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	3	1	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	–	1
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	2	–	–	1	1
500 to 749 beds	2	–	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	–	2
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NEW ENGLAND					
All hospitals	390	277	22	63	28
Less than 25 beds	16	11	3	2	—
25 to 49 beds	59	46	2	7	4
50 to 99 beds	101	74	10	9	8
100 to 149 beds	58	35	6	12	5
150 to 199 beds	40	31	—	5	4
200 to 249 beds	28	23	1	2	2
250 to 299 beds	27	21	—	6	—
300 to 399 beds	25	21	—	3	1
400 to 499 beds	13	6	—	4	3
500 to 749 beds	9	7	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	—	—	8	—
2,000 beds or more	3	—	—	3	—
Short-stay hospitals	313	258	16	22	17
Less than 25 beds	13	10	2	1	—
25 to 49 beds	49	41	1	3	4
50 to 99 beds	88	70	7	5	6
100 to 149 beds	49	34	5	8	2
150 to 199 beds	33	31	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	23	20	1	—	2
250 to 299 beds	21	19	—	2	—
300 to 399 beds	22	20	—	2	—
400 to 499 beds	6	5	—	—	1
500 to 749 beds	6	6	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	3	2	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	6	—	—	3	3
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	—	—	2	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	—	2
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	34	7	5	22	—
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	4	1	1	2	—
50 to 99 beds	6	3	2	1	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	1	1	—
150 to 199 beds	3	—	—	3	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	3	1	—	2	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	3	1	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	2	1	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	—	—	6	—
2,000 beds or more	3	—	—	3	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	37	12	1	16	8
Less than 25 beds	2	1	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	6	4	—	2	—
50 to 99 beds	5	1	1	1	2
100 to 149 beds	5	1	—	2	2
150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	5	3	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	3	1	—	2	—
300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	4	—	—	2	2
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					
All hospitals	824	595	92	74	63
Less than 25 beds	18	14	4	—	—
25 to 49 beds	56	41	10	1	4
50 to 99 beds	160	117	26	5	12
100 to 149 beds	134	97	20	9	8
150 to 199 beds	104	80	14	4	6
200 to 249 beds	97	68	17	5	7
250 to 299 beds	48	45	—	1	2
300 to 399 beds	73	61	1	5	6
400 to 499 beds	36	34	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	40	29	—	6	5
750 to 999 beds	15	7	—	4	4
1,000 to 1,999 beds	20	2	—	12	6
2,000 beds or more	23	—	—	20	3
Short-stay hospitals	707	563	77	20	47
Less than 25 beds	16	13	3	—	—
25 to 49 beds	47	37	7	—	3
50 to 99 beds	141	108	20	4	9
100 to 149 beds	122	92	18	6	6
150 to 199 beds	96	76	12	4	4
200 to 249 beds	86	65	16	1	4
250 to 299 beds	46	44	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	69	59	1	4	5
400 to 499 beds	32	32	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	33	28	—	1	4
750 to 999 beds	10	7	—	—	3
1,000 to 1,999 beds	7	2	—	—	5
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	—	2
Tuberculosis hospitals	10	1	—	6	3
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	1	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitals	74	13	13	45	3
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	6	1	3	1	1
50 to 99 beds	8	2	4	1	1
100 to 149 beds	5	2	2	1	—
150 to 199 beds	5	3	2	—	—
200 to 249 beds	6	3	1	2	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	3	—	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	3	—	—	3	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	12	—	—	12	—
2,000 beds or more	21	—	—	20	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	33	18	2	3	10
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	3	3	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	9	6	2	—	1
100 to 149 beds	5	3	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	2	1	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	3	—	—	—	3
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					
All hospitals	1,169	779	32	108	250
Less than 25 beds	38	25	3	–	10
25 to 49 beds	173	110	12	4	47
50 to 99 beds	307	179	10	21	97
100 to 149 beds	188	125	4	16	43
150 to 199 beds	116	81	3	18	14
200 to 249 beds	86	73	–	6	7
250 to 299 beds	55	46	–	3	6
300 to 399 beds	85	66	–	8	11
400 to 499 beds	43	40	–	–	3
500 to 749 beds	41	28	–	6	7
750 to 999 beds	12	5	–	5	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	18	1	–	15	2
2,000 beds or more	7	–	–	6	1
Short-stay hospitals	1,012	750	22	48	192
Less than 25 beds	33	24	3	–	6
25 to 49 beds	157	105	10	2	40
50 to 99 beds	269	167	8	16	78
100 to 149 beds	161	118	–	9	34
150 to 199 beds	99	79	1	7	12
200 to 249 beds	80	73	–	4	3
250 to 299 beds	50	45	–	–	5
300 to 399 beds	74	66	–	3	5
400 to 499 beds	41	39	–	–	2
500 to 749 beds	37	28	–	3	6
750 to 999 beds	8	5	–	3	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	–	1
Tuberculosis hospitals	47	3	–	9	35
Less than 25 beds	3	–	–	–	3
25 to 49 beds	6	2	–	–	4
50 to 99 beds	21	1	–	5	15
100 to 149 beds	6	–	–	–	6
150 to 199 beds	3	–	–	3	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	3	–	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	75	12	8	46	9
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	4	1	2	1	–
50 to 99 beds	7	5	1	–	1
100 to 149 beds	14	4	4	6	–
150 to 199 beds	9	1	1	7	–
200 to 249 beds	4	–	–	2	2
250 to 299 beds	3	–	–	2	1
300 to 399 beds	5	–	–	3	2
400 to 499 beds	1	1	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	3	–	–	3	–
750 to 999 beds	3	–	–	2	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	15	–	–	14	1
2,000 beds or more	6	–	–	6	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	35	14	2	5	14
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	6	2	–	1	3
50 to 99 beds	10	6	1	–	3
100 to 149 beds	7	3	–	1	3
150 to 199 beds	5	1	1	1	2
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	2	1	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	3	–	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
WEST NORTH CENTRAL					
All hospitals	936	530	43	55	308
Less than 25 beds	136	70	10	1	55
25 to 49 beds	331	163	18	9	141
50 to 99 beds	196	102	6	10	78
100 to 149 beds	98	72	5	5	16
150 to 199 beds	40	29	–	4	7
200 to 249 beds	27	21	3	1	2
250 to 299 beds	23	21	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	34	29	1	1	3
400 to 499 beds	16	10	–	3	3
500 to 749 beds	20	10	–	9	1
750 to 999 beds	7	2	–	5	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	1	–	7	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	887	521	41	21	304
Less than 25 beds	136	70	10	1	55
25 to 49 beds	328	162	18	7	141
50 to 99 beds	184	98	5	5	76
100 to 149 beds	93	70	4	3	16
150 to 199 beds	35	28	–	1	6
200 to 249 beds	25	20	3	–	2
250 to 299 beds	23	21	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	32	29	1	–	2
400 to 499 beds	15	10	–	2	3
500 to 749 beds	12	10	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	2	2	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	6	–	–	4	2
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	1	–
50 to 99 beds	3	–	–	1	2
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	31	3	1	27	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	5	–	1	4	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	3	1	–	2	–
200 to 249 beds	2	1	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	7	–	–	7	–
750 to 999 beds	5	–	–	5	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	–	–	6	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	12	6	1	3	2
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	1	–
50 to 99 beds	4	4	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	4	2	1	1	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
SOUTH ATLANTIC					
All hospitals	868	404	128	72	264
Less than 25 beds	44	12	22	3	7
25 to 49 beds	179	54	35	2	88
50 to 99 beds	229	102	44	8	75
100 to 149 beds	132	72	16	10	34
150 to 199 beds	67	44	4	2	17
200 to 249 beds	47	24	5	5	13
250 to 299 beds	36	24	1	3	8
300 to 399 beds	52	38	1	9	4
400 to 499 beds	32	20	–	4	8
500 to 749 beds	28	11	–	9	8
750 to 999 beds	4	3	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	10	–	–	9	1
2,000 beds or more	8	–	–	8	–
Short-stay hospitals	790	391	118	23	258
Less than 25 beds	42	12	22	1	7
25 to 49 beds	169	51	32	–	86
50 to 99 beds	218	98	40	5	75
100 to 149 beds	119	70	13	3	33
150 to 199 beds	65	42	4	2	17
200 to 249 beds	44	24	5	3	12
250 to 299 beds	31	22	1	–	8
300 to 399 beds	44	38	1	2	3
400 to 499 beds	31	20	–	3	8
500 to 749 beds	21	11	–	3	7
750 to 999 beds	4	3	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	1	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	15	–	–	14	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	1	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	–	–	2	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	6	–	–	6	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	3	–	–	3	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	51	8	10	32	1
Less than 25 beds	2	–	–	2	–
25 to 49 beds	8	3	3	1	1
50 to 99 beds	8	1	4	3	–
100 to 149 beds	9	1	3	5	–
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	3	2	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	3	–	–	3	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	–	–	8	–
2,000 beds or more	8	–	–	8	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	12	5	–	3	4
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	3	3	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	1	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	2	–	–	1	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL					
All hospitals	512	171	91	24	226
Less than 25 beds	45	15	19	–	11
25 to 49 beds	155	26	45	–	84
50 to 99 beds	148	46	22	–	80
100 to 149 beds	56	25	4	8	19
150 to 199 beds	35	13	–	5	17
200 to 249 beds	24	14	1	3	6
250 to 299 beds	9	7	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	20	14	–	2	4
400 to 499 beds	9	6	–	2	1
500 to 749 beds	6	3	–	1	2
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	1	–	3	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	479	163	91	5	220
Less than 25 beds	42	12	19	–	11
25 to 49 beds	151	24	45	–	82
50 to 99 beds	145	44	22	–	79
100 to 149 beds	48	25	4	1	18
150 to 199 beds	29	13	–	–	16
200 to 249 beds	21	14	1	1	5
250 to 299 beds	8	6	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	18	14	–	–	4
400 to 499 beds	9	6	–	2	1
500 to 749 beds	6	3	–	1	2
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	13	–	–	11	2
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	6	–	–	6	–
150 to 199 beds	3	–	–	2	1
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	–	–	2	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	10	3	–	7	–
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	2	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	–	–	3	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	10	5	–	1	4
Less than 25 beds	2	2	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	4	2	–	–	2
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL					
All hospitals	934	312	290	40	292
Less than 25 beds	129	18	78	—	33
25 to 49 beds	328	86	120	—	122
50 to 99 beds	224	74	59	6	85
100 to 149 beds	107	49	22	4	32
150 to 199 beds	45	28	7	4	6
200 to 249 beds	23	14	3	2	4
250 to 299 beds	17	10	1	3	3
300 to 399 beds	21	12	—	4	5
400 to 499 beds	16	12	—	4	—
500 to 749 beds	10	5	—	4	1
750 to 999 beds	8	3	—	4	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	1	—	3	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	894	301	285	19	289
Less than 25 beds	127	18	76	—	33
25 to 49 beds	324	83	120	—	121
50 to 99 beds	214	69	56	5	84
100 to 149 beds	103	48	22	2	31
150 to 199 beds	43	27	7	3	6
200 to 249 beds	20	13	3	—	4
250 to 299 beds	17	10	1	3	3
300 to 399 beds	18	12	—	1	5
400 to 499 beds	14	12	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	7	5	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	5	3	—	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	7	—	—	6	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	2	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	20	4	2	13	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	2	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	3	—	—	2	1
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	13	7	3	2	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	2	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	7	3	2	1	1
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MOUNTAIN					
All hospitals	400	228	19	22	131
Less than 25 beds	90	43	5	1	41
25 to 49 beds	129	71	9	4	45
50 to 99 beds	79	44	2	5	28
100 to 149 beds	35	23	—	3	9
150 to 199 beds	19	14	1	2	2
200 to 249 beds	14	13	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	7	4	1	2	—
300 to 399 beds	13	7	1	—	5
400 to 499 beds	7	5	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	5	4	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	370	214	17	10	129
Less than 25 beds	86	40	5	1	40
25 to 49 beds	123	68	7	4	44
50 to 99 beds	70	38	2	2	28
100 to 149 beds	31	22	—	—	9
150 to 199 beds	18	14	1	1	2
200 to 249 beds	13	12	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	6	4	1	1	—
300 to 399 beds	13	7	1	—	5
400 to 499 beds	6	5	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	4	4	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	4	—	1	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	13	5	—	8	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	5	3	—	2	—
100 to 149 beds	3	1	—	2	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	13	9	1	1	2
Less than 25 beds	4	3	—	—	1
25 to 49 beds	4	2	1	—	1
50 to 99 beds	3	3	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
PACIFIC					
All hospitals	878	398	232	44	204
Less than 25 beds	112	34	31	5	42
25 to 49 beds	214	69	83	4	58
50 to 99 beds	228	103	87	3	35
100 to 149 beds	106	59	23	4	20
150 to 199 beds	56	43	5	1	7
200 to 249 beds	47	33	2	2	10
250 to 299 beds	38	23	1	5	9
300 to 399 beds	30	19	–	1	10
400 to 499 beds	19	12	–	3	4
500 to 749 beds	10	3	–	3	4
750 to 999 beds	3	–	–	1	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	10	–	–	7	3
2,000 beds or more	5	–	–	5	–
Short-stay hospitals	789	379	209	17	184
Less than 25 beds	101	31	27	3	40
25 to 49 beds	202	65	77	3	57
50 to 99 beds	207	95	76	2	34
100 to 149 beds	93	55	21	2	15
150 to 199 beds	53	43	5	–	5
200 to 249 beds	43	33	2	1	7
250 to 299 beds	37	23	1	5	8
300 to 399 beds	29	19	–	–	10
400 to 499 beds	16	12	–	1	3
500 to 749 beds	6	3	–	–	3
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	6	1	–	1	4
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	2	1	–	1	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	47	10	16	20	1
Less than 25 beds	5	2	3	–	–
25 to 49 beds	4	1	3	–	–
50 to 99 beds	13	4	9	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	3	1	1	–
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	3	–	–	3	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	7	–	–	7	–
2,000 beds or more	5	–	–	5	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	36	8	7	6	15
Less than 25 beds	5	1	1	2	1
25 to 49 beds	8	3	3	1	1
50 to 99 beds	6	3	2	–	1
100 to 149 beds	7	1	1	1	4
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	–	1
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	2	–	–	1	1
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	–	2
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
ALABAMA					
All hospitals	126	35	19	1	71
Less than 25 beds	5	1	–	–	4
25 to 49 beds	35	1	7	–	27
50 to 99 beds	46	15	7	–	24
100 to 149 beds	14	4	4	–	6
150 to 199 beds	9	5	–	–	4
200 to 249 beds	6	3	1	–	2
250 to 299 beds	4	2	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	3	2	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	3	2	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	124	34	19	1	70
Less than 25 beds	5	1	–	–	4
25 to 49 beds	35	1	7	–	27
50 to 99 beds	45	14	7	–	24
100 to 149 beds	14	4	4	–	6
150 to 199 beds	8	5	–	–	3
200 to 249 beds	6	3	1	–	2
250 to 299 beds	4	2	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	3	2	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	3	2	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	–	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	1	1	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
ALASKA					
All hospitals	22	10	1	6	5
Less than 25 beds	8	4	–	2	2
25 to 49 beds	9	3	1	3	2
50 to 99 beds	3	2	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	19	9	1	4	5
Less than 25 beds	7	4	–	1	2
25 to 49 beds	8	2	1	3	2
50 to 99 beds	3	2	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	1	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
ARIZONA					
All hospitals	62	43	9	2	8
Less than 25 beds	10	7	2	–	1
25 to 49 beds	16	11	5	–	–
50 to 99 beds	14	9	1	–	4
100 to 149 beds	10	7	–	1	2
150 to 199 beds	3	3	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	1	–	–
300 to 399 beds	3	2	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	1	1	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	1	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	55	39	8	–	8
Less than 25 beds	9	6	2	–	1
25 to 49 beds	14	10	4	–	–
50 to 99 beds	12	7	1	–	4
100 to 149 beds	9	7	–	–	2
150 to 199 beds	3	3	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	1	–	–
300 to 399 beds	3	2	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	1	1	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	1	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	–	1	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	1	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	3	2	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	2	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

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Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
ARKANSAS					
All hospitals	107	27	22	5	53
Less than 25 beds	11	1	7	–	3
25 to 49 beds	34	4	7	–	23
50 to 99 beds	32	6	8	1	17
100 to 149 beds	16	8	–	–	8
150 to 199 beds	4	2	–	–	2
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	1	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	3	2	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	103	27	21	2	53
Less than 25 beds	10	1	6	–	3
25 to 49 beds	34	4	7	–	23
50 to 99 beds	32	6	8	1	17
100 to 149 beds	16	8	–	–	8
150 to 199 beds	4	2	–	–	2
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	1	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	3	2	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiotric hospitols	2	–	–	2	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	–	1	–	–
Less than 25 beds	1	–	1	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
CALIFORNIA					
All hospitals	608	257	196	19	136
Less than 25 beds	61	18	20	–	23
25 to 49 beds	137	35	67	–	35
50 to 99 beds	166	67	79	–	20
100 to 149 beds	78	40	22	2	14
150 to 199 beds	39	27	5	1	6
200 to 249 beds	36	24	2	1	9
250 to 299 beds	31	20	1	3	7
300 to 399 beds	25	16	–	–	9
400 to 499 beds	13	7	–	2	4
500 to 749 beds	7	3	–	–	4
750 to 999 beds	2	–	–	–	2
1,000 to 1,999 beds	8	–	–	5	3
2,000 beds or more	5	–	–	5	–
Short-stay hospitals	546	242	177	6	121
Less than 25 beds	55	15	18	–	22
25 to 49 beds	131	35	62	–	34
50 to 99 beds	147	59	69	–	19
100 to 149 beds	69	36	20	1	12
150 to 199 beds	36	27	5	–	4
200 to 249 beds	34	24	2	1	7
250 to 299 beds	30	20	1	3	6
300 to 399 beds	25	16	–	–	9
400 to 499 beds	11	7	–	1	3
500 to 749 beds	6	3	–	–	3
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	3	1	–	–	2
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiotric hospitols	35	9	13	12	1
Less than 25 beds	4	2	2	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	–	2	–	–
50 to 99 beds	12	4	8	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	3	1	1	–
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	–	–	5	–
2,000 beds or more	5	–	–	5	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	24	5	6	1	12
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	4	–	3	–	1
50 to 99 beds	6	3	2	–	1
100 to 149 beds	4	1	1	–	2
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	–	1
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	–	–	1	1
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	–	2
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
COLORADO					
All hospitals	92	60	2	6	24
Less than 25 beds	19	8	—	1	10
25 to 49 beds	25	17	1	—	7
50 to 99 beds	16	12	—	1	3
100 to 149 beds	8	7	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	5	2	1	1	1
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	4	3	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	4	2	—	—	2
400 to 499 beds	5	4	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	81	53	1	3	24
Less than 25 beds	18	7	—	1	10
25 to 49 beds	23	16	—	—	7
50 to 99 beds	12	9	—	—	3
100 to 149 beds	7	6	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	5	2	1	1	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	4	2	—	—	2
400 to 499 beds	5	4	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	5	2	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	1	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	6	5	1	—	—
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
CONNECTICUT					
All hospitals	51	40	1	9	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	10	9	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	4	3	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	7	6	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	4	2	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	6	5	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	7	7	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	6	5	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	35	33	—	1	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	7	6	—	—	1
100 to 149 beds	3	2	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	6	6	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	1	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	5	5	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	6	6	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	4	4	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	8	3	1	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	8	4	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	3	1	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
DELAWARE					
All hospitals	9	7	–	2	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	4	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	7	7	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	4	4	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA					
All hospitals	16	11	1	2	2
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	2	1	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	4	4	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	2	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	3	1	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	1	–
Short-stay hospitals	12	11	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	4	4	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	2	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	2	1	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	3	–	1	1	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	1	–	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	1	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	–	–	–	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
FLORIDA					
All hospitals	185	87	30	8	60
Less than 25 beds	8	3	5	—	—
25 to 49 beds	35	16	3	—	16
50 to 99 beds	47	17	11	—	19
100 to 149 beds	24	11	6	—	7
150 to 199 beds	16	9	1	—	6
200 to 249 beds	14	7	4	—	3
250 to 299 beds	8	7	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	7	7	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	10	6	—	1	3
500 to 749 beds	10	4	—	2	4
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	—	—	4	1
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—
Short-stay hospitals	176	86	29	1	60
Less than 25 beds	8	3	5	—	—
25 to 49 beds	34	15	3	—	16
50 to 99 beds	46	17	10	—	19
100 to 149 beds	24	11	6	—	7
150 to 199 beds	16	9	1	—	6
200 to 249 beds	14	7	4	—	3
250 to 299 beds	8	7	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	7	7	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	10	6	—	1	3
500 to 749 beds	8	4	—	—	4
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	—	—	2	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	7	1	1	5	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	—	—	4	—
2,000 beds or more	1	—	—	1	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
GEORGIA					
All hospitals	165	23	26	5	111
Less than 25 beds	13	—	8	—	5
25 to 49 beds	63	3	10	—	50
50 to 99 beds	42	4	7	1	30
100 to 149 beds	19	7	1	1	10
150 to 199 beds	5	3	—	—	2
200 to 249 beds	6	—	—	1	5
250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	6	5	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	6	1	—	2	3
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	—	2
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	157	23	21	2	111
Less than 25 beds	13	—	8	—	5
25 to 49 beds	61	3	8	—	50
50 to 99 beds	39	4	5	—	30
100 to 149 beds	17	7	—	—	10
150 to 199 beds	5	3	—	—	2
200 to 249 beds	6	—	—	1	5
250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	6	5	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	5	1	—	1	3
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	—	2
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	7	—	5	2	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	—	2	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	—	2	1	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	1	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
HAWAII					
All hospitals	26	14	1	6	5
Less than 25 beds	3	2	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	6	4	1	—	1
50 to 99 beds	4	2	—	1	1
100 to 149 beds	7	3	—	2	2
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	20	13	1	3	3
Less than 25 beds	3	2	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	5	3	1	—	1
50 to 99 beds	4	2	—	1	1
100 to 149 beds	4	3	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	5	1	—	2	2
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	3	—	—	1	2
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
IDAHO					
All hospitals	48	15	1	4	28
Less than 25 beds	12	2	1	—	9
25 to 49 beds	20	5	—	2	13
50 to 99 beds	8	2	—	2	4
100 to 149 beds	4	2	—	—	2
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	46	15	1	2	28
Less than 25 beds	12	2	1	—	9
25 to 49 beds	20	5	—	2	13
50 to 99 beds	6	2	—	-	4
100 to 149 beds	4	2	—	—	2
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL[1] AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
ILLINOIS					
All hospitals	302	203	15	31	53
Less than 25 beds	6	4	1	–	1
25 to 49 beds	31	14	6	–	11
50 to 99 beds	68	38	4	5	21
100 to 149 beds	60	41	3	3	13
150 to 199 beds	35	28	1	3	3
200 to 249 beds	29	25	–	2	2
250 to 299 beds	14	13	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	24	20	–	4	–
400 to 499 beds	10	10	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	12	8	–	4	–
750 to 999 beds	3	2	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	7	–	–	6	1
2,000 beds or more	3	–	–	2	1
Short-stay hospitals	269	196	11	17	45
Less than 25 beds	5	4	1	–	–
25 to 49 beds	31	14	6	–	11
50 to 99 beds	60	33	4	5	18
100 to 149 beds	54	40	–	3	11
150 to 199 beds	31	27	–	1	3
200 to 249 beds	28	25	–	2	1
250 to 299 beds	13	13	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	22	20	–	2	–
400 to 499 beds	10	10	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	10	8	–	2	–
750 to 999 beds	3	2	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	–	1
Tuberculosis hospitals	10	1	–	2	7
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	4	1	–	–	3
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	19	3	4	12	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	4	1	3	–	–
150 to 199 beds	3	1	1	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	2	–	–	2	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	–	–	5	–
2,000 beds or more	2	–	–	2	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	3	–	–	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	3	3	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
INDIANA					
All hospitals	138	59	4	17	58
Less than 25 beds	4	4	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	19	6	1	1	11
50 to 99 beds	46	12	2	4	28
100 to 149 beds	19	4	–	2	13
150 to 199 beds	12	5	1	4	2
200 to 249 beds	5	5	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	8	6	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	12	10	–	1	1
400 to 499 beds	3	3	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	5	3	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	4	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	120	56	3	8	53
Less than 25 beds	4	4	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	15	5	–	1	9
50 to 99 beds	43	12	2	2	27
100 to 149 beds	16	3	–	2	11
150 to 199 beds	9	4	1	2	2
200 to 249 beds	5	5	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	8	6	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	12	10	–	1	1
400 to 499 beds	3	3	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	4	3	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	6	–	–	3	3
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	3	–	–	2	1
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	8	1	1	6	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	1	1	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	4	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	2	–	–	2
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	1	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	1	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
IOWA					
All hospitals	150	76	5	7	62
Less than 25 beds	8	1	4	—	3
25 to 49 beds	53	25	—	—	28
50 to 99 beds	39	15	—	1	23
100 to 149 beds	18	10	1	—	7
150 to 199 beds	8	6	—	1	1
200 to 249 beds	4	4	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	6	6	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	8	7	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	—	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	142	74	5	1	62
Less than 25 beds	8	1	4	—	3
25 to 49 beds	53	25	—	—	28
50 to 99 beds	36	13	—	—	23
100 to 149 beds	18	10	1	—	7
150 to 199 beds	7	6	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	4	4	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	6	6	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	7	7	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or mare	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	5	—	—	5	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	—	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay generol and special hospitols	2	2	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, ond bed size	All hospitals	Voluntory hospitals	Proprietary haspitols	State hospitols[1]	Local haspitols
KANSAS					
All hospitals	171	78	7	13	73
Less thon 25 beds	39	15	2	—	22
25 to 49 beds	54	18	2	4	30
50 to 99 beds	37	21	—	4	12
100 ta 149 beds	19	11	2	1	5
150 to 199 beds	10	6	—	—	4
200 to 249 beds	3	2	1	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	1	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	4	1	—	3	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay haspitols	163	76	6	9	72
Less thon 25 beds	39	15	2	—	22
25 ta 49 beds	52	17	2	3	30
50 ta 99 beds	37	21	—	4	12
100 ta 149 beds	18	11	1	1	5
150 to 199 beds	8	5	—	—	3
200 to 249 beds	3	2	1	—	—
250 ta 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	1	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis haspitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less thon 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 ta 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric haspitols	5	2	—	3	—
Less thon 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 ta 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	3	—	—	3	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or mare	—	—	—	—	—
Other lang-stay generol ond special haspitols	2	—	1	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 ta 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	1	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
KENTUCKY					
All hospitals	131	76	11	12	32
Less than 25 beds	11	9	2	–	–
25 to 49 beds	38	16	5	–	17
50 to 99 beds	30	18	4	–	8
100 to 149 beds	22	13	–	6	3
150 to 199 beds	8	5	–	1	2
200 to 249 beds	5	4	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	3	3	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	9	6	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	2	2	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	–	–	3	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	113	72	11	1	29
Less than 25 beds	10	8	2	–	–
25 to 49 beds	36	15	5	–	16
50 to 99 beds	28	17	4	–	7
100 to 149 beds	15	13	–	–	2
150 to 199 beds	7	5	–	–	2
200 to 249 beds	5	4	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	2	2	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	8	6	–	–	2
400 to 499 beds	2	2	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	7	–	–	6	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	5	–	–	5	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	5	1	–	4	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	–	–	3	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	6	3	–	1	2
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	1	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
LOUISIANA					
All hospitals	138	34	47	16	41
Less than 25 beds	18	2	14	–	2
25 to 49 beds	41	2	22	–	17
50 to 99 beds	31	8	6	3	14
100 to 149 beds	17	5	3	2	7
150 to 199 beds	12	6	2	4	–
200 to 249 beds	4	4	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	2	–	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	8	4	–	3	1
400 to 499 beds	3	3	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	132	33	46	12	41
Less than 25 beds	18	2	14	–	2
25 to 49 beds	41	2	22	–	17
50 to 99 beds	29	8	5	2	14
100 to 149 beds	17	5	3	2	7
150 to 199 beds	11	6	2	3	–
200 to 249 beds	3	3	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	2	–	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	6	4	–	1	1
400 to 499 beds	3	3	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	3	1	–	2	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	–	1	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	2	–	1	1	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MAINE					
All hospitals	64	54	3	4	3
Less than 25 beds	8	7	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	22	19	1	1	1
50 to 99 beds	20	17	1	1	1
100 to 149 beds	7	5	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	2	2	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	61	54	3	2	2
Less than 25 beds	8	7	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	22	19	1	1	1
50 to 99 beds	19	17	1	—	1
100 to 149 beds	6	5	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	2	2	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MARYLAND					
All hospitals	62	44	3	11	4
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	4	2	2	—	—
50 to 99 beds	10	8	1	—	1
100 to 149 beds	7	7	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	5	3	—	1	1
250 to 299 beds	8	6	—	2	—
300 to 399 beds	11	8	—	2	1
400 to 499 beds	5	4	—	—	1
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	46	40	2	1	3
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	10	8	1	—	1
100 to 149 beds	6	6	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	4	4	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	9	8	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	5	4	—	—	1
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	—	—	1	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	10	3	1	6	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	3	2	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	1	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MASSACHUSETTS					
All hospitals	196	118	17	40	21
Less than 25 beds	4	1	2	1	–
25 to 49 beds	18	12	–	5	1
50 to 99 beds	49	29	8	6	6
100 to 149 beds	35	18	6	8	3
150 to 199 beds	25	17	–	4	4
200 to 249 beds	17	14	1	–	2
250 to 299 beds	17	12	–	5	–
300 to 399 beds	16	12	–	3	1
400 to 499 beds	6	1	–	2	3
500 to 749 beds	3	1	–	2	–
750 to 999 beds	2	1	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	4	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	151	110	12	18	11
Less than 25 beds	2	–	1	1	–
25 to 49 beds	12	9	–	2	1
50 to 99 beds	43	29	5	5	4
100 to 149 beds	29	18	5	5	1
150 to 199 beds	19	17	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	15	12	1	–	2
250 to 299 beds	12	10	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	14	12	–	2	–
400 to 499 beds	2	1	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	1	1	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	2	1	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	4	–	–	1	3
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	–	–	1	1
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	–	2
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	18	1	4	13	–
Less than 25 beds	1	–	1	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	–	–	2	–
50 to 99 beds	3	–	2	1	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	1	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	2	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	3	1	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	–	–	3	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	23	7	1	8	7
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	4	3	–	1	–
50 to 99 beds	3	–	1	–	2
100 to 149 beds	3	–	–	2	1
150 to 199 beds	2	–	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	2	1	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	3	–	–	1	2
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MICHIGAN					
All hospitals	272	190	5	19	58
Less than 25 beds	13	8	1	–	4
25 to 49 beds	47	37	1	1	8
50 to 99 beds	69	42	2	3	22
100 to 149 beds	39	31	–	2	6
150 to 199 beds	33	24	1	3	5
200 to 249 beds	16	14	–	1	1
250 to 299 beds	13	10	–	–	3
300 to 399 beds	14	11	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	11	8	–	–	3
500 to 749 beds	7	4	–	–	3
750 to 999 beds	2	1	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	3	1
2,000 beds or more	4	–	–	4	–
Short-stay hospitals	236	183	3	5	45
Less than 25 beds	13	8	1	–	4
25 to 49 beds	44	37	1	–	6
50 to 99 beds	57	37	1	2	17
100 to 149 beds	36	30	–	–	6
150 to 199 beds	28	24	–	1	3
200 to 249 beds	16	14	–	1	1
250 to 299 beds	13	10	–	–	3
300 to 399 beds	12	11	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	9	7	–	–	2
500 to 749 beds	6	4	–	–	2
750 to 999 beds	2	1	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	6	–	–	1	5
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	3	–	–	1	2
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	16	4	1	9	2
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	4	2	1	–	1
100 to 149 beds	2	1	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	1	1	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	3	1
2,000 beds or more	4	–	–	4	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	14	3	1	4	6
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	–	–	1	1
50 to 99 beds	5	3	–	–	2
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	4	–	1	1	2
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	–	–	1	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MINNESOTA					
All hospitals	200	106	1	15	78
Less than 25 beds	24	12	—	1	11
25 to 49 beds	85	35	1	3	46
50 to 99 beds	31	14	—	1	16
100 to 149 beds	23	19	—	2	2
150 to 199 beds	3	2	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	7	7	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	10	9	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	5	2	—	2	1
500 to 749 beds	6	3	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	3	1	—	2	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	187	104	1	6	76
Less than 25 beds	24	12	—	1	11
25 to 49 beds	85	35	1	3	46
50 to 99 beds	27	13	—	—	14
100 to 149 beds	21	18	—	1	2
150 to 199 beds	3	2	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	7	7	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	10	9	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	4	2	—	1	1
500 to 749 beds	3	3	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	3	—	—	1	2
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	3	—	—	1	2
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	7	—	—	7	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	3	—	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	2	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	1	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MISSISSIPPI					
All hospitals	100	18	13	2	67
Less than 25 beds	11	1	5	—	5
25 to 49 beds	35	2	8	—	25
50 to 99 beds	27	4	—	—	23
100 to 149 beds	11	5	—	—	6
150 to 199 beds	8	3	—	—	5
200 to 249 beds	4	1	—	—	3
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	3	2	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	99	18	13	1	67
Less than 25 beds	11	1	5	—	5
25 to 49 beds	35	2	8	—	25
50 to 99 beds	27	4	—	—	23
100 to 149 beds	11	5	—	—	6
150 to 199 beds	8	3	—	—	5
200 to 249 beds	4	1	—	—	3
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	2	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MISSOURI					
All hospitals	175	94	26	11	44
Less than 25 beds	13	9	3	–	1
25 to 49 beds	33	13	12	–	8
50 to 99 beds	53	20	6	2	25
100 to 149 beds	20	15	2	1	2
150 to 199 beds	7	5	–	1	1
200 to 249 beds	12	8	2	1	1
250 to 299 beds	7	5	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	13	10	1	–	2
400 to 499 beds	6	4	–	1	1
500 to 749 beds	6	4	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	5	1	–	4	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	162	92	25	2	43
Less than 25 beds	13	9	3	–	1
25 to 49 beds	33	13	12	–	8
50 to 99 beds	50	20	5	–	25
100 to 149 beds	19	14	2	1	2
150 to 199 beds	6	5	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	10	7	2	–	1
250 to 299 beds	7	5	–	–	2
300 to 399 beds	12	10	1	–	1
400 to 499 beds	6	4	–	1	1
500 to 749 beds	5	4	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	10	1	1	8	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	3	–	1	2	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	2	1	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	4	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	1	–	1	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
MONTANA					
All hospitals	65	50	1	3	11
Less than 25 beds	25	15	1	–	9
25 to 49 beds	18	17	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	10	9	–	1	–
100 to 149 beds	4	2	–	1	1
150 to 199 beds	5	4	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	61	49	1	1	10
Less than 25 beds	23	14	1	–	8
25 to 49 beds	18	17	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	10	9	–	1	–
100 to 149 beds	3	2	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	4	4	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	2	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	–	–	1
Less than 25 beds	2	1	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NEBRASKA					
All hospitals	112	68	4	6	34
Less than 25 beds	23	12	1	–	10
25 to 49 beds	49	24	3	1	21
50 to 99 beds	17	15	–	1	1
100 to 149 beds	7	6	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	7	5	–	2	–
200 to 249 beds	2	1	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	2	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	1	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	3	2	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	108	68	4	2	34
Less than 25 beds	23	12	1	–	10
25 to 49 beds	49	24	3	1	21
50 to 99 beds	16	15	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	6	6	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	6	5	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	2	1	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	2	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	1	–	–	1
500 to 749 beds	2	2	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	3	–	–	3	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	1	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NEVADA					
All hospitals	21	4	4	1	12
Less than 25 beds	4	–	1	–	3
25 to 49 beds	9	2	2	–	5
50 to 99 beds	2	–	–	–	2
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	3	–	1	–	2
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	19	3	4	–	12
Less than 25 beds	4	–	1	–	3
25 to 49 beds	8	1	2	–	5
50 to 99 beds	2	–	–	–	2
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	3	–	1	–	2
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NEW HAMPSHIRE					
All hospitals	35	29	1	2	3
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	12	10	–	–	2
50 to 99 beds	9	8	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	8	6	–	1	1
150 to 199 beds	3	3	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	1	–
Short-stay hospitals	32	27	1	1	3
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	10	8	–	–	2
50 to 99 beds	9	8	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	8	6	–	1	1
150 to 199 beds	3	3	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	2	1	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	1	–	–	1	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	1	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NEW JERSEY					
All hospitals	120	95	6	7	12
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	8	8	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	11	9	2	–	–
100 to 149 beds	20	17	1	–	2
150 to 199 beds	14	11	2	–	1
200 to 249 beds	16	12	1	–	3
250 to 299 beds	8	7	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	18	17	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	9	9	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	6	3	–	1	2
750 to 999 beds	2	1	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	–	–	2	2
2,000 beds or more	3	–	–	2	1
Short-stay hospitals	105	94	4	1	6
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	7	7	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	11	9	2	–	–
100 to 149 beds	19	17	–	–	2
150 to 199 beds	12	11	1	–	–
200 to 249 beds	14	12	1	–	1
250 to 299 beds	7	7	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	17	17	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	9	9	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	5	3	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	–	2
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	–	–	1	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	8	–	2	5	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	1	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	–	1	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	2	–
2,000 beds or more	3	–	–	2	1
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	5	1	–	–	4
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	–	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NEW MEXICO					
All hospitals	46	27	—	1	18
Less than 25 beds	6	2	—	—	4
25 to 49 beds	16	10	—	1	5
50 to 99 beds	15	9	—	—	6
100 to 149 beds	4	2	—	—	2
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	45	26	—	1	18
Less than 25 beds	6	2	—	—	4
25 to 49 beds	16	10	—	1	5
50 to 99 beds	14	8	—	—	6
100 to 149 beds	4	2	—	—	2
150 to 199 beds	1	—	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	3	3	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	1	1	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
NEW YORK					
All hospitals	407	258	66	34	49
Less than 25 beds	11	9	2	—	—
25 to 49 beds	26	14	7	1	4
50 to 99 beds	91	61	16	3	11
100 to 149 beds	61	38	14	3	6
150 to 199 beds	47	29	11	2	5
200 to 249 beds	49	26	16	3	4
250 to 299 beds	25	23	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	34	25	—	4	5
400 to 499 beds	15	13	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	18	15	—	—	3
750 to 999 beds	7	3	—	—	4
1,000 to 1,999 beds	9	2	—	4	3
2,000 beds or more	14	—	—	12	2
Short-stay hospitals	348	243	56	9	40
Less than 25 beds	10	9	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	21	14	4	—	3
50 to 99 beds	80	57	12	2	9
100 to 149 beds	54	35	14	1	4
150 to 199 beds	44	28	10	2	4
200 to 249 beds	42	24	15	—	3
250 to 299 beds	25	23	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	32	23	—	4	5
400 to 499 beds	11	11	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	17	14	—	—	3
750 to 999 beds	6	3	—	—	3
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	2	—	—	2
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	—	2
Tuberculosis hospitals	5	1	—	3	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	36	4	9	21	2
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	5	—	3	1	1
50 to 99 beds	5	—	3	1	1
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	—	1	—	—
200 to 249 beds	4	2	1	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	4	—	—	4	—
2,000 beds or more	12	—	—	12	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	18	10	1	1	6
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	5	3	1	—	1
100 to 149 beds	4	2	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	2	1	—	—	1
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	—	1
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NORTH CAROLINA					
All hospitals	150	92	11	13	34
Less than 25 beds	10	6	3	—	1
25 to 49 beds	24	14	4	—	6
50 to 99 beds	39	25	3	4	7
100 to 149 beds	32	20	1	2	9
150 to 199 beds	15	9	—	—	6
200 to 249 beds	7	4	—	—	3
250 to 299 beds	8	5	—	1	2
300 to 399 beds	6	3	—	3	—
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	3	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	138	89	11	5	33
Less than 25 beds	10	6	3	—	1
25 to 49 beds	24	14	4	—	6
50 to 99 beds	36	23	3	3	7
100 to 149 beds	29	19	1	1	8
150 to 199 beds	15	9	—	—	6
200 to 249 beds	7	4	—	—	3
250 to 299 beds	7	5	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	4	3	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	3	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	4	—	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	2	—	—	2	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	5	1	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	2	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	2	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
NORTH DAKOTA					
All hospitals	62	59	—	2	1
Less than 25 beds	12	12	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	27	25	—	1	1
50 to 99 beds	11	11	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	5	5	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	59	58	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	12	12	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	26	25	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	10	10	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	5	5	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	4	4	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

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Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
OHIO					
All hospitals	267	179	3	34	51
Less than 25 beds	5	4	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	25	15	1	1	8
50 to 99 beds	69	41	1	8	19
100 to 149 beds	51	33	1	8	9
150 to 199 beds	27	16	–	8	3
200 to 249 beds	22	17	–	3	2
250 to 299 beds	12	10	–	2	–
300 to 399 beds	22	15	–	1	6
400 to 499 beds	16	16	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	12	10	–	–	2
750 to 999 beds	3	1	–	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	3	1	–	2	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	221	172	2	14	33
Less than 25 beds	4	3	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	20	13	1	–	6
50 to 99 beds	59	40	1	6	12
100 to 149 beds	39	31	–	3	5
150 to 199 beds	22	16	–	3	3
200 to 249 beds	19	17	–	1	1
250 to 299 beds	9	9	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	18	15	–	–	3
400 to 499 beds	16	16	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	12	10	–	–	2
750 to 999 beds	2	1	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	16	–	–	3	13
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	8	–	–	2	6
100 to 149 beds	3	–	–	–	3
150 to 199 beds	1	–	–	1	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	–	–	–	2
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	19	2	1	16	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	–	–	1	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	7	1	1	5	–
150 to 199 beds	4	–	–	4	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	2	–
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	–	–	2	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	11	5	–	1	5
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	3	2	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	2	1	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	2	1	–	1	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	–	1
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
OKLAHOMA					
All hospitals	143	56	25	7	55
Less than 25 beds	18	3	7	–	8
25 to 49 beds	55	18	13	–	24
50 to 99 beds	35	12	4	1	18
100 to 149 beds	14	10	1	1	2
150 to 199 beds	7	5	–	–	2
200 to 249 beds	4	2	–	1	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	2	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	5	3	–	2	–
500 to 749 beds	2	1	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	136	55	25	2	54
Less than 25 beds	18	3	7	–	8
25 to 49 beds	55	18	13	–	24
50 to 99 beds	33	11	4	1	17
100 to 149 beds	13	10	1	–	2
150 to 199 beds	7	5	–	–	2
200 to 249 beds	3	2	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	2	2	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	4	3	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	1	1	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	5	1	–	4	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	1	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	–	–	1	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1] Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
OREGON					
All hospitals	94	44	19	9	22
Less than 25 beds	16	2	6	2	6
25 to 49 beds	32	12	9	1	10
50 to 99 beds	23	13	3	2	5
100 to 149 beds	7	6	1	–	–
150 to 199 beds	5	5	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	3	1	–	1	1
300 to 399 beds	2	2	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	3	2	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	86	43	18	3	22
Less than 25 beds	14	2	5	1	6
25 to 49 beds	30	11	9	–	10
50 to 99 beds	22	13	3	1	5
100 to 149 beds	7	6	1	–	–
150 to 199 beds	5	5	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	1	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	3	1	–	1	1
300 to 399 beds	2	2	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	2	2	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	1	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	3	–	–	3	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	1	–	–	1	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	1	1	2	–
Less than 25 beds	2	–	1	1	–
25 to 49 beds	2	1	–	1	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietory hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
PENNSYLVANIA					
All hospitals	297	242	20	33	2
Less than 25 beds	6	4	2	–	–
25 to 49 beds	22	19	3	–	–
50 to 99 beds	58	47	8	2	1
100 to 149 beds	53	42	5	6	–
150 to 199 beds	43	40	1	2	–
200 to 249 beds	32	30	–	2	–
250 to 299 beds	15	15	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	21	19	1	1	–
400 to 499 beds	12	12	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	16	11	–	5	–
750 to 999 beds	6	3	–	3	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	7	–	–	6	1
2,000 beds or more	6	–	–	6	–
Short-stay hospitals	254	226	17	10	1
Less than 25 beds	5	3	2	–	–
25 to 49 beds	19	16	3	–	–
50 to 99 beds	50	42	6	2	–
100 to 149 beds	49	40	4	5	–
150 to 199 beds	40	37	1	2	–
200 to 249 beds	30	29	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	14	14	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	20	19	1	–	–
400 to 499 beds	12	12	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	11	11	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	3	3	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	–	–	–	1
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	3	–	–	2	1
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	–	–	1
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	1	–	–	1	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	30	9	2	19	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	1	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	3	2	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	3	1	1	1	–
150 to 199 beds	3	3	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	1	–	1	–
250 to 299 beds	1	1	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	3	–	–	3	–
750 to 999 beds	2	–	–	2	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	6	–	–	6	–
2,000 beds or more	6	–	–	6	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	10	7	1	2	–
Less than 25 beds	1	1	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	2	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	4	3	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	1	–	–	1	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
RHODE ISLAND					
All hospitals	21	16	—	5	—
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	3	2	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	3	2	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	4	4	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	—	—	2	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	15	15	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	2	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	4	4	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	3	3	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	1	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	3	1	—	2	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	3	—	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
SOUTH CAROLINA					
All hospitals	77	29	6	9	33
Less than 25 beds	3	1	1	1	—
25 to 49 beds	14	3	4	—	7
50 to 99 beds	26	14	—	1	11
100 to 149 beds	13	5	—	1	7
150 to 199 beds	8	3	1	1	3
200 to 249 beds	2	1	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	1	1
500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	70	27	6	5	32
Less than 25 beds	3	1	1	1	—
25 to 49 beds	13	3	4	—	6
50 to 99 beds	24	12	—	1	11
100 to 149 beds	12	5	—	—	7
150 to 199 beds	8	3	1	1	3
200 to 249 beds	2	1	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	2	—	—	—	2
300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	1	1
500 to 749 beds	2	1	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	4	1	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	1	1	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
SOUTH DAKOTA					
All hospitals	66	49	—	1	16
Less than 25 beds	17	9	—	—	8
25 to 49 beds	30	23	—	—	7
50 to 99 beds	8	6	—	1	1
100 to 149 beds	6	6	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	66	49	—	1	16
Less than 25 beds	17	9	—	—	8
25 to 49 beds	30	23	—	—	7
50 to 99 beds	8	6	—	1	1
100 to 149 beds	6	6	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
TENNESSEE					
All hospitals	155	42	48	9	56
Less than 25 beds	18	4	12	—	2
25 to 49 beds	47	7	25	—	15
50 to 99 beds	45	9	11	—	25
100 to 149 beds	9	3	—	2	4
150 to 199 beds	10	—	—	4	6
200 to 249 beds	9	6	—	2	1
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	7	6	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	3	2	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	—	2
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	143	39	48	2	54
Less than 25 beds	16	2	12	—	2
25 to 49 beds	45	6	25	—	14
50 to 99 beds	45	9	11	—	25
100 to 149 beds	8	3	—	1	4
150 to 199 beds	6	—	—	—	6
200 to 249 beds	6	6	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	2	2	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	7	6	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	3	2	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	3	1	—	—	2
750 to 999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	4	—	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	2	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	4	1	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	2	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	4	2	—	—	2
Less than 25 beds	1	1	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
TEXAS					
All hospitals	546	195	196	12	143
Less than 25 beds	82	12	50	—	20
25 to 49 beds	198	62	78	—	58
50 to 99 beds	126	48	41	1	36
100 to 149 beds	60	26	18	1	15
150 to 199 beds	22	15	5	—	2
200 to 249 beds	13	6	3	1	3
250 to 299 beds	14	9	1	1	3
300 to 399 beds	9	5	—	—	4
400 to 499 beds	5	4	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	6	4	—	1	1
750 to 999 beds	7	3	—	3	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	2	1	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Short-stay hospitals	523	186	193	3	141
Less than 25 beds	81	12	49	—	20
25 to 49 beds	194	59	78	—	57
50 to 99 beds	120	44	39	1	36
100 to 149 beds	57	25	18	—	14
150 to 199 beds	21	14	5	—	2
200 to 249 beds	12	6	3	—	3
250 to 299 beds	14	9	1	1	3
300 to 399 beds	9	5	—	—	4
400 to 499 beds	4	4	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	5	4	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	5	3	—	1	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	1	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	5	—	—	4	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	—	1	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	10	2	2	5	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	1	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	2	1	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	2	—	—	2	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	8	7	1	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	2	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	4	3	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
UTAH					
All hospitals	37	15	2	3	17
Less than 25 beds	9	5	—	—	4
25 to 49 beds	12	1	1	1	9
50 to 99 beds	6	1	1	—	4
100 to 149 beds	3	2	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	2	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	35	15	2	2	16
Less than 25 beds	9	5	—	—	4
25 to 49 beds	11	1	1	1	8
50 to 99 beds	6	1	1	—	4
100 to 149 beds	2	2	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	2	2	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	—	—	1	—
300 to 399 beds	2	2	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	1	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	—	1
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
VERMONT					
All hospitals	23	20	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	3	2	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	4	4	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	10	9	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	2	2	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	2	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	19	19	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	2	2	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	4	4	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	9	9	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	1	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	2	2	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	2	1	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	1	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	1	—	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
VIRGINIA					
All hospitals	119	73	26	16	4
Less than 25 beds	2	—	2	—	—
25 to 49 beds	15	9	4	—	2
50 to 99 beds	34	21	11	1	1
100 to 149 beds	23	13	5	5	—
150 to 199 beds	12	9	2	1	—
200 to 249 beds	7	5	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	5	4	1	—	—
300 to 399 beds	12	7	1	3	1
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	5	2	—	3	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	105	71	24	7	3
Less than 25 beds	2	—	2	—	—
25 to 49 beds	15	9	4	—	2
50 to 99 beds	34	21	11	1	1
100 to 149 beds	18	13	3	2	—
150 to 199 beds	10	7	2	1	—
200 to 249 beds	6	5	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	5	4	1	—	—
300 to 399 beds	8	7	1	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	3	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	3	2	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	3	—	—	3	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	3	—	—	3	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	9	1	2	6	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	5	—	2	3	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	2	—	—	2	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	1	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	1	—	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
WASHINGTON					
All hospitals	128	73	15	4	36
Less than 25 beds	24	8	5	—	11
25 to 49 beds	30	15	5	—	10
50 to 99 beds	32	19	5	—	8
100 to 149 beds	13	9	—	—	4
150 to 199 beds	11	11	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	7	6	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	4	2	—	1	1
300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	118	72	12	1	33
Less than 25 beds	22	8	4	—	10
25 to 49 beds	28	14	4	—	10
50 to 99 beds	31	19	4	—	8
100 to 149 beds	12	9	—	—	3
150 to 199 beds	11	11	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	6	6	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	4	2	—	1	1
300 to 399 beds	2	1	—	—	1
400 to 499 beds	2	2	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	2	—	—	—	2
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	—	—	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	—	1
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	7	1	3	3	—
Less than 25 beds	1	—	1	—	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	1	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	1	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	—	—	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	—	—	1
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
WEST VIRGINIA					
All hospitals	85	38	25	6	16
Less than 25 beds	7	1	3	2	1
25 to 49 beds	22	6	8	2	6
50 to 99 beds	29	12	10	1	6
100 to 149 beds	9	5	3	—	1
150 to 199 beds	5	5	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	5	3	1	—	1
250 to 299 beds	3	2	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	4	3	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	79	37	25	1	16
Less than 25 beds	5	1	3	—	1
25 to 49 beds	19	5	8	—	6
50 to 99 beds	28	12	10	—	6
100 to 149 beds	9	5	3	—	1
150 to 199 beds	5	5	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	5	3	1	—	1
250 to 299 beds	3	2	—	—	1
300 to 399 beds	4	3	—	1	—
400 to 499 beds	1	1	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	1	—	—	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiatric hospitals	5	1	—	4	—
Less than 25 beds	2	—	—	2	—
25 to 49 beds	2	1	—	1	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
WISCONSIN					
All hospitals	190	148	5	7	30
Less than 25 beds	10	5	1	–	4
25 to 49 beds	51	38	3	1	9
50 to 99 beds	55	46	1	1	7
100 to 149 beds	19	16	–	1	2
150 to 199 beds	9	8	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	14	12	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	8	7	–	–	1
300 to 399 beds	13	10	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	3	3	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	5	3	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	3	–	–	2	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	166	143	3	4	16
Less than 25 beds	7	5	1	–	1
25 to 49 beds	47	36	2	1	8
50 to 99 beds	50	45	–	1	4
100 to 149 beds	16	14	–	1	1
150 to 199 beds	9	8	–	–	1
200 to 249 beds	12	12	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	7	7	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	10	10	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	3	3	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	5	3	–	1	1
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	9	2	–	–	7
Less than 25 beds	2	–	–	–	2
25 to 49 beds	3	2	–	–	1
50 to 99 beds	3	–	–	–	3
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	13	2	1	3	7
Less than 25 beds	1	–	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	1	–	1	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	1	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	2	–	–	–	2
250 to 299 beds	1	–	–	–	1
300 to 399 beds	3	–	–	1	2
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	3	–	–	2	1
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	2	1	1	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	1	–	1	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	1	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
WYOMING					
All hospitals	29	14	–	2	13
Less than 25 beds	5	4	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	13	8	–	–	5
50 to 99 beds	8	2	–	1	5
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Short-stay hospitals	28	14	–	1	13
Less than 25 beds	5	4	–	–	1
25 to 49 beds	13	8	–	–	5
50 to 99 beds	8	2	–	1	5
100 to 149 beds	1	–	–	–	1
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	1	–	–	–	1
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Tuberculosis hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric hospitals	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	–	–	–	–	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	–	–	1	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–
200 to 249 beds	–	–	–	–	–
250 to 299 beds	–	–	–	–	–
300 to 399 beds	–	–	–	–	–
400 to 499 beds	–	–	–	–	–
500 to 749 beds	1	–	–	1	–
750 to 999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
1,000 to 1,999 beds	–	–	–	–	–
2,000 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.

Table 3.6 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS BY CONTROL, TYPE OF HOSPITAL AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
PUERTO RICO					
All hospitals	108	15	27	59	7
Less than 25 beds	41	—	2	37	2
25 to 49 beds	24	4	10	9	1
50 to 99 beds	14	2	9	3	—
100 to 149 beds	15	7	5	—	3
150 to 199 beds	4	1	—	3	—
200 to 249 beds	3	—	—	3	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	3	—	1	2	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	99	14	24	54	7
Less than 25 beds	41	—	2	37	2
25 to 49 beds	23	4	9	9	1
50 to 99 beds	14	2	9	3	—
100 to 149 beds	14	7	4	—	3
150 to 199 beds	2	1	—	1	—
200 to 249 beds	2	—	—	2	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	2	—	—	2	—
500 to 749 beds	1	—	—	—	1
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	5	—	1	4	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	1	—	1	—	—
150 to 199 beds	2	—	—	2	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitols	3	1	1	1	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	1	1	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	1	—	1	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	1	—	—	1	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	1	—	1	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	1	—	1	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

Region, division, State, type of hospital, and bed size	All hospitals	Voluntary hospitals	Proprietary hospitals	State hospitals[1]	Local hospitals
ALL OTHER AREAS[2]					
All hospitals	5	—	—	4	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Short-stay hospitals	5	—	—	4	1
Less than 25 beds	1	—	—	1	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	1	—	—	1	—
100 to 149 beds	2	—	—	1	1
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	1	—	—	1	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Psychiotric hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—
Other long-stay general and special hospitals	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—
200 to 249 beds	—	—	—	—	—
250 to 299 beds	—	—	—	—	—
300 to 399 beds	—	—	—	—	—
400 to 499 beds	—	—	—	—	—
500 to 749 beds	—	—	—	—	—
750 to 999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 1,999 beds	—	—	—	—	—
2,000 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—

[1]Includes 6 Federal hospitals.
[2]Includes 1 short-stay hospital in Guam, 3 short-stay hospitals in the Virgin Islands, and 1 short-stay hospital in American Samoa.

Table 3.7 FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of hospital, and facilities and services	All hospitals	Bed size												
		Less than 25 beds	25 to 49 beds	50 to 99 beds	100 to 149 beds	150 to 199 beds	200 to 249 beds	250 to 299 beds	300 to 399 beds	400 to 499 beds	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2,000 beds or more
ALL HOSPITALS														
Total	7,024	670	1,648	1,687	931	526	397	261	353	194	170	54	85	48
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	4,557	230	876	1,123	684	399	309	221	297	173	142	41	37	25
Clinical laboratory	6,825	629	1,588	1,633	921	516	386	259	350	193	168	53	82	47
Pathology laboratory	3,549	64	271	679	667	452	357	244	331	185	149	48	59	43
Electrocardiograph	6,675	564	1,539	1,614	909	509	393	257	349	191	167	53	83	47
Electroencephalograph	2,068	35	111	219	272	227	239	193	282	172	156	47	70	45
Pharmacy	5,461	305	891	1,331	879	506	390	260	352	194	170	53	83	47
Occupational therapy department	1,446	35	104	200	162	130	109	108	163	125	133	50	82	45
Physical therapy department	3,800	85	415	858	640	404	347	239	328	184	150	46	65	39
Intensive care unit	2,827	47	216	462	470	358	306	223	315	176	148	42	37	27
Organized outpatient department	2,218	163	257	367	248	197	177	139	242	147	134	46	63	38
Emergency department	5,897	507	1,360	1,423	799	469	348	233	317	179	142	42	54	24
Home care program	646	22	51	90	79	67	50	47	67	52	46	16	37	22
Operating room	6,486	541	1,535	1,573	871	498	371	249	342	187	160	48	70	41
Post-operative recovery room	4,692	115	685	1,230	806	473	359	242	328	181	148	40	56	29
Medical social service department	1,858	53	98	199	223	205	193	165	243	154	147	51	82	45
X-ray, diagnostic	6,796	592	1,589	1,641	912	518	389	258	352	194	169	53	83	46
Radioactive isotope facility	1,942	13	41	187	293	281	258	210	292	169	130	38	20	10
Cobalt and radium therapy	1,162	4	25	90	156	151	126	132	189	123	111	33	15	7
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	1,197	18	57	121	134	106	93	94	171	122	126	44	70	41
Rehabilitation unit	803	14	52	90	83	68	57	56	85	75	89	34	65	35
Extended care unit	883	60	183	189	125	59	50	39	54	36	27	13	31	17
Renal dialysis	234	5	4	15	11	24	15	19	40	37	46	12	6	–
Open heart surgery	168	7	1	2	4	6	7	13	35	33	42	13	5	–
Coronary care unit	1,094	13	90	214	177	132	107	81	119	72	68	13	8	–
Other services	1,166	57	161	226	199	99	83	62	101	70	47	20	28	13
SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS														
Total	6,345	638	1,573	1,551	835	473	358	239	319	172	133	34	17	3
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	4,407	222	872	1,102	668	386	306	216	291	163	130	33	15	3
Clinical laboratory	6,233	606	1,534	1,530	831	467	352	238	317	172	132	34	17	3
Pathology laboratory	3,298	60	262	644	645	433	343	236	318	171	132	34	17	3
Electrocardiograph	6,086	545	1,486	1,498	826	464	357	236	317	171	132	34	17	3
Electroencephalograph	1,778	31	99	180	237	205	224	183	276	160	129	34	17	3
Pharmacy	4,892	290	844	1,233	795	460	353	239	319	172	133	34	17	3
Occupational therapy department	876	21	44	95	85	87	73	87	134	103	98	30	16	3
Physical therapy department	3,438	74	376	793	595	387	324	227	311	167	130	34	17	3
Intensive care unit	2,641	42	207	435	448	345	295	220	304	165	129	33	15	3
Organized outpatient department	1,799	150	214	281	181	164	155	127	224	132	119	32	17	3
Emergency department	5,691	498	1,344	1,393	775	449	340	228	311	168	132	33	17	3
Home care program	520	19	40	73	70	58	46	45	61	46	38	14	8	2
Operating room	6,122	529	1,511	1,519	827	470	353	239	317	171	133	34	16	3
Post-operative recovery room	4,467	112	673	1,194	780	456	349	236	314	170	130	33	17	3
Medical social service department	1,350	40	52	126	151	165	161	144	214	134	113	31	16	3
X-ray, diagnostic	6,200	568	1,535	1,532	826	469	354	238	319	172	133	34	17	3
Radioactive isotope facility	1,895	13	39	179	287	277	256	207	290	165	129	34	16	3
Cobalt and radium therapy	1,127	4	22	80	150	146	124	131	189	121	111	32	14	3
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	844	7	28	62	90	81	77	84	156	109	102	29	16	3
Rehabilitation unit	485	7	19	44	55	48	42	45	67	61	63	19	13	2
Extended care unit	714	48	163	167	105	51	39	37	42	28	18	8	7	1
Renal dialysis	230	5	3	14	9	24	15	19	40	37	46	12	6	–
Open heart surgery	165	7	1	2	3	6	6	13	35	33	41	13	5	–
Coronary care unit	1,089	13	90	213	175	132	107	81	118	72	67	13	8	–
Other services	979	54	142	191	167	84	68	59	91	65	37	15	4	2
TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS														
Total	119	4	10	32	22	14	9	2	14	3	6	2	1	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	31	1	1	5	4	7	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	–
Clinical laboratory	116	4	10	30	22	14	8	2	14	3	6	2	1	–
Pathology laboratory	38	–	1	8	3	7	6	1	5	2	2	2	1	–
Electrocardiograph	104	3	7	26	20	13	8	2	14	3	5	2	1	–
Electroencephalograph	9	–	–	4	1	2	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Pharmacy	92	2	7	19	15	12	9	2	14	3	6	2	1	–
Occupational therapy department	83	–	5	22	14	10	8	2	11	3	5	2	1	–
Physical therapy department	34	1	5	8	5	2	4	1	3	2	2	1	–	–
Intensive care unit	27	–	1	7	2	3	3	–	4	2	3	2	–	–
Organized outpatient department	88	3	8	26	18	10	6	2	9	3	1	2	–	–
Emergency department	13	–	1	4	1	2	2	–	–	1	–	2	–	–
Home care program	12	–	1	7	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Operating room	92	2	5	23	15	12	7	2	14	3	6	2	1	–
Post-operative recovery room	56	1	2	12	8	9	5	2	8	2	5	2	–	–
Medical social service department	82	–	5	16	19	11	8	2	10	3	5	2	1	–
X-ray, diagnostic	117	4	10	31	22	13	9	2	14	3	6	2	1	–
Radioactive isotope facility	4	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	7	–	2	3	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	10	–	–	5	1	–	1	–	2	–	–	1	–	–
Rehabilitation unit	41	–	3	11	3	7	1	1	6	1	5	2	1	–
Extended care unit	19	3	2	8	2	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Renal dialysis	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Open heart surgery	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Coronary care unit	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–
Other services	23	–	–	9	5	6	–	–	1	–	2	–	–	–

Table 3.7 FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of hospital, and facilities and services	All hospitals	Bed size												
		Less than 25 beds	25 to 49 beds	50 to 99 beds	100 to 149 beds	150 to 199 beds	200 to 249 beds	250 to 299 beds	300 to 399 beds	400 to 499 beds	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2,000 beds or more
PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS														
Total	358	12	29	56	42	26	16	13	9	11	23	14	62	45
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	69	3	–	5	4	2	–	2	1	2	6	5	17	22
Clinical laboratory	296	7	17	33	37	22	12	12	8	10	22	13	59	44
Pathology laboratory	143	2	3	14	8	7	3	4	3	6	9	8	36	40
Electrocardiograph	301	6	16	45	33	20	14	12	7	9	22	13	60	44
Electroencephalograph	240	3	7	28	26	18	12	9	5	8	22	10	50	42
Pharmacy	308	5	15	40	40	22	15	12	8	11	23	13	60	44
Occupational therapy department	335	8	26	52	40	24	16	13	7	11	22	14	60	42
Physical therapy department	159	1	4	15	13	7	6	5	4	7	11	7	43	36
Intensive care unit	121	2	5	15	13	7	6	1	4	6	13	5	20	24
Organized outpatient department	228	3	15	31	29	18	11	8	5	7	11	11	44	35
Emergency department	143	2	8	15	15	16	5	4	3	5	7	6	36	21
Home care program	89	2	5	5	2	9	2	2	3	5	7	1	26	20
Operating room	164	–	2	8	12	9	5	4	4	8	16	9	49	38
Post-operative recovery room	105	–	2	9	6	5	–	2	3	4	8	3	37	26
Medical social service department	289	5	19	32	32	20	12	12	9	11	21	14	60	42
X-ray,diagnostic	290	5	13	35	33	23	13	11	8	11	22	13	60	43
Radioactive isotope facility	22	–	–	4	2	2	–	2	1	1	–	1	2	7
Cobalt and radium therapy	16	–	–	5	2	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	4
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	316	11	26	52	36	22	15	9	8	11	21	13	54	38
Rehabilitation unit	170	3	7	14	13	9	5	5	3	7	14	10	47	33
Extended care unit	87	3	2	5	8	5	5	1	4	5	6	4	23	16
Renal dialysis	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Open heart surgery	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Coronary care unit	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	101	1	6	14	12	7	9	2	3	3	7	3	23	11
OTHER LONG-STAY GENERAL AND SPECIAL HOSPITALS														
Total	202	16	36	48	32	13	14	7	11	8	8	4	5	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	50	4	3	11	8	4	1	1	2	6	4	2	4	–
Clinical laboratory	180	12	27	40	31	13	14	7	11	8	8	4	5	–
Pathology laboratory	70	2	5	13	11	5	5	3	5	6	6	4	5	–
Electrocardiograph	184	10	30	45	30	12	14	7	11	8	8	4	5	–
Electroencephalograph	41	1	5	7	8	2	2	1	1	4	4	3	3	–
Pharmacy	169	8	25	39	29	12	13	7	11	8	8	4	5	–
Occupational therapy department	152	6	29	31	23	9	12	6	11	8	8	4	5	–
Physical therapy department	169	9	30	42	27	8	13	6	10	8	7	4	5	–
Intensive care unit	38	3	3	5	7	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	–
Organized outpatient department	103	7	20	29	20	5	5	2	4	5	3	1	2	–
Emergency department	50	7	7	11	8	2	1	1	3	5	3	1	1	–
Home care program	25	1	5	5	5	–	1	–	3	1	1	1	2	–
Operating room	108	10	17	23	17	7	6	4	7	5	5	3	4	–
Post-operative recovery room	64	2	8	15	12	3	5	2	3	5	5	2	2	–
Medical social service department	137	8	22	25	21	9	12	7	10	6	8	4	5	–
X-ray,diagnostic	189	15	31	43	31	13	13	7	11	8	8	4	5	–
Radioactive isotope facility	21	–	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	2	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	12	–	1	2	2	3	2	–	–	2	–	–	–	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	27	–	3	2	7	3	–	1	5	2	3	1	–	–
Rehabilitation unit	107	4	23	21	12	4	9	5	9	6	7	3	4	–
Extended care unit	63	6	16	9	10	2	4	1	7	3	3	1	1	–
Renal dialysis	3	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Open heart surgery	2	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Coronary care unit	2	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	63	2	13	12	15	2	6	1	6	2	1	2	1	–

Table 3.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size												
		Less than 25 beds	25 to 49 beds	50 to 99 beds	100 to 149 beds	150 to 199 beds	200 to 249 beds	250 to 299 beds	300 to 399 beds	400 to 499 beds	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2,000 beds or more
UNITED STATES														
Total	6,241	596	1,550	1,536	819	471	355	239	319	170	132	34	17	3
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	4,375	221	867	1,096	656	384	303	216	291	161	129	33	15	3
Clinical laboratory	6,137	570	1,513	1,515	815	465	349	238	317	170	131	34	17	3
Pathology laboratory	3,267	59	259	637	633	431	340	236	318	169	131	34	17	3
Electrocardiograph	6,022	535	1,471	1,483	810	462	354	236	317	169	131	34	17	3
Electroencephalograph	1,769	31	99	179	235	204	222	183	276	158	128	34	17	3
Pharmacy	4,797	250	826	1,220	779	458	350	239	319	170	132	34	17	3
Occupational therapy department	868	21	43	95	82	86	71	87	134	102	98	30	16	3
Physical therapy department	3,416	73	375	787	588	386	321	227	311	165	129	34	17	3
Intensive care unit	2,635	42	207	435	446	345	294	220	304	163	128	33	15	3
Organized outpatient department	1,708	109	198	269	167	162	152	127	224	130	118	32	17	3
Emergency department	5,595	457	1,326	1,379	760	447	337	228	311	166	131	33	17	3
Home care program	514	16	40	72	69	58	45	45	61	46	38	14	8	2
Operating room	6,048	513	1,492	1,504	811	468	350	239	317	169	132	34	16	3
Post-operative recovery room	4,437	108	669	1,189	769	455	346	236	314	169	129	33	17	3
Medical social service department	1,331	36	51	124	146	164	158	144	214	132	112	31	16	3
X-ray diagnostic	6,134	559	1,517	1,517	810	467	351	238	319	170	132	34	17	3
Radioactive isotope facility	1,888	13	38	178	285	276	256	207	290	164	128	34	16	3
Cobalt and radium therapy	1,120	4	21	79	147	145	124	131	189	121	110	32	14	3
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	841	7	28	62	88	81	76	84	156	109	102	29	16	3
Rehabilitation unit	483	7	18	43	55	48	42	45	67	61	63	19	13	2
Extended care unit	709	48	162	167	105	50	38	37	42	27	17	8	7	1
Renal dialysis	230	5	3	14	9	24	15	19	40	37	46	12	6	—
Open heart surgery	165	7	1	2	3	6	6	13	35	33	41	13	5	—
Coronary care unit	1,089	13	90	213	175	132	107	81	118	72	67	13	8	—
Other services	971	51	141	189	165	84	68	59	91	65	37	15	4	10
NEW ENGLAND														
Total	313	13	49	88	49	33	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	243	5	24	68	37	30	23	20	21	6	6	3	—	—
Clinical laboratory	311	13	47	88	49	33	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Pathology laboratory	229	2	19	55	41	33	22	20	22	6	6	3	—	—
Electrocardiograph	308	13	48	86	49	31	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Electroencephalograph	117	1	5	12	19	15	15	15	20	6	6	3	—	—
Pharmacy	280	7	35	78	48	31	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Occupational therapy department	65	2	6	10	13	7	4	6	8	2	4	3	—	—
Physical therapy department	212	5	14	55	34	29	21	19	21	5	6	3	—	—
Intensive care unit	160	1	6	25	30	24	19	19	21	6	6	3	—	—
Organized outpatient department	159	3	16	30	21	16	20	16	22	6	6	3	—	—
Emergency department	283	11	44	78	45	32	20	17	21	6	6	3	—	—
Home care program	32	1	5	8	6	3	2	1	6	—	—	—	—	—
Operating room	307	11	48	86	49	32	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Post-operative recovery room	248	5	19	69	42	32	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Medical social service department	134	1	6	14	23	19	17	17	22	6	6	3	—	—
X-ray diagnostic	309	13	48	86	49	32	23	21	22	6	6	3	—	—
Radioactive isotope facility	110	—	2	13	12	16	16	16	20	6	6	3	—	—
Cobalt and radium therapy	76	—	3	5	10	9	12	8	15	5	6	3	—	—
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	54	1	6	6	8	4	2	5	10	4	5	3	—	—
Rehabilitation unit	44	—	3	4	10	6	5	5	4	1	3	3	—	—
Extended care unit	30	1	2	6	9	1	2	2	4	—	2	1	—	—
Renal dialysis	10	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	3	1	1	2	—	—
Open heart surgery	10	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	3	1	1	2	—	—
Coronary care unit	55	—	4	10	12	10	3	5	7	1	1	2	—	—
Other services	59	2	10	14	8	6	3	4	9	2	1	—	—	—
MIDDLE ATLANTIC														
Total	707	16	47	141	122	96	86	46	69	32	33	10	7	2
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	597	5	28	109	103	81	77	45	66	31	33	10	7	2
Clinical laboratory	697	14	45	138	122	93	86	46	69	32	33	10	7	2
Pathology laboratory	609	4	21	96	113	91	86	46	69	31	33	10	7	2
Electrocardiograph	702	13	47	141	120	96	86	46	69	32	33	10	7	2
Electroencephalograph	323	—	2	13	25	43	59	36	63	30	33	10	7	2
Pharmacy	661	7	31	122	120	96	86	46	69	32	33	10	7	2
Occupational therapy department	135	—	4	7	11	17	14	10	21	13	20	9	7	2
Physical therapy department	521	3	17	73	84	77	73	45	67	30	33	10	7	2
Intensive care unit	435	1	4	42	65	64	69	43	67	31	33	9	5	2
Organized outpatient department	365	7	7	34	37	49	51	37	60	31	33	10	7	2
Emergency department	659	7	39	127	119	89	83	45	68	30	33	10	7	2
Home care program	140	4	4	7	10	19	20	16	17	12	17	8	4	2
Operating room	685	7	44	135	121	94	86	46	69	31	33	10	7	2
Post-operative recovery room	633	1	25	114	118	93	85	46	69	31	32	10	7	2
Medical social service department	390	6	5	35	39	50	70	42	62	30	32	10	7	2
X-ray diagnostic	701	13	46	141	120	96	86	46	69	32	33	10	7	2
Radioactive isotope facility	372	—	2	27	44	54	63	40	61	29	33	10	7	2
Cobalt and radium therapy	215	—	2	5	15	30	31	25	38	26	27	9	5	2
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	141	—	—	5	10	12	20	10	24	20	23	8	7	2
Rehabilitation unit	113	1	1	3	11	11	15	8	18	12	16	10	5	2
Extended care unit	77	1	9	9	10	7	9	6	6	4	5	4	6	1
Renal dialysis	46	—	—	1	2	5	3	4	6	8	14	3	—	—
Open heart surgery	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	4	11	3	—	—
Coronary care unit	165	—	1	16	25	32	25	18	15	11	17	3	2	—
Other services	156	—	6	18	26	18	23	11	22	11	11	7	1	2

Table 3.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size											
		Less than 25 beds	25 to 49 beds	50 to 99 beds	100 to 149 beds	150 to 199 beds	200 to 249 beds	250 to 299 beds	300 to 399 beds	400 to 499 beds	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2,000 beds or more
EAST NORTH CENTRAL														
Total	1,012	33	157	269	161	99	80	50	74	41	37	8	2	1
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	782	16	103	200	125	79	64	46	67	38	35	7	1	1
Clinical laboratory	995	32	150	266	159	98	79	50	72	41	37	8	2	1
Pathology laboratory	705	8	36	143	140	90	75	50	74	41	37	8	2	1
Electrocardiograph	988	27	152	262	161	96	79	48	74	41	37	8	2	1
Electroencephalograph	389	1	7	34	53	50	50	43	66	39	35	8	2	1
Pharmacy	894	19	107	222	158	96	79	50	74	41	37	8	2	1
Occupational therapy department	228	2	4	32	17	24	22	22	33	29	33	7	2	1
Physical therapy department	710	6	56	156	128	82	73	47	74	41	36	8	2	1
Intensive care unit	481	1	14	60	74	66	66	49	67	38	35	8	2	1
Organized outpatient department	310	10	20	51	31	27	24	21	51	32	32	8	2	1
Emergency department	930	23	139	245	150	91	74	50	71	41	36	7	2	1
Home care program	133	2	6	19	21	15	11	14	13	17	10	4	1	–
Operating room	978	21	148	260	159	99	78	50	74	41	37	8	2	1
Post-operative recovery room	798	7	66	197	150	92	77	50	73	41	35	7	2	1
Medical social service department	294	3	8	31	31	38	26	33	49	34	30	8	2	1
X-ray,diagnostic	991	24	154	265	160	98	78	49	74	41	37	8	2	1
Radioactive isotope facility	399	1	4	26	63	57	53	43	66	41	35	8	1	1
Cobalt and radium therapy	239	–	1	24	23	24	26	28	45	29	30	7	1	1
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	181	–	1	18	17	13	15	18	33	27	29	7	2	1
Rehabilitation unit	105	–	1	10	10	11	7	14	13	15	19	4	1	–
Extended care unit	117	4	22	32	19	6	11	5	9	5	2	2	–	–
Renal dialysis	48	2	–	4	–	6	1	4	8	6	13	3	1	–
Open heart surgery	35	–	–	2	1	2	2	3	4	6	11	3	1	–
Coronary care unit	177	–	4	29	25	22	22	12	25	17	17	3	1	–
Other services	187	3	14	40	34	13	9	18	25	18	8	5	–	–
WEST NORTH CENTRAL														
Total	887	136	328	184	93	35	25	23	32	15	12	2	2	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	534	48	191	112	69	21	18	20	24	15	12	2	2	–
Clinical laboratory	865	129	321	182	93	34	22	22	32	15	11	2	2	–
Pathology laboratory	305	11	35	54	70	28	22	23	32	15	11	2	2	–
Electrocardiograph	847	126	312	174	92	34	25	23	31	15	11	2	2	–
Electroencephalograph	159	6	22	18	24	7	12	15	25	14	12	2	2	–
Pharmacy	556	40	159	128	87	33	23	23	32	15	12	2	2	–
Occupational therapy department	113	4	12	11	11	10	5	13	21	12	11	2	1	–
Physical therapy department	407	7	75	112	76	31	23	21	32	15	11	2	2	–
Intensive care unit	294	9	46	46	60	28	23	22	30	15	11	2	2	–
Organized outpatient department	151	19	35	29	12	9	7	4	15	9	9	1	2	–
Emergency department	837	120	310	178	86	34	23	23	32	15	12	2	2	–
Home care program	52	2	8	11	13	3	2	2	4	4	2	1	–	–
Operating room	854	119	316	184	91	35	23	23	32	15	12	2	2	–
Post-operative recovery room	487	15	106	134	91	33	23	23	31	15	12	2	2	–
Medical social service department	100	5	7	8	12	9	4	7	18	15	11	2	2	–
X-ray,diagnostic	871	130	323	183	92	34	23	23	32	15	12	2	2	–
Radioactive isotope facility	171	1	5	12	40	19	17	18	29	15	11	2	2	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	102	1	2	5	28	12	6	6	19	10	9	2	2	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	100	2	8	10	12	7	7	13	19	11	8	2	1	–
Rehabilitation unit	63	1	6	11	6	4	2	4	8	11	7	1	2	–
Extended care unit	134	9	46	29	20	10	3	5	8	2	2	–	–	–
Renal dialysis	15	1	–	2	1	1	2	1	2	–	3	1	1	–
Open heart surgery	16	3	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	2	4	1	1	–
Coronary care unit	127	3	18	35	22	9	8	9	10	5	6	1	1	–
Other services	106	11	23	15	23	8	5	6	9	4	2	–	–	–
SOUTH ATLANTIC														
Total	790	42	169	218	119	65	44	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	563	14	87	149	99	54	38	26	41	30	20	4	1	–
Clinical laboratory	782	40	167	216	118	65	43	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Pathology laboratory	390	4	30	58	72	53	41	30	44	31	21	4	2	–
Electrocardiograph	760	35	156	210	119	63	44	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Electroencephalograph	196	3	9	27	15	16	23	16	36	26	19	4	2	–
Pharmacy	634	21	93	172	110	63	42	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Occupational therapy department	78	1	2	6	10	7	2	4	12	17	12	3	2	–
Physical therapy department	385	4	25	74	62	52	38	30	43	30	21	4	2	–
Intensive care unit	325	3	18	52	48	45	35	25	42	30	21	4	2	–
Organized outpatient department	221	9	20	37	29	18	18	16	31	19	18	4	2	–
Emergency department	719	31	148	198	106	62	44	29	44	30	21	4	2	–
Home care program	27	2	1	4	2	1	–	1	8	2	3	1	2	–
Operating room	768	34	159	215	119	65	43	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Post-operative recovery room	620	12	87	172	110	64	42	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Medical social service department	126	4	2	11	12	15	10	9	23	19	15	4	2	–
X-ray,diagnostic	780	38	167	215	118	65	44	31	44	31	21	4	2	–
Radioactive isotope facility	263	2	9	22	31	36	31	31	43	31	21	4	2	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	145	1	–	13	16	20	11	20	22	19	17	4	2	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	115	–	1	7	11	11	7	12	22	20	18	4	2	–
Rehabilitation unit	47	1	–	7	5	3	1	1	6	11	9	1	2	–
Extended care unit	60	1	11	17	11	6	4	2	2	4	2	–	–	–
Renal dialysis	42	–	–	1	1	4	4	2	9	9	9	2	1	–
Open heart surgery	29	–	–	–	1	2	–	1	7	7	8	2	1	–
Coronary care unit	191	–	14	20	30	21	23	14	30	18	18	2	1	–
Other services	110	4	12	20	20	9	11	5	12	10	5	1	1	–

Table 3.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size												
		Less than 25 beds	25 to 49 beds	50 to 99 beds	100 to 149 beds	150 to 199 beds	200 to 249 beds	250 to 299 beds	300 to 399 beds	400 to 499 beds	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2,000 beds or more
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL														
Total	479	42	151	145	48	29	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	347	14	90	112	41	29	20	7	18	8	6	1	1	–
Clinical laboratory	473	42	149	142	48	28	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Pathology laboratory	167	–	16	28	32	27	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Electrocardiograph	458	37	141	140	48	28	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Electroencephalograph	67	–	6	3	8	6	9	7	13	7	6	1	1	–
Pharmacy	311	15	57	103	45	27	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Occupational therapy department	16	–	–	1	2	2	2	1	3	1	3	–	1	–
Physical therapy department	180	6	21	43	31	22	19	6	16	9	5	1	1	–
Intensive care unit	126	3	7	23	18	20	13	7	18	9	6	1	1	–
Organized outpatient department	82	5	15	18	10	6	7	3	8	4	4	1	1	–
Emergency department	445	35	134	139	45	28	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Home care program	20	3	–	5	6	1	–	1	2	1	1	–	–	–
Operating room	470	39	146	144	48	29	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Post-operative recovery room	306	7	63	101	44	28	20	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Medical social service department	32	–	1	–	6	2	3	5	6	6	2	–	1	–
X-ray, diagnostic	468	42	146	141	47	28	21	8	18	9	6	1	1	–
Radioactive isotope facility	83	–	–	5	11	15	15	7	15	8	5	1	1	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	62	–	2	1	9	12	9	4	11	7	5	1	1	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	49	–	3	4	7	6	3	4	11	5	5	–	1	–
Rehabilitation unit	8	–	1	–	–	2	1	–	2	–	1	–	1	–
Extended care unit	45	–	9	21	5	5	–	1	2	1	–	–	1	–
Renal dialysis	7	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	1	1	–	1	–
Open heart surgery	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	2	2	1	1	–
Coronary care unit	61	–	2	13	4	8	10	5	10	4	3	1	1	–
Other services	78	5	25	17	8	6	3	2	2	5	4	–	1	–
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL														
Total	894	127	324	214	103	43	20	17	18	14	7	5	2	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	529	34	156	153	75	35	17	16	16	13	7	5	2	–
Clinical laboratory	874	119	315	212	102	43	20	17	18	14	7	5	2	–
Pathology laboratory	259	8	27	50	54	39	19	16	18	14	7	5	2	–
Electrocardiograph	855	118	310	205	99	43	20	16	17	13	7	5	2	–
Electroencephalograph	136	6	7	10	31	17	9	13	15	14	7	5	2	–
Pharmacy	554	49	142	148	90	42	20	17	18	14	7	5	2	–
Occupational therapy department	60	3	2	4	6	2	5	7	7	11	6	5	2	–
Physical therapy department	328	15	56	86	63	28	19	16	17	14	7	5	2	–
Intensive care unit	263	9	41	51	58	32	15	14	17	13	6	5	2	–
Organized outpatient department	123	17	27	24	8	6	4	8	7	10	6	4	2	–
Emergency department	742	89	248	189	96	41	19	14	18	14	7	5	2	–
Home care program	12	1	3	4	–	1	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–
Operating room	864	113	316	208	102	43	20	17	18	14	7	5	1	–
Post-operative recovery room	513	20	116	157	95	43	20	16	18	14	7	5	2	–
Medical social service department	51	5	2	4	7	3	3	6	5	5	7	3	1	–
X-ray, diagnostic	882	122	317	214	103	43	20	17	18	14	7	5	2	–
Radioactive isotope facility	142	3	3	12	28	25	14	14	16	13	7	5	2	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	89	1	4	4	15	14	6	12	11	9	6	5	2	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	67	2	1	3	6	10	7	6	10	11	5	4	2	–
Rehabilitation unit	12	1	–	1	5	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	1	–
Extended care unit	49	5	9	15	7	3	2	2	1	4	–	1	–	–
Renal dialysis	13	–	1	1	1	1	–	1	3	3	1	–	1	–
Open heart surgery	8	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	2	1	–	–	–
Coronary care unit	62	2	15	14	17	3	–	1	4	5	–	–	1	–
Other services	107	11	28	21	18	7	3	5	5	5	2	2	–	–
MOUNTAIN														
Total	370	86	123	70	31	18	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	252	45	74	51	28	14	11	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Clinical laboratory	361	83	119	69	31	18	12	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Pathology laboratory	140	6	19	29	27	18	12	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Electrocardiograph	351	79	114	67	31	18	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Electroencephalograph	71	4	5	5	10	11	10	4	12	6	4	–	–	–
Pharmacy	262	44	63	64	31	18	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Occupational therapy department	42	3	5	5	4	1	2	4	10	5	3	–	–	–
Physical therapy department	180	13	34	46	29	17	12	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Intensive care unit	142	5	29	30	20	17	13	6	13	5	4	–	–	–
Organized outpatient department	89	16	26	13	5	4	4	4	9	4	4	–	–	–
Emergency department	345	73	114	67	31	18	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Home care program	28	1	5	2	3	3	–	2	7	3	2	–	–	–
Operating room	363	81	121	70	31	18	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Post-operative recovery room	222	19	56	58	30	17	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Medical social service department	48	2	8	4	3	4	5	4	9	5	4	–	–	–
X-ray, diagnostic	364	84	120	70	30	18	13	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Radioactive isotope facility	76	1	2	8	9	16	11	6	13	6	4	–	–	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	44	–	1	3	11	5	7	3	6	4	4	–	–	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	38	1	3	3	5	7	3	3	8	2	3	–	–	–
Rehabilitation unit	21	1	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	2	2	–	–	–
Extended care unit	61	10	20	15	7	2	–	2	2	1	2	–	–	–
Renal dialysis	18	–	1	2	2	4	1	2	2	3	1	–	–	–
Open heart surgery	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	–	–	–
Coronary care unit	78	6	15	22	12	6	3	4	5	3	2	–	–	–
Other services	31	2	9	4	1	4	2	2	2	4	1	–	–	–

Table 3.8 FACILITIES AND SERVICES IN SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS BY BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF HOSPITALS REPORTING EACH FACILITY, BY DIVISION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Division, facilities, and services	All short-stay hospitals	Bed size											
		Less than 25 beds	25 to 49 beds	50 to 99 beds	100 to 149 beds	150 to 199 beds	200 to 249 beds	250 to 299 beds	300 to 399 beds	400 to 499 beds	500 to 749 beds	750 to 999 beds	1,000 to 1,999 beds	2,000 beds or more
PACIFIC														
Total	789	101	202	207	93	53	43	37	29	16	6	1	1	–
Number reporting:														
Blood bank	528	40	114	142	79	41	35	30	25	14	6	1	1	–
Clinical laboratory	779	98	200	202	93	53	43	37	29	16	6	1	1	–
Pathology laboratory	463	16	56	124	84	52	42	37	28	16	6	1	1	–
Electrocardiograph	753	87	191	198	91	53	43	37	29	16	6	1	1	–
Electroencephalograph	311	10	36	57	50	39	35	34	26	16	6	1	1	–
Pharmacy	645	48	139	183	90	52	43	37	29	16	6	1	1	–
Occupational therapy department	131	6	8	19	8	16	15	20	19	12	6	1	1	–
Physical therapy department	493	14	77	142	81	48	43	37	28	15	6	1	1	–
Intensive care unit	409	10	42	106	73	49	41	35	29	16	6	1	1	–
Organized outpatient department	208	23	32	33	14	27	17	18	21	15	6	1	1	–
Emergency department	635	68	150	158	82	52	40	36	26	15	6	1	1	–
Home care program	70	–	8	12	8	12	10	8	3	6	2	–	1	–
Operating room	759	88	194	202	91	53	43	37	27	16	6	1	1	–
Post-operative recovery room	610	22	131	187	89	53	43	35	26	16	6	1	1	–
Medical social service department	156	10	12	17	13	24	20	21	20	12	5	1	1	–
X-ray,diagnostic	768	93	196	202	91	53	43	37	29	16	6	1	1	–
Radioactive isotope facility	272	5	11	53	47	38	36	32	27	15	6	1	1	–
Cobalt and radium therapy	148	1	6	19	20	19	16	25	22	12	6	1	1	–
Psychiatric inpatient care unit	96	1	5	6	12	11	12	13	19	9	6	1	1	–
Rehabilitation unit	70	2	4	5	5	9	8	9	13	8	6	–	1	–
Extended care unit	136	17	34	23	17	10	7	12	8	6	2	–	–	–
Renal dialysis	31	2	1	2	2	2	3	3	5	6	3	1	1	–
Open heart surgery	28	3	–	–	1	2	2	3	7	6	2	1	1	–
Coronary care unit	173	2	17	54	28	21	13	13	12	8	3	1	1	–
Other services	137	13	14	40	27	13	9	6	5	6	3	–	1	–

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
ALL AREAS																
Total	6,345	100.0	823,703	100.0	119	100.0	22,160	100.0	358	100.0	302,795	100.0	202	100.0	39,562	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	4,098	64.6	710,667	86.3	99	83.2	20,379	92.0	247	69.0	243,453	80.4	135	66.8	32,971	83.3
Accredited by AOA	162	2.6	16,393	2.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	560	8.8	208,603	25.3	31	26.1	9,377	42.3	118	33.0	141,251	46.6	47	23.3	10,812	27.3
Approved intern and resident program	351	5.5	116,402	14.1	2	1.7	242	1.1	6	1.7	13,150	4 3	4	2.0	538	1.4
Approved intern program only	90	1.4	20,178	2.4	1	0.8	108	0.5	2	0.6	2,096	0.7	1	0.5	1,150	2.9
Approved resident program only	98	1.5	22,022	2.7	1	0.8	351	1.6	40	11.2	69,946	23.1	8	4.0	2,191	5.5
UNITED STATES																
Total	6,241	100.0	816,813	100.0	114	100.0	20,642	100.0	355	100.0	300,980	100.0	201	100.0	39,532	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	4,071	65.2	706,488	86.5	97	85.1	19,385	93.9	244	68.7	241,638	80.3	134	66.7	32,941	83.3
Accredited by AOA	162	2.6	16,393	2.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	555	8.9	207,456	25.4	30	26.3	9,257	44.8	117	33.0	140,111	46.6	46	22.9	10,782	27.3
Approved intern and resident program	349	5.6	115,762	14.2	2	1.8	242	1.2	6	1.7	13,150	4.4	4	2.0	538	1.4
Approved intern program only	89	1.4	20,046	2.5	1	0.9	108	0.5	2	0.6	2,096	0.7	1	0.5	1,150	2.9
Approved resident program only	98	1.6	22,022	2.7	1	0.9	351	1.7	39	11.0	69,671	23.1	8	4.0	2,191	5.5
NORTHEAST																
Total	1,020	100.0	200,277	100.0	16	100.0	2,768	100.0	108	100.0	135,302	100.0	70	100.0	18,606	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	888	87.1	187,945	93.8	16	100.0	2,768	100.0	79	73.1	113,339	83.8	56	80.0	17,021	91.5
Accredited by AOA	35	3.4	3,563	1.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	172	16.9	69,614	34.8	5	31.3	908	32.8	44	40.7	65,911	48.7	16	22.9	4,528	24.3
Approved intern and resident program	143	14.0	44,029	22.0	1	6.3	101	3.6	4	3.7	8,535	6.3	2	2.9	396	2.1
Approved intern program only	29	2.8	6,565	3.3	–	–	–	–	1	0.9	64	0.0	1	1.4	1,150	6.2
Approved resident program only	29	2.8	5,492	2.7	–	–	–	–	15	13.9	42,860	31.7	4	5.7	696	3.7
NORTH CENTRAL																
Total	1,899	100.0	254,821	100.0	53	100.0	7,084	100.0	106	100.0	71,572	100.0	47	100.0	7,097	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	1,243	65.5	218,687	85.8	40	75.5	6,211	87.7	70	66.0	50,946	71.2	30	63.8	4,707	66.3
Accredited by AOA	68	3.6	8,401	3.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	151	8.0	56,591	22.2	9	17.0	3,256	46.0	28	26.4	20,210	28.2	11	23.4	2,034	28.7
Approved intern and resident program	116	6.1	39,322	15.4	1	1.9	141	2.0	1	0.9	3,559	5.0	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	31	1.6	7,684	3.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	26	1.4	7,184	2.8	–	–	–	–	14	13.2	15,382	21.5	2	4.3	661	9.3

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
SOUTH																
Total	2,163	100.0	241,956	100.0	35	100.0	9,663	100.0	81	100.0	58,958	100.0	35	100.0	4,320	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	1,165	53.9	194,357	80.3	32	91.4	9,312	96.4	47	58.0	43,546	73.9	20	57.1	2,857	66.1
Accredited by AOA	43	2.0	3,274	1.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	147	6.8	54,755	22.6	14	40.0	4,780	49.5	27	33.3	35,640	60.4	10	28.6	1,421	32.9
Approved intern and resident program	56	2.6	21,396	8.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2.9	142	3.3
Approved intern program only	18	0.8	4,196	1.7	1	2.9	108	1.1	1	1.2	2,032	3.4	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	24	1.1	4,600	1.9	1	2.9	351	3.6	7	8.6	5,340	9.1	—	—	—	—
WEST																
Total	1,159	100.0	119,759	100.0	10	100.0	1,127	100.0	60	100.0	35,148	100.0	49	100.0	9,509	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	775	66.9	105,499	88.1	9	90.0	1,094	97.1	48	80.0	33,807	96.2	28	57.1	8,356	87.9
Accredited by AOA	16	1.4	1,155	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	85	7.3	26,496	22.1	2	20.0	313	27.8	18	30.0	18,350	52.2	9	18.4	2,799	29.4
Approved intern and resident program	34	2.9	11,015	9.2	—	—	—	—	1	1.7	1,056	3.0	1	2.0	—	—
Approved intern program only	11	0.9	1,601	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	19	1.6	4,746	4.0	—	—	—	—	3	5.0	6,089	17.3	2	4.1	834	8.8
NEW ENGLAND																
Total	313	100.0	47,067	100.0	6	100.0	738	100.0	34	100.0	21,467	100.0	37	100.0	10,004	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	267	85.3	43,232	91.9	6	100.0	738	100.0	27	79.4	20,288	94.5	27	73.0	9,157	91.5
Accredited by AOA	6	1.9	372	0.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	46	14.7	14,270	30.3	2	33.3	252	34.1	11	32.4	6,755	31.5	7	18.9	1,854	18.5
Approved intern and resident program	31	9.9	8,182	17.4	1	16.7	101	13.7	2	5.9	3,818	17.8	1	2.7	152	1.5
Approved intern program only	6	1.9	1,431	3.0	—	—	—	—	1	2.9	64	0.3	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	8	2.6	1,755	3.7	—	—	—	—	4	11.8	6,263	29.2	3	8.1	642	6.4
MIDDLE ATLANTIC																
Total	707	100.0	153,210	100.0	10	100.0	2,030	100.0	74	100.0	113,835	100.0	33	100.0	8,602	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	621	87.8	144,713	94.5	10	100.0	2,030	100.0	52	70.3	93,051	81.7	29	87.9	7,864	91.4
Accredited by AOA	29	4.1	3,191	2.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	126	17.8	55,344	36.1	3	30.0	656	32.3	33	44.6	59,156	52.0	9	27.3	2,674	31.1
Approved intern and resident program	112	15.8	35,847	23.4	—	—	—	—	2	2.7	4,717	4.1	1	3.0	244	2.8
Approved intern program only	23	3.3	5,134	3.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3.0	1,150	13.4
Approved resident program only	21	3.0	3,737	2.4	—	—	—	—	11	14.9	36,597	32.1	1	3.0	54	0.6
EAST NORTH CENTRAL																
Total	1,012	100.0	170,544	100.0	47	100.0	6,502	100.0	75	100.0	52,493	100.0	35	100.0	5,335	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	793	78.4	152,129	89.2	37	78.7	5,882	90.5	44	58.7	34,180	65.1	26	74.3	3,856	72.3
Accredited by AOA	46	4.5	6,585	3.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	94	9.3	36,794	21.6	8	17.0	3,061	47.1	15	20.0	12,853	24.5	8	22.9	1,689	31.7
Approved intern and resident program	97	9.6	33,181	19.5	1	2.1	141	2.2	1	1.3	3,559	6.8	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	25	2.5	6,287	3.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	18	1.8	5,000	2.9	—	—	—	—	12	16.0	14,325	27.3	1	2.9	138	2.6
WEST NORTH CENTRAL																
Total	887	100.0	84,277	100.0	6	100.0	582	100.0	31	100.0	19,079	100.0	12	100.0	1,762	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	450	50.7	66,558	79.0	3	50.0	329	56.5	26	83.9	16,766	87.9	4	33.3	851	48.3
Accredited by AOA	22	2.5	1,816	2.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	57	6.4	19,797	23.5	1	16.7	195	33.5	13	41.9	7,357	38.6	3	25.0	345	19.6
Approved intern and resident program	19	2.1	6,141	7.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	6	0.7	1,397	1.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	8	0.9	2,184	2.6	—	—	—	—	2	6.5	1,057	5.5	1	8.3	523	29.7
SOUTH ATLANTIC																
Total	790	100.0	112,395	100.0	15	100.0	4,736	100.0	51	100.0	40,629	100.0	12	100.0	2,484	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	531	67.2	96,106	85.5	13	86.7	4,449	93.9	31	60.8	30,333	74.7	9	75.0	1,915	77.1
Accredited by AOA	14	1.8	1,352	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	67	8.5	26,682	23.7	7	46.7	2,473	52.2	18	35.3	26,310	64.8	4	33.3	1,218	49.0
Approved intern and resident program	39	4.9	13,653	12.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	11	1.4	2,735	2.4	1	6.7	108	2.3	1	2.0	2,032	5.0	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	16	2.0	3,363	3.0	—	—	—	—	5	9.8	2,648	6.5	—	—	—	—
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL																
Total	479	100.0	49,859	100.0	13	100.0	2,096	100.0	10	100.0	4,902	100.0	10	100.0	692	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	255	53.2	39,864	80.0	12	92.3	2,032	96.9	3	30.0	1,849	37.7	5	50.0	397	57.4
Accredited by AOA	1	0.2	25	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	30	6.3	10,954	22.0	4	30.8	800	38.2	3	30.0	2,800	57.1	3	30.0	80	11.6
Approved intern and resident program	5	1.0	2,295	4.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	0.2	351	0.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	3	0.6	190	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL																
Total	894	100.0	79,702	100.0	7	100.0	2,831	100.0	20	100.0	13,427	100.0	13	100.0	1,144	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	379	42.4	58,387	73.3	7	100.0	2,831	100.0	13	65.0	11,364	84.6	6	46.2	545	47.6
Accredited by AOA	28	3.1	1,897	2.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	50	5.6	17,119	21.5	3	42.9	1,507	53.2	6	30.0	6,530	48.6	3	23.1	123	10.8
Approved intern and resident program	12	1.3	5,448	6.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7.7	142	12.4
Approved intern program only	6	0.7	1,110	1.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	5	0.6	1,047	1.3	1	14.3	351	12.4	2	10.0	2,692	20.0	—	—	—	—

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Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
MOUNTAIN																
Total	370	100.0	31,285	100.0	4	100.0	394	100.0	13	100.0	4,141	100.0	13	100.0	1,263	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	184	49.7	24,656	78.8	3	75.0	361	91.6	10	76.9	3,843	92.8	5	38.5	955	75.6
Accredited by AOA	8	2.2	780	2.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	17	4.6	4,328	13.8	–	–	–	–	4	30.8	2,042	49.3	3	23.1	358	28.3
Approved intern and resident program	14	3.8	4,722	15.1	–	–	–	–	1	7.7	1,056	25.5	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	6	1.6	995	3.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	6	1.6	1,632	5.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
PACIFIC																
Total	789	100.0	88,474	100.0	6	100.0	733	100.0	47	100.0	31,007	100.0	36	100.0	8,246	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	591	74.9	80,843	91.4	6	100.0	733	100.0	38	80.9	29,964	96.6	23	63.9	7,401	89.8
Accredited by AOA	8	1.0	375	0.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	68	8.6	22,168	25.1	2	33.3	313	42.7	14	29.8	16,308	52.6	6	16.7	2,441	29.6
Approved intern and resident program	20	2.5	6,293	7.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2.8	–	–
Approved intern program only	5	0.6	606	0.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	13	1.6	3,114	3.5	–	–	–	–	3	6.4	6,089	19.6	2	5.6	834	10.1
ALABAMA																
Total	124	100.0	13,343	100.0	1	100.0	153	100.0	1	100.0	59	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	71	57.3	10,856	81.4	1	100.0	153	100.0	1	100.0	59	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	10	8.1	3,253	24.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	1	0.8	294	2.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	0.8	56	0.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ALASKA																
Total	19	100.0	664	100.0	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	225	100.0	2	100.0	56	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	5	26.3	303	45.6	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	225	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ARIZONA																
Total	55	100.0	6,015	100.0	2	100.0	174	100.0	3	100.0	1,175	100.0	2	100.0	84	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	30	54.5	4,391	73.0	1	50.0	141	81.0	3	100.0	1,175	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	3	5.5	411	6.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	8	14.5	2,501	41.6	–	–	–	–	1	33.3	1,056	89.9	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	3	5.5	359	6.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	1.8	359	6.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ARKANSAS																
Total	103	100.0	8,355	100.0	1	100.0	343	100.0	2	100.0	1,374	100.0	1	100.0	20	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	48	46.6	5,923	70.9	1	100.0	343	100.0	1	50.0	777	56.6	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	3	2.9	1,009	12.1	–	–	–	–	1	50.0	777	56.6	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	1	1.0	442	5.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
CALIFORNIA																
Total	546	100.0	67,174	100.0	3	100.0	296	100.0	35	100.0	24,203	100.0	24	100.0	7,275	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	441	80.8	62,895	93.6	3	100.0	296	100.0	29	82.9	23,850	98.5	18	75.0	6,724	92.4
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	50	9.2	17,565	26.1	–	–	–	–	10	28.6	12,316	50.9	3	12.5	2,007	27.6
Approved intern and resident program	13	2.4	4,156	6.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	4.2	–	–
Approved intern program only	2	0.4	222	0.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	12	2.2	2,965	4.4	–	–	–	–	2	5.7	5,490	22.7	2	8.3	834	11.5
COLORADO																
Total	81	100.0	9,457	100.0	–	–	–	–	5	100.0	2,092	100.0	6	100.0	488	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	46	56.8	8,140	86.1	–	–	–	–	5	100.0	2,092	100.0	3	50.0	358	73.4
Accredited by AOA	4	4.9	303	3.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	7	8.6	1,874	19.8	–	–	–	–	3	60.0	1,942	92.8	3	50.0	358	73.4
Approved intern and resident program	6	7.4	2,221	23.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	2	2.5	448	4.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	3	3.7	886	9.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
CONNECTICUT																
Total	35	100.0	9,428	100.0	–	–	–	–	8	100.0	7,438	100.0	8	100.0	1,949	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	34	97.1	9,259	98.2	–	–	–	–	7	87.5	7,390	99.4	8	100.0	1,949	100.0
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	7	20.0	3,115	33.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	37.5	562	28.8
Approved intern and resident program	12	34.3	4,143	43.9	–	–	–	–	2	25.0	3,818	51.3	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	2	5.7	456	4.8	–	–	–	–	1	12.5	64	0.9	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	25.0	3,261	43.8	1	12.5	293	15.0

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
DELAWARE																
Total	7	100.0	1,575	100.0	1	100.0	108	100.0	1	100.0	1,259	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	6	85.7	1,530	97.1	1	100.0	108	100.0	1	100.0	1,259	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	1	14.3	45	2.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	1	14.3	934	59.3	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	1,259	100.0	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	1	14.3	45	2.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	108	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA																
Total	12	100.0	4,814	100.0	–	–	–	–	3	100.0	4,465	100.0	1	100.0	550	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	12	100.0	4,814	100.0	–	–	–	–	2	66.7	4,429	99.2	1	100.0	550	100.0
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	8	66.7	3,766	78.2	–	–	–	–	1	33.3	4,354	97.5	1	100.0	550	100.0
Approved intern and resident program	1	8.3	323	6.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	8.3	235	4.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
FLORIDA																
Total	176	100.0	27,819	100.0	2	100.0	1,011	100.0	7	100.0	8,176	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	113	64.2	22,824	82.0	2	100.0	1,011	100.0	4	57.1	4,322	52.9	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	12	6.8	1,192	4.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	9	5.1	3,509	12.6	2	100.0	1,011	100.0	2	28.6	2,787	34.1	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	15	8.5	5,699	20.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	1	0.6	40	0.1	–	–	–	–	1	14.3	2,032	24.9	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	2	1.1	407	1.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
GEORGIA																
Total	157	100.0	16,026	100.0	1	100.0	412	100.0	7	100.0	508	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	74	47.1	12,462	77.8	1	100.0	412	100.0	5	71.4	308	60.6	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	1	0.6	115	0.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	11	7.0	4,483	28.0	1	100.0	412	100.0	1	14.3	140	27.6	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	1	0.6	466	2.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	3	1.9	950	5.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	0.6	130	0.8	–	–	–	–	1	14.3	60	11.8	–	–	–	–
HAWAII																
Total	20	100.0	2,052	100.0	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	599	100.0	5	100.0	775	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	13	65.0	1,811	88.3	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	599	100.0	4	80.0	629	81.2
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	4	20.0	1,008	49.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	40.0	386	49.8
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	599	100.0	–	–	–	–
IDAHO																
Total	46	100.0	2,398	100.0	1	100.0	50	100.0	1	100.0	56	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	22	47.8	1,794	74.8	1	100.0	50	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ILLINOIS																
Total	269	100.0	51,458	100.0	10	100.0	2,202	100.0	19	100.0	17,535	100.0	4	100.0	391	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	240	89.2	47,947	93.2	9	90.0	2,187	99.3	11	57.9	7,062	40.3	2	50.0	159	40.7
Accredited by AOA	2	0.7	193	0.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	22	8.2	11,584	22.5	3	30.0	1,632	74.1	4	21.1	4,475	25.5	2	50.0	159	40.7
Approved intern and resident program	18	6.7	5,919	11.5	–	–	–	–	1	5.3	3,559	20.3	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	4	1.5	1,154	2.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	8	3.0	3,091	6.0	–	–	–	–	4	21.1	4,089	23.3	1	25.0	138	35.3
INDIANA																
Total	120	100.0	19,231	100.0	6	100.0	551	100.0	8	100.0	5,933	100.0	4	100.0	489	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	81	67.5	16,667	86.7	3	50.0	235	42.6	5	62.5	4,101	69.1	3	75.0	292	59.7
Accredited by AOA	2	1.7	140	0.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	6	5.0	1,747	9.1	–	–	–	–	2	25.0	1,243	21.0	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	7	5.8	2,771	14.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	4	3.3	1,208	6.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
IOWA																
Total	142	100.0	14,787	100.0	1	100.0	195	100.0	5	100.0	2,043	100.0	2	100.0	115	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	83	58.5	12,028	81.3	1	100.0	195	100.0	4	80.0	1,648	80.7	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	3	2.1	287	1.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	9	6.3	3,336	22.6	1	100.0	195	100.0	3	60.0	1,134	55.5	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	1	0.7	117	0.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	1	0.7	340	2.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
KANSAS																
Total	163	100.0	12,474	100.0	1	100.0	32	100.0	5	100.0	2,769	100.0	2	100.0	272	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	71	43.6	9,488	76.1	—	—	—	—	3	60.0	1,101	39.8	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	1	0.6	106	0.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	7	4.3	2,503	20.1	—	—	—	—	1	20.0	777	28.1	1	50.0	121	44.5
Approved intern and resident program	1	0.6	451	3.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	2	1.2	288	2.3	—	—	—	—	2	40.0	1,057	38.2	—	—	—	—
KENTUCKY																
Total	113	100.0	11,632	100.0	7	100.0	960	100.0	5	100.0	4,284	100.0	6	100.0	426	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	67	59.3	9,895	85.1	6	85.7	896	93.3	2	40.0	1,790	41.8	3	50.0	187	43.9
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	9	8.0	2,482	21.3	1	14.3	112	11.7	2	40.0	2,625	61.3	3	50.0	80	18.8
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	0.9	78	0.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LOUISIANA																
Total	132	100.0	14,184	100.0	1	100.0	351	100.0	3	100.0	744	100.0	2	100.0	155	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	60	45.5	11,062	78.0	1	100.0	351	100.0	2	66.7	552	74.2	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	11	8.3	4,623	32.6	—	—	—	—	1	33.3	236	31.7	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	0.8	150	1.1	1	100.0	351	100.0	1	33.3	192	25.8	—	—	—	—
MAINE																
Total	61	100.0	4,661	100.0	1	100.0	88	100.0	1	100.0	485	100.0	1	100.0	141	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	41	67.2	3,827	82.1	1	100.0	88	100.0	1	100.0	485	100.0	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	4	6.6	282	6.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	1	1.6	564	12.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	3	4.9	430	9.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	1.6	46	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	1.6	330	7.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MARYLAND																
Total	46	100.0	10,494	100.0	2	100.0	628	100.0	10	100.0	11,027	100.0	4	100.0	1,050	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	39	84.8	9,954	94.9	1	50.0	381	60.7	8	80.0	8,964	81.3	4	100.0	1,050	100.0
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	11	23.9	4,344	41.4	2	100.0	628	100.0	3	30.0	6,089	55.2	2	50.0	518	49.3
Approved intern and resident program	7	15.2	1,912	18.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	3	6.5	784	7.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	2.2	326	3.1	—	—	—	—	3	30.0	2,488	22.6	—	—	—	—
MASSACHUSETTS																
Total	151	100.0	25,003	100.0	4	100.0	575	100.0	18	100.0	7,376	100.0	23	100.0	6,080	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	135	89.4	22,534	90.1	4	100.0	575	100.0	12	66.7	6,245	84.7	16	69.6	5,434	89.4
Accredited by AOA	1	0.7	90	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	30	19.9	8,489	34.0	1	25.0	177	30.8	8	44.4	4,350	59.0	4	17.4	1,292	21.3
Approved intern and resident program	12	7.9	2,848	11.4	1	25.0	101	17.6	—	—	—	—	1	4.3	152	2.5
Approved intern program only	2	1.3	721	2.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	6	4.0	1,156	4.6	—	—	—	—	1	5.6	1,652	22.4	2	8.7	349	5.7
MICHIGAN																
Total	236	100.0	35,911	100.0	6	100.0	1,275	100.0	16	100.0	18,566	100.0	14	100.0	2,031	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	184	78.0	30,697	85.5	6	100.0	1,275	100.0	13	81.3	15,695	84.5	11	78.6	1,392	68.5
Accredited by AOA	26	11.0	4,048	11.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	32	13.6	11,057	30.8	1	16.7	460	36.1	4	25.0	5,708	30.7	2	14.3	196	9.7
Approved intern and resident program	26	11.0	7,535	21.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	9	3.8	1,501	4.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	3	1.3	431	1.2	—	—	—	—	3	18.8	6,490	35.0	—	—	—	—
MINNESOTA																
Total	187	100.0	18,669	100.0	3	100.0	225	100.0	7	100.0	5,368	100.0	3	100.0	328	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	117	62.6	16,577	88.8	2	66.7	134	59.6	7	100.0	5,368	100.0	2	66.7	224	68.3
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	12	6.4	4,498	24.1	—	—	—	—	2	28.6	1,542	28.7	2	66.7	224	68.3
Approved intern and resident program	5	2.7	1,985	10.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	2	1.1	699	3.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	0.5	373	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MISSISSIPPI																
Total	99	100.0	7,850	100.0	1	100.0	322	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by JCAH	37	37.4	5,205	66.3	1	100.0	322	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	1	1.0	440	5.6	1	100.0	322	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	1.0	351	4.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
MISSOURI																
Total	162	100.0	23,086	100.0	–	–	–	–	10	100.0	6,647	100.0	3	100.0	946	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	82	50.6	17,476	75.7	–	–	–	–	9	90.0	6,549	98.5	2	66.7	627	66.3
Accredited by AOA	17	10.5	1,384	6.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	21	13.0	6,592	28.6	–	–	–	–	5	50.0	3,689	55.5	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	10	6.2	3,047	13.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	2	1.2	129	0.6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	4	2.5	1,308	5.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	33.3	523	55.3
MONTANA																
Total	61	100.0	3,395	100.0	1	100.0	170	100.0	1	100.0	142	100.0	2	100.0	32	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	22	36.1	2,425	71.4	1	100.0	170	100.0	–	–	–	–	1	50.0	18	56.3
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEBRASKA																
Total	108	100.0	8,092	100.0	1	100.0	130	100.0	3	100.0	951	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	51	47.2	6,354	78.5	–	–	–	–	2	66.7	799	84.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	6	5.6	2,302	28.4	–	–	–	–	2	66.7	215	22.6	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	2	1.9	541	6.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	1	0.9	229	2.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEVADA																
Total	19	100.0	1,862	100.0	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	484	100.0	1	100.0	42	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	10	52.6	1,595	85.7	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	484	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	5.3	307	16.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW HAMPSHIRE																
Total	32	100.0	3,034	100.0	–	–	–	–	2	100.0	2,322	100.0	1	100.0	25	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	27	84.4	2,744	90.4	–	–	–	–	2	100.0	2,322	100.0	1	100.0	25	100.0
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	3	9.4	409	13.5	–	–	–	–	2	100.0	2,322	100.0	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW JERSEY																
Total	105	100.0	25,913	100.0	2	100.0	434	100.0	8	100.0	14,240	100.0	5	100.0	1,424	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	91	86.7	23,790	91.8	2	100.0	434	100.0	7	87.5	13,381	94.0	5	100.0	1,424	100.0
Accredited by AOA	6	5.7	794	3.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	13	12.4	3,880	15.0	–	–	–	–	2	25.0	4,625	32.5	3	60.0	992	69.7
Approved intern and resident program	32	30.5	12,978	50.1	–	–	–	–	2	25.0	4,717	33.1	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	6	5.7	1,556	6.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	5	4.8	979	3.8	–	–	–	–	2	25.0	4,609	32.4	–	–	–	–
NEW MEXICO																
Total	45	100.0	3,287	100.0	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	92	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	27	60.0	2,679	81.5	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	92	100.0	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	1	2.2	66	2.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	3	6.7	630	19.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	2.2	80	2.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW YORK																
Total	348	100.0	76,973	100.0	5	100.0	656	100.0	36	100.0	68,981	100.0	18	100.0	5,238	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	319	91.7	73,662	95.7	5	100.0	656	100.0	30	83.3	64,832	94.0	18	100.0	5,238	100.0
Accredited by AOA	3	0.9	350	0.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	73	21.0	34,181	44.4	2	40.0	156	23.8	20	55.6	40,674	59.0	5	27.8	1,616	30.9
Approved intern and resident program	44	12.6	13,189	17.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	5.6	244	4.7
Approved intern program only	6	1.7	1,280	1.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	5.6	1,150	22.0
Approved resident program only	10	2.9	1,621	2.1	–	–	–	–	4	11.1	23,877	34.6	1	5.6	54	1.0
NORTH CAROLINA																
Total	138	100.0	17,559	100.0	4	100.0	1,038	100.0	5	100.0	6,496	100.0	3	100.0	275	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	102	73.9	15,798	90.0	4	100.0	1,038	100.0	3	60.0	4,146	63.8	3	100.0	275	100.0
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	12	8.7	4,045	23.0	1	25.0	100	9.6	4	80.0	6,377	98.2	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	2	1.4	436	2.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	1	0.7	299	1.7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	1	0.7	87	0.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
NORTH DAKOTA																
Total	59	100.0	3,381	100.0	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	1,301	100.0	2	100.0	101	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	32	54.2	2,654	78.5	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	1,301	100.0	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	1.7	215	6.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OHIO																
Total	221	100.0	43,128	100.0	16	100.0	2,016	100.0	19	100.0	5,944	100.0	11	100.0	2,268	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	164	74.2	37,991	88.1	12	75.0	1,767	87.6	9	47.4	4,317	72.6	10	90.9	2,013	88.8
Accredited by AOA	14	6.3	1,930	4.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	22	10.0	8,679	20.1	3	18.8	905	44.9	4	21.1	615	10.3	4	36.4	1,334	58.8
Approved intern and resident program	40	18.1	14,763	34.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	8	3.6	2,424	5.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	5	2.3	933	2.2	—	—	—	—	2	10.5	1,947	32.8	—	—	—	—
OKLAHOMA																
Total	136	100.0	11,117	100.0	—	—	—	—	5	100.0	3,103	100.0	2	100.0	306	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	66	48.5	8,276	74.4	—	—	—	—	2	40.0	1,878	60.5	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	6	4.4	556	5.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	11	8.1	2,805	25.2	—	—	—	—	1	20.0	1,798	57.9	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	2	1.5	559	5.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	3	2.2	625	5.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OREGON																
Total	86	100.0	7,520	100.0	1	100.0	79	100.0	3	100.0	2,555	100.0	4	100.0	122	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	57	66.3	6,403	85.1	1	100.0	79	100.0	2	66.7	1,916	75.0	1	25.0	48	39.3
Accredited by AOA	6	7.0	227	3.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	6	7.0	1,770	23.5	1	100.0	79	100.0	1	33.3	1,456	57.0	1	25.0	48	39.3
Approved intern and resident program	2	2.3	530	7.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	1.2	236	3.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PENNSYLVANIA																
Total	254	100.0	50,324	100.0	3	100.0	940	100.0	30	100.0	30,614	100.0	10	100.0	1,940	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	211	83.1	47,261	93.9	3	100.0	940	100.0	15	50.0	14,838	48.5	6	60.0	1,202	62.0
Accredited by AOA	20	7.9	2,047	4.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	40	15.7	17,283	34.3	1	33.3	500	53.2	11	36.7	13,857	45.3	1	10.0	66	3.4
Approved intern and resident program	36	14.2	9,680	19.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	11	4.3	2,298	4.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	6	2.4	1,137	2.3	—	—	—	—	5	16.7	8,111	26.5	—	—	—	—
RHODE ISLAND																
Total	15	100.0	3,080	100.0	—	—	—	—	3	100.0	1,996	100.0	3	100.0	1,789	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	14	93.3	3,080	100.0	—	—	—	—	3	100.0	1,996	100.0	2	66.7	1,749	97.8
Accredited by AOA	1	6.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	3	20.0	1,020	33.1	—	—	—	—	1	33.3	83	4.2	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	4	26.7	761	24.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	6.7	208	6.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	6.7	269	8.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH CAROLINA																
Total	70	100.0	8,720	100.0	1	100.0	566	100.0	4	100.0	6,243	100.0	2	100.0	120	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	52	74.3	7,577	86.9	1	100.0	566	100.0	3	75.0	6,193	99.2	1	50.0	40	33.3
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	4	5.7	1,060	12.2	—	—	—	—	2	50.0	3,629	58.1	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	1	1.4	685	7.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	1.4	504	5.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	25.0	100	1.6	—	—	—	—
SOUTH DAKOTA																
Total	66	100.0	3,788	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by JCAH	14	21.2	1,981	52.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	1	1.5	39	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	2	3.0	566	14.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TENNESSEE																
Total	143	100.0	17,034	100.0	4	100.0	661	100.0	4	100.0	559	100.0	4	100.0	266	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	80	55.9	13,908	81.6	4	100.0	661	100.0	—	—	—	—	2	50.0	210	78.9
Accredited by AOA	1	0.7	25	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	10	7.0	4,779	28.1	2	50.0	366	55.4	1	25.0	175	31.3	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	4	2.8	2,001	11.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	0.7	56	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
TEXAS																
Total	523	100.0	46,046	100.0	5	100.0	2,137	100.0	10	100.0	8,206	100.0	8	100.0	663	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	205	39.2	33,126	71.9	5	100.0	2,137	100.0	8	80.0	8,157	99.4	6	75.0	545	82.2
Accredited by AOA	22	4.2	1,341	2.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	25	4.8	8,682	18.9	3	60.0	1,507	70.5	3	30.0	3,719	45.3	3	37.5	123	18.6
Approved intern and resident program	9	1.7	4,447	9.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12.5	142	21.4
Approved intern program only	3	0.6	485	1.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	4	0.8	897	1.9	—	—	—	—	1	10.0	2,500	30.5	—	—	—	—
UTAH																
Total	35	100.0	3,369	100.0	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	100	100.0	1	100.0	38	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	14	40.0	2,664	79.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	6	17.1	1,773	52.6	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	100	100.0	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	2.9	188	5.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VERMONT																
Total	19	100.0	1,861	100.0	1	100.0	75	100.0	2	100.0	1,850	100.0	1	100.0	20	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	16	84.2	1,788	96.1	1	100.0	75	100.0	2	100.0	1,850	100.0	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	2	10.5	673	36.2	1	100.0	75	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	50.0	1,350	73.0	—	—	—	—
VIRGINIA																
Total	105	100.0	16,689	100.0	3	100.0	933	100.0	9	100.0	2,292	100.0	2	100.0	489	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	85	81.0	14,046	84.2	3	100.0	933	100.0	5	55.6	712	31.1	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	9	8.6	3,949	23.7	1	33.3	322	34.5	4	44.4	1,675	73.1	1	50.0	150	30.7
Approved intern and resident program	6	5.7	2,431	14.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	1.0	53	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	7	6.7	1,560	9.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WASHINGTON																
Total	118	100.0	11,064	100.0	2	100.0	358	100.0	7	100.0	3,425	100.0	1	100.0	18	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	75	63.6	9,431	85.2	2	100.0	358	100.0	5	71.4	3,374	98.5	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	2	1.7	148	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	8	6.8	1,825	16.5	1	50.0	234	65.4	3	42.9	2,536	74.0	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	5	4.2	1,607	14.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	2	1.7	148	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	1	0.8	149	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEST VIRGINIA																
Total	79	100.0	8,699	100.0	1	100.0	40	100.0	5	100.0	163	100.0	—	—	—	—
Accredited by JCAH	48	60.8	7,101	81.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	2	2.5	592	6.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	5	6.3	1,656	19.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	1	1.3	105	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	3	3.8	618	7.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WISCONSIN																
Total	166	100.0	20,816	100.0	9	100.0	458	100.0	13	100.0	4,515	100.0	2	100.0	156	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	124	74.7	18,827	90.4	7	77.8	418	91.3	6	46.2	3,005	66.6	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	2	1.2	274	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	12	7.2	3,727	17.9	1	11.1	64	14.0	1	7.7	812	18.0	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	6	3.6	2,193	10.5	1	11.1	141	30.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	2	1.2	545	2.6	—	—	—	—	3	23.1	1,799	39.8	—	—	—	—
WYOMING																
Total	28	100.0	1,502	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	579	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	13	46.4	968	64.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	100.0	579	100.0
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	1	3.6	51	3.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GUAM																
Total	1	100.0	236	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by JCAH	1	100.0	236	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accredited by AOA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Affiliated with medical school	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern and resident program	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved intern program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approved resident program only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.9 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF HOSPITAL, AFFILIATION, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and affiliation of hospital	Short-stay hospitals				Tuberculosis hospitals				Psychiatric hospitals				Other long-stay general and special hospitals			
	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent	Number	Percent	Adult beds	Percent
PUERTO RICO																
Total	99	100.0	6,311	100.0	5	100.0	1,518	100.0	3	100.0	1,815	100.0	1	100.0	30	100.0
Accredited by JCAH	24	24.2	3,768	59.7	2	40.0	994	65.5	3	100.0	1,815	100.0	1	100.0	30	100.0
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	5	5.1	1,147	18.2	1	20.0	120	7.9	1	33.3	1,140	62.8	1	100.0	30	100.0
Approved intern and resident program	2	2.0	640	10.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	1	1.0	132	2.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	33.3	275	15.2	–	–	–	–
VIRGIN ISLANDS																
Total	3	100.0	198	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	2	66.7	175	88.4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ALL OTHER AREAS																
Total	1	100.0	145	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Accredited by JCAH	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Accredited by AOA	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Affiliated with medical school	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern and resident program	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved intern program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Approved resident program only	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.10 NUMBER OF HOSPITALS, BEDS, AND PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EMPLOYEES BY JOB CATEGORY, AND REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All hospitals		Professional and technical employees								
	Number	Adult beds	Residents	Interns	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Registered pharmacists	Physical therapists	Occupational therapists	Medical social workers	Other social workers
All areas	7,024	1,188,220	40,907	13,371	334,651	172,890	10,782	7,482	2,966	7,841	6,605
United States	6,911	1,177,967	40,601	13,265	332,541	169,958	10,736	7,454	2,942	7,766	6,541
Northeast	1,214	356,953	14,693	4,723	102,069	43,438	2,547	2,337	920	3,055	2,503
North Central	2,105	340,574	11,264	3,787	95,336	44,025	3,436	2,028	943	2,012	2,061
South	2,314	314,897	9,007	2,733	74,683	56,957	2,640	1,524	440	1,185	1,102
West	1,278	165,543	5,637	2,022	60,452	25,538	2,113	1,565	639	1,514	875
Northeast:											
New England	390	79,276	3,047	804	27,138	12,618	617	599	248	662	576
Middle Atlantic	824	277,677	11,646	3,919	74,931	30,820	1,930	1,738	672	2,393	1,926
North Central:											
East North Central	1,169	234,874	7,412	2,483	65,586	31,078	2,473	1,335	654	1,450	1,484
West North Central	936	105,700	3,852	1,304	29,751	12,947	963	694	289	562	578
South:											
South Atlantic	868	160,244	4,926	1,530	42,248	23,234	1,262	815	277	734	628
East South Central	512	57,549	1,670	527	13,132	12,198	534	240	34	136	146
West South Central	934	97,104	2,411	676	19,304	21,526	844	469	129	315	328
West:											
Mountain	400	37,083	1,384	452	13,863	6,218	518	335	116	308	146
Pacific	878	128,460	4,253	1,570	46,589	19,320	1,596	1,230	523	1,206	729
New England:											
Maine	64	5,375	45	22	1,958	808	38	45	4	13	40
New Hampshire	35	5,381	72	29	1,595	646	37	26	15	15	67
Vermont	23	3,806	123	36	953	473	20	54	9	11	8
Massachusetts	196	39,034	1,912	437	14,803	7,844	339	304	163	450	331
Rhode Island	21	6,865	137	56	1,878	1,007	52	34	4	49	42
Connecticut	51	18,815	758	224	5,952	1,840	131	136	52	124	90
Middle Atlantic:											
New York	407	151,848	8,210	2,577	36,849	16,174	1,085	1,128	477	1,478	1,164
New Jersey	120	42,011	836	488	12,633	4,816	280	205	75	177	200
Pennsylvania	297	83,818	2,600	854	25,448	9,830	565	405	120	738	562
East North Central:											
Ohio	267	53,356	2,273	713	17,906	9,811	495	334	134	368	369
Indiana	138	26,204	406	144	6,946	2,493	239	129	51	149	74
Illinois	302	71,586	2,009	788	20,803	7,326	632	370	181	504	581
Michigan	272	57,783	2,238	714	12,690	8,469	724	284	155	293	324
Wisconsin	190	25,945	486	124	7,241	2,978	384	219	134	137	136
West North Central:											
Minnesota	200	24,590	1,880	241	8,015	3,557	237	187	111	93	184
Iowa	150	17,140	315	91	5,261	1,769	150	116	21	53	56
Missouri	175	30,679	1,211	309	6,791	4,146	293	185	73	236	190
North Dakota	62	4,783	17	5	1,146	612	37	32	14	21	4
South Dakota	66	3,788	–	8	1,209	439	33	15	5	7	3
Nebraska	112	9,173	164	70	3,204	1,023	92	65	12	53	61
Kansas	171	15,547	265	580	4,125	1,400	121	94	53	100	80
South Atlantic:											
Delaware	9	2,942	25	24	879	410	25	69	4	10	16
Maryland	62	23,199	1,111	338	5,193	2,536	169	108	99	190	215
District of Columbia	16	9,829	779	213	2,482	1,680	64	50	38	125	35
Virginia	119	20,403	565	194	6,493	3,279	167	151	30	78	57
West Virginia	85	8,902	158	40	2,884	1,668	70	46	4	23	37
North Carolina	150	25,368	652	180	6,085	3,062	158	109	25	115	96
South Carolina	77	15,649	253	78	2,429	1,550	83	31	9	35	60
Georgia	165	16,946	539	169	4,825	3,680	182	72	26	49	35
Florida	185	37,006	844	294	10,977	5,370	344	181	43	111	77
East South Central:											
Kentucky	131	17,302	385	104	3,649	2,525	114	57	15	60	73
Tennessee	155	18,520	793	266	4,344	4,780	213	79	9	54	45
Alabama	126	13,555	384	126	3,334	3,314	138	42	9	16	19
Mississippi	100	8,172	108	31	1,805	1,579	69	63	2	6	10
West South Central:											
Arkansas	107	10,092	157	44	1,681	2,814	98	28	3	82	23
Louisiana	138	15,434	606	172	3,383	2,769	152	49	37	40	70
Oklahoma	143	14,526	293	100	2,835	2,084	112	82	4	48	49
Texas	546	57,052	1,355	360	11,405	13,859	482	310	85	146	187
Mountain:											
Montana	65	3,739	–	–	1,410	562	45	28	2	2	12
Idaho	48	2,504	1	–	992	826	36	17	–	6	8
Wyoming	29	2,081	4	–	522	130	13	14	4	3	16
Colorado	92	12,037	848	219	4,765	1,723	153	164	67	182	47
New Mexico	46	3,379	120	35	1,087	777	57	23	–	4	8
Arizona	62	7,448	182	139	3,057	1,087	130	52	31	49	22
Utah	37	3,507	227	59	1,344	688	55	28	9	56	30
Nevada	21	2,388	2	–	687	425	29	11	3	8	3
Pacific:											
Washington	128	14,865	521	164	6,100	3,288	202	128	46	93	42
Oregon	94	10,276	340	89	3,536	1,270	106	95	17	38	53
California	608	98,948	3,301	1,278	35,246	13,761	1,242	970	428	1,042	624
Alaska	22	945	–	–	356	155	12	7	5	6	3
Hawaii	26	3,426	91	39	1,350	847	34	30	28	26	7
Other areas:											
Guam	1	236	–	–	101	17	1	2	–	1	–
Puerto Rico	108	9,674	306	106	1,893	2,771	41	25	23	73	63
Virgin Islands	3	198	–	–	109	63	3	1	1	1	1
All other areas	1	145	–	–	6	81	1	1	–	–	–

Table 3.11 RATIO OF BEDS PER NURSE, BY TYPE OF NURSE AND HOSPITAL, AND REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	Short-stay hospitals		Tuberculosis hospitals		Psychiatric hospitals		Other long-stay general and special hospitals	
	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse
All areas	2.6	5.2	11.6	14.2	22.3	36.9	7.2	9.4
United States	2.6	5.2	11.5	14.5	22.3	37.0	7.2	9.4
Northeast	2.1	5.3	8.2	11.5	22.7	45.3	8.2	8.4
North Central	2.8	6.1	10.4	16.4	23.4	79.5	7.5	8.4
South	3.4	4.5	16.7	14.6	27.7	26.8	6.8	10.8
West	2.1	5.3	5.9	12.7	14.9	17.2	5.7	13.0
Northeast:								
New England	1.9	4.9	6.2	5.6	13.4	12.9	9.2	8.4
Middle Atlantic	2.2	5.4	9.3	18.8	26.2	86.2	7.4	8.5
North Central:								
East North Central	2.7	5.8	10.1	15.6	24.7	73.6	7.1	7.6
West North Central	2.9	6.7	15.7	41.6	20.3	102.0	9.1	12.3
South:								
South Atlantic	2.8	5.3	14.3	11.5	26.7	27.7	7.1	12.1
East South Central	3.9	4.2	12.3	11.0	22.2	37.4	6.9	10.3
West South Central	4.3	3.8	36.3	49.7	34.8	22.3	6.2	8.9
West:								
Mountain	2.4	5.2	6.5	30.3	8.6	49.9	7.6	16.2
Pacific	2.1	5.3	5.6	9.6	16.4	15.8	5.5	12.6
New England:								
Maine	2.4	5.9	11.0	5.5	37.3	485.0	23.5	35.3
New Hampshire	2.1	4.9	–	–	22.5	101.0	1.5	12.5
Vermont	2.1	4.3	12.5	15.0	51.4	57.8	2.9	3.3
Massachusetts	1.9	4.7	5.5	5.2	7.4	4.9	8.4	6.5
Rhode Island	1.8	3.4	–	–	26.6	105.1	25.6	19.0
Connecticut	1.8	5.8	–	–	19.9	99.2	7.2	12.7
Middle Atlantic:								
New York	2.3	5.2	5.6	17.3	27.8	123.6	7.3	6.2
New Jersey	2.2	5.7	8.2	20.7	27.8	75.7	5.5	16.2
Pennsylvania	2.1	5.5	19.2	19.2	22.6	53.1	10.4	22.3
East North Central:								
Ohio	2.5	4.6	9.0	15.9	15.5	50.4	9.2	10.1
Indiana	2.9	7.9	10.6	23.0	37.1	539.4	8.6	18.1
Illinois	2.6	7.6	13.0	19.8	22.5	124.4	2.4	1.3
Michigan	3.0	4.6	8.4	8.9	38.0	64.5	7.6	14.0
Wisconsin	3.0	7.4	9.7	35.2	14.4	29.1	9.8	11.1
West North Central:								
Minnesota	2.4	5.3	20.5	75.0	28.6	233.4	4.2	19.3
Iowa	2.9	8.7	24.4	32.5	16.3	35.2	6.8	38.3
Missouri	3.6	5.8	–	–	18.1	125.4	13.9	9.3
North Dakota	3.1	5.6	–	–	52.0	260.2	7.8	33.7
South Dakota	3.1	8.6	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	2.6	8.1	32.5	65.0	7.9	43.2	–	–
Kansas	3.1	9.2	2.3	10.7	23.9	106.5	15.1	14.3
South Atlantic:								
Delaware	1.9	4.4	6.0	9.0	36.0	30.0	–	–
Maryland	2.2	5.7	15.7	9.5	37.3	19.3	9.2	14.6
District of Columbia	2.3	4.3	–	–	14.9	8.2	6.6	42.3
Virginia	2.7	5.4	16.1	25.9	24.1	37.6	5.6	7.5
West Virginia	3.1	5.3	6.7	5.7	1.8	14.8	–	–
North Carolina	3.1	6.1	11.4	12.2	25.2	232.0	4.8	5.4
South Carolina	3.8	5.9	25.7	21.0	59.5	164.3	13.3	30.0
Georgia	3.4	4.6	15.8	3.2	5.4	9.1	–	–
Florida	2.6	5.3	14.4	19.4	33.2	71.7	–	–
East South Central:								
Kentucky	3.4	5.0	16.0	13.9	30.4	44.2	6.4	8.5
Tennessee	4.1	3.7	8.2	8.6	8.5	18.0	7.8	15.6
Alabama	4.0	4.0	25.5	25.5	4.2	19.7	–	–
Mississippi	4.4	5.1	13.4	8.5	–	–	–	–
West South Central:								
Arkansas	5.2	3.5	114.3	57.2	31.2	3.4	0.7	6.7
Louisiana	4.3	5.3	17.6	27.0	9.7	13.8	6.5	14.1
Oklahoma	4.1	5.5	–	–	33.7	63.3	34.0	13.9
Texas	4.2	3.4	38.9	56.2	47.4	84.6	5.5	7.2
Mountain:								
Montana	2.5	6.3	11.3	14.2	12.9	142.0	2.7	5.3
Idaho	2.5	2.9	4.5	–	11.2	7.0	–	–
Wyoming	2.9	12.3	–	–	–	–	64.3	72.4
Colorado	2.2	5.7	–	–	6.2	99.6	4.0	9.0
New Mexico	3.1	4.3	–	–	6.6	18.4	–	–
Arizona	2.1	5.7	5.0	174.0	13.4	39.2	7.0	84.0
Utah	2.5	4.9	–	–	50.0	–	3.8	19.0
Nevada	2.8	4.7	–	–	18.6	26.9	21.0	6.0
Pacific:								
Washington	1.9	3.8	6.4	11.2	23.1	10.6	3.6	6.0
Oregon	2.2	6.1	3.6	9.9	21.7	111.1	2.3	8.1
California	2.1	5.7	5.6	8.2	16.1	16.8	5.7	15.4
Alaska	2.2	6.3	–	–	6.1	5.0	4.3	11.2
Hawaii	1.8	3.7	–	–	7.7	4.6	4.8	4.8
Other areas:								
Guam	2.3	13.9	–	–	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	3.7	2.5	13.0	11.1	27.5	23.3	10.0	10.0
Virgin Islands	1.8	3.1	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	24.2	1.8	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.12 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
All areas	2,420	585	96	1,376	215	148
United States	2,416	584	96	1,374	214	148
Northeast	698	371	22	202	100	3
North Central	550	112	20	349	54	15
South	911	54	40	694	30	93
West	257	47	14	129	30	37
Northeast:						
New England	374	257	9	86	21	1
Middle Atlantic	324	114	13	116	79	2
North Central:						
East North Central	342	86	12	210	24	10
West North Central	208	26	8	139	30	5
South:						
South Atlantic	352	27	36	265	12	12
East South Central	255	8	1	228	16	2
West South Central	304	19	3	201	2	79
West:						
Mountain	83	8	8	55	10	2
Pacific	174	39	6	74	20	35
New England:						
Maine	24	16	–	5	3	–
New Hampshire	40	34	1	3	1	1
Vermont	14	12	–	2	–	–
Massachusetts	179	108	7	50	14	–
Rhode Island	17	15	–	–	2	–
Connecticut	100	72	1	26	1	–
Middle Atlantic:						
New York	140	25	7	58	50	–
New Jersey	53	26	3	15	9	–
Pennsylvania	131	63	3	43	20	2
East North Central:						
Ohio	103	23	7	69	3	1
Indiana	31	15	–	14	1	1
Illinois	89	24	4	45	12	4
Michigan	53	10	1	39	3	–
Wisconsin	66	14	–	43	5	4
West North Central:						
Minnesota	55	3	1	44	6	1
Iowa	39	15	5	19	–	–
Missouri	41	4	–	25	9	3
North Dakota	9	–	–	6	3	–
South Dakota	26	1	–	22	3	–
Nebraska	5	1	–	–	3	1
Kansas	33	2	2	23	6	–
South Atlantic:						
Deloware	8	1	1	3	1	2
Maryland	31	3	–	24	4	–
District of Columbia	3	1	–	1	1	–
Virginia	136	3	–	133	–	–
West Virginio	25	4	1	15	2	3
North Carolino	24	5	–	17	2	–
South Corolino	43	1	–	41	–	1
Geargio	19	2	1	12	1	3
Florido	63	7	33	19	1	3
East South Central:						
Kentucky	33	4	1	16	12	–
Tennessee	86	1	–	83	1	1
Alabamo	55	2	–	51	1	1
Mississippi	81	1	–	78	2	–
West South Central:						
Arkonsas	71	2	–	69	–	–
Louisiono	78	2	–	59	–	17
Oklohoma	59	3	2	53	1	–
Texos	96	12	1	20	1	62
Mountain:						
Montana	14	–	–	10	4	–
Idoho	10	–	1	5	3	1
Wyoming	8	–	–	8	–	–
Colorado	20	3	4	12	–	1
New Mexico	5	1	1	2	1	–
Arizona	10	2	1	6	1	–
Utah	13	1	–	11	1	–
Nevado	3	1	1	1	–	–
Pacific:						
Washington	24	3	3	16	2	–
Oregon	28	2	–	23	1	2
Californio	115	34	3	33	14	31
Alasko	1	–	–	1	–	–
Howaii	6	–	–	1	3	2
Other areas:						
Guam	1	–	–	1	–	–
Puerto Rico	2	1	–	–	1	–
Virgin Islands	1	–	–	1	–	–
All other areos	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
ALL AREAS						
All agencies	2,420	585	96	1,376	215	148
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	2,420	585	96	1,376	215	148
Physical therapy	1,825	531	75	921	186	112
Occupational therapy	487	171	24	169	76	47
Speech therapy	648	235	30	221	98	64
Medical social services	516	135	12	200	117	52
Home health aide services	1,372	343	54	705	161	109
Interns and residents	26	1	–	2	21	2
Nutritional guidance	368	54	19	152	110	33
Pharmaceutical services	131	7	2	5	102	15
Appliances and equipment	371	82	18	80	129	62
Vocational guidance	22	1	–	3	12	6
Other services	130	30	5	27	54	14
UNITED STATES						
All agencies	2,416	584	96	1,374	214	148
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	2,416	584	96	1,374	214	148
Physical therapy	1,821	530	75	919	185	112
Occupational therapy	486	171	24	169	75	47
Speech therapy	646	235	30	220	97	64
Medical social services	512	134	12	198	116	52
Home health aide services	1,369	342	54	704	160	109
Interns and residents	26	1	–	2	21	2
Nutritional guidance	365	53	19	151	109	33
Pharmaceutical services	129	7	2	4	101	15
Appliances and equipment	368	82	18	78	128	62
Vocational guidance	21	1	–	3	11	6
Other services	129	30	5	26	54	14
NORTHEAST						
All agencies	698	371	22	202	100	3
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	698	371	22	202	100	3
Physical therapy	646	343	21	186	93	3
Occupational therapy	196	110	5	45	35	1
Speech therapy	220	131	6	36	44	3
Medical social services	207	77	5	58	66	1
Home health aide services	342	184	10	76	71	1
Interns and residents	12	–	–	–	12	–
Nutritional guidance	104	28	7	18	50	1
Pharmaceutical services	70	3	1	1	65	–
Appliances and equipment	137	37	9	15	74	2
Vocational guidance	9	–	–	1	8	–
Other services	65	20	2	6	37	–
NORTH CENTRAL						
All agencies	550	112	20	349	54	15
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	550	112	20	349	54	15
Physical therapy	376	96	15	205	47	13
Occupational therapy	89	26	2	33	17	11
Speech therapy	161	48	9	65	28	11
Medical social services	66	18	2	17	18	11
Home health aide services	347	73	16	206	40	12
Interns and residents	8	1	–	2	3	2
Nutritional guidance	53	10	2	11	25	5
Pharmaceutical services	21	–	–	1	15	5
Appliances and equipment	69	17	3	21	21	7
Vocational guidance	4	–	–	–	–	4
Other services	26	7	2	3	8	6
SOUTH						
All agencies	911	54	40	694	30	93
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	911	54	40	694	30	93
Physical therapy	587	47	27	436	16	61
Occupational therapy	115	13	11	73	5	13
Speech therapy	153	23	7	91	7	25
Medical social services	152	19	3	101	16	13
Home health aide services	502	43	17	345	26	71
Interns and residents	4	–	–	–	4	–
Nutritional guidance	148	7	7	110	15	9
Pharmaceutical services	18	3	1	2	7	5
Appliances and equipment	102	16	4	28	17	37
Vocational guidance	5	–	–	2	2	1
Other services	25	2	1	14	4	4
WEST						
All agencies	257	47	14	129	30	37
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	257	47	14	129	30	37
Physical therapy	212	44	12	92	29	35
Occupational therapy	86	22	6	18	18	22
Speech therapy	112	33	8	28	18	25
Medical social services	87	20	2	22	16	27
Home health aide services	178	42	11	77	23	25
Interns and residents	2	–	–	–	2	–
Nutritional guidance	60	8	3	12	19	18
Pharmaceutical services	20	1	–	–	14	5
Appliances and equipment	60	12	2	14	16	16
Vocational guidance	3	1	–	–	1	1
Other services	13	1	–	3	5	4
NEW ENGLAND						
All agencies	374	257	9	86	21	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	374	257	9	86	21	1
Physical therapy	342	239	9	72	21	1
Occupational therapy	146	92	3	39	11	1
Speech therapy	148	104	4	27	12	1
Medical social services	103	61	2	28	12	–
Home health aide services	153	112	1	29	11	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	31	13	1	3	14	–
Pharmaceutical services	11	1	–	–	10	–
Appliances and equipment	38	20	1	5	12	–
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	1	–
Other services	15	9	–	3	3	–
MIDDLE ATLANTIC						
All agencies	324	114	13	116	79	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	324	114	13	116	79	2
Physical therapy	304	104	12	114	72	2
Occupational therapy	50	18	2	6	24	–
Speech therapy	72	27	2	9	32	2
Medical social services	104	16	3	30	54	1
Home health aide services	189	72	9	47	60	1
Interns and residents	12	–	–	–	12	–
Nutritional guidance	73	15	6	15	36	1
Pharmaceutical services	59	2	1	1	55	–
Appliances and equipment	99	17	8	10	62	2
Vocational guidance	8	–	–	1	7	–
Other services	50	11	2	3	34	–
EAST NORTH CENTRAL						
All agencies	342	86	12	210	24	10
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	342	86	12	210	24	10
Physical therapy	250	76	11	133	21	9
Occupational therapy	64	22	1	23	10	8
Speech therapy	111	40	6	46	12	7
Medical social services	47	16	1	10	12	8
Home health aide services	173	53	9	90	14	7
Interns and residents	8	1	–	2	3	2
Nutritional guidance	31	8	2	5	13	3
Pharmaceutical services	12	–	–	1	8	3
Appliances and equipment	36	12	2	8	9	5
Vocational guidance	3	–	–	–	–	3
Other services	24	7	2	3	7	5
WEST NORTH CENTRAL						
All agencies	208	26	8	139	30	5
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	208	26	8	139	30	5
Physical therapy	126	20	4	72	26	4
Occupational therapy	25	4	1	10	7	3
Speech therapy	50	8	3	19	16	4
Medical social services	19	2	1	7	6	3
Home health aide services	174	20	7	116	26	5
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	22	2	–	6	12	2
Pharmaceutical services	9	–	–	–	7	2
Appliances and equipment	33	5	1	13	12	2
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	–	1
Other services	2	–	–	–	1	1

Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
SOUTH ATLANTIC						
All agencies	352	27	36	265	12	12
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	352	27	36	265	12	12
Physicol therapy	214	23	23	150	9	9
Occupational therapy	56	8	11	27	5	5
Speech therapy	85	10	7	57	6	5
Medical social services	61	10	3	33	9	6
Home health aide services	249	21	14	195	10	9
Interns and residents	3	—	—	—	3	—
Nutritional guidance	56	4	4	37	7	4
Pharmaceutical services	12	2	1	1	5	3
Appliances and equipment	34	3	3	13	6	9
Vocational guidance	5	—	—	2	2	1
Other services	13	1	1	5	3	3
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL						
All agencies	255	8	1	228	16	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	255	8	1	228	16	2
Physicol therapy	199	6	1	184	6	2
Occupational therapy	38	—	—	38	—	—
Speech therapy	23	3	—	18	1	1
Medical sociol services	16	3	—	7	6	—
Home health aide services	109	6	1	85	15	2
Interns and residents	1	—	—	—	1	—
Nutritional guidance	32	1	1	22	8	—
Pharmaceutical services	4	—	—	1	2	1
Appliances and equipment	27	4	1	9	11	2
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	10	—	—	8	1	1
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL						
All agencies	304	19	3	201	2	79
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	304	19	3	201	2	79
Physicol therapy	174	18	3	102	1	50
Occupational therapy	21	5	—	8	—	8
Speech therapy	45	10	—	16	—	19
Medical social services	75	6	—	61	1	7
Home health aide services	144	16	2	65	1	60
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	60	2	2	51	—	5
Pharmaceutical services	2	1	—	—	—	1
Appliances and equipment	41	9	—	6	—	26
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	2	1	—	1	—	—
MOUNTAIN						
All agencies	83	8	8	55	10	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	83	8	8	55	10	2
Physicol therapy	63	7	7	38	9	2
Occupational therapy	17	4	4	6	3	—
Speech therapy	32	6	5	13	6	2
Medical social services	12	4	1	4	2	1
Home health aide services	57	7	6	35	8	1
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	14	2	—	6	5	1
Pharmaceutical services	2	—	—	—	2	—
Appliances and equipment	15	1	1	6	6	1
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	5	—	—	2	3	—
PACIFIC						
All agencies	174	39	6	74	20	35
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	174	39	6	74	20	35
Physical therapy	149	37	5	54	20	33
Occupational therapy	69	18	2	12	15	22
Speech therapy	80	27	3	15	12	23
Medical sociol services	75	16	1	18	14	26
Home health aide services	121	35	5	42	15	24
Interns and residents	2	—	—	—	2	—
Nutritional guidance	46	6	3	6	14	17
Pharmaceutical services	18	1	—	—	12	5
Appliances and equipment	45	11	1	8	10	15
Vocational guidance	3	1	—	—	1	1
Other services	8	1	—	1	2	4
ALABAMA						
All agencies	55	2	—	51	1	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	55	2	—	51	1	1
Physical therapy	31	2	—	28	—	1
Occupational therapy	3	—	—	3	—	—
Speech therapy	10	—	—	9	—	1
Medical social services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home health aide services	32	2	—	28	1	1
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	1	—	—	1	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	—	1
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	—	—	1
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	5	—	—	4	—	1
ALASKA						
All agencies	1	—	—	1	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	1	—	—	1	—	—
Physical therapy	1	—	—	1	—	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	1	—	—	1	—	—
Medical social services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home health aide services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
ARIZONA						
All agencies	10	2	1	6	1	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	10	2	1	6	1	—
Physical therapy	8	2	1	4	1	—
Occupational therapy	4	2	—	1	1	—
Speech therapy	4	2	—	1	1	—
Medical social services	5	2	—	2	1	—
Home health aide services	10	2	1	6	1	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	2	1	—	—	1	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	1	—	—	—	1	—
ARKANSAS						
All agencies	71	2	—	69	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	71	2	—	69	—	—
Physical therapy	70	1	—	69	—	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	1	1	—	—	—	—
Medical social services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home health aide services	2	2	—	—	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	45	—	—	45	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	1	1	—	—	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
CALIFORNIA						
All agencies	115	34	3	33	14	31
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	115	34	3	33	14	31
Physical therapy	100	32	3	22	14	29
Occupational therapy	56	16	2	7	11	20
Speech therapy	58	22	1	5	9	21
Medical social services	56	14	1	7	10	24
Home health aide services	97	33	3	27	12	22
Interns and residents	2	—	—	—	2	—
Nutritional guidance	36	6	3	4	9	14
Pharmaceutical services	12	1	—	—	7	4
Appliances and equipment	30	10	1	2	5	12
Vocational guidance	2	1	—	—	—	1
Other services	4	—	—	1	—	3

Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
COLORADO						
All agencies	20	3	4	12	–	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	20	3	4	12	–	1
Physical therapy	18	3	4	10	–	1
Occupational therapy	8	1	3	4	–	–
Speech therapy	10	2	3	4	–	1
Medical social services	3	1	1	1	–	–
Home health aide services	10	2	3	5	–	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	1	–	–	1	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
CONNECTICUT						
All agencies	100	72	1	26	1	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	100	72	1	26	1	–
Physical therapy	98	70	1	26	1	–
Occupational therapy	49	32	–	16	1	–
Speech therapy	47	36	1	9	1	–
Medical social services	8	5	–	2	1	–
Home health aide services	61	48	1	11	1	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	1	–	–	–	1	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	–	1	–
Appliances and equipment	1	–	–	–	1	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
DELAWARE						
All agencies	8	1	1	3	1	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	8	1	1	3	1	2
Physical therapy	8	1	1	3	1	2
Occupational therapy	5	1	1	–	1	2
Speech therapy	5	–	–	3	1	1
Medical social services	6	–	–	3	1	2
Home health aide services	3	1	–	–	1	1
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	5	–	–	3	1	1
Pharmaceutical services	2	–	–	–	1	1
Appliances and equipment	4	–	1	–	1	2
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	–	1
Other services	2	–	–	–	1	1
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA						
All agencies	3	1	–	1	1	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	3	1	–	1	1	–
Physical therapy	3	1	–	1	1	–
Occupational therapy	1	–	–	1	–	–
Speech therapy	3	1	–	1	1	–
Medical social services	3	1	–	1	1	–
Home health aide services	3	1	–	1	1	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	3	1	–	1	1	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	1	–	–
Appliances and equipment	2	–	–	1	1	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
FLORIDA						
All agencies	63	7	33	19	1	3
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	63	7	33	19	1	3
Physical therapy	40	6	21	11	–	2
Occupational therapy	22	5	10	6	–	1
Speech therapy	22	5	7	8	1	1
Medical social services	9	5	2	–	1	1
Home health aide services	27	5	12	7	1	2
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	6	–	3	3	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	–	–	1
Appliances and equipment	3	–	1	–	–	2
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	2	–	–	1	–	1
GEORGIA						
All agencies	19	2	1	12	1	3
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	19	2	1	12	1	3
Physical therapy	13	2	1	7	1	2
Occupational therapy	6	2	–	2	1	1
Speech therapy	10	1	–	7	1	1
Medical social services	6	1	–	3	–	2
Home health aide services	15	2	1	8	1	3
Interns and residents	1	–	–	–	1	–
Nutritional guidance	4	–	1	1	1	1
Pharmaceutical services	2	–	–	–	1	1
Appliances and equipment	4	–	–	–	1	3
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	1	–
Other services	1	–	–	–	–	1
HAWAII						
All agencies	6	–	–	1	3	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	6	–	–	1	3	2
Physical therapy	6	–	–	1	3	2
Occupational therapy	5	–	–	1	3	1
Speech therapy	2	–	–	–	1	1
Medical social services	5	–	–	1	3	1
Home health aide services	3	–	–	–	2	1
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	5	–	–	–	3	2
Pharmaceutical services	4	–	–	–	3	1
Appliances and equipment	5	–	–	–	3	2
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	1	–
Other services	1	–	–	–	1	–
IDAHO						
All agencies	10	–	1	5	3	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	10	–	1	5	3	1
Physical therapy	9	–	1	5	2	1
Occupational therapy	1	–	1	–	–	–
Speech therapy	7	–	1	4	1	1
Medical social services	1	–	–	–	–	1
Home health aide services	8	–	–	4	3	1
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	2	–	–	–	1	1
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	6	–	–	2	3	1
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	1	–	–	–	1	–
ILLINOIS						
All agencies	89	24	4	45	12	4
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	89	24	4	45	12	4
Physical therapy	74	21	4	35	10	4
Occupational therapy	16	4	–	5	4	3
Speech therapy	29	8	–	13	6	2
Medical social services	17	2	1	4	7	3
Home health aide services	32	16	3	7	3	3
Interns and residents	3	–	–	–	2	1
Nutritional guidance	8	1	–	–	6	1
Pharmaceutical services	4	–	–	–	3	1
Appliances and equipment	7	1	–	1	4	1
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	5	1	–	–	3	1
INDIANA						
All agencies	31	15	–	14	1	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	31	15	–	14	1	1
Physical therapy	20	14	–	4	1	1
Occupational therapy	3	2	–	–	–	1
Speech therapy	12	9	–	1	1	1
Medical social services	4	3	–	–	–	1
Home health aide services	25	13	–	10	1	1
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	4	3	–	–	–	1
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	4	2	–	–	1	1
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	4	4	–	–	–	–

Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
IOWA						
All agencies	39	15	5	19	–	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	39	15	5	19	–	–
Physical therapy	21	9	2	10	–	–
Occupational therapy	1	–	–	1	–	–
Speech therapy	5	2	1	2	–	–
Medical social services	1	–	–	1	–	–
Home health aide services	31	11	5	15	–	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	1	–	1	–	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
KANSAS						
All agencies	33	2	2	23	6	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	33	2	2	23	6	–
Physical therapy	26	2	1	17	6	–
Occupational therapy	3	–	–	2	1	–
Speech therapy	12	–	1	6	5	–
Medical social services	3	–	–	3	–	–
Home health aide services	16	2	1	10	3	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	2	1	–	1	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
KENTUCKY						
All agencies	33	4	1	16	12	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	33	4	1	16	12	–
Physical therapy	14	2	1	7	4	–
Occupational therapy	–	–	–	–	–	–
Speech therapy	2	1	–	1	–	–
Medical social services	8	2	–	1	5	–
Home health aide services	31	3	1	15	12	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	15	1	1	6	7	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	–	1	–
Appliances and equipment	20	3	1	7	9	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	2	–	–	1	1	–
LOUISIANA						
All agencies	78	2	–	59	–	17
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	78	2	–	59	–	17
Physical therapy	21	2	–	8	–	11
Occupational therapy	2	–	–	1	–	1
Speech therapy	7	2	–	1	–	4
Medical social services	60	–	–	56	–	4
Home health aide services	18	1	–	3	–	14
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	7	–	–	5	–	2
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	1	1	–	–	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
MAINE						
All agencies	24	16	–	5	3	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	24	16	–	5	3	–
Physical therapy	22	15	–	4	3	–
Occupational therapy	8	3	–	3	2	–
Speech therapy	6	4	–	1	1	–
Medical social services	3	2	–	–	1	–
Home health aide services	4	3	–	–	1	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	2	1	–	–	1	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	2	1	–	–	1	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
MARYLAND						
All agencies	31	3	–	24	4	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	31	3	–	24	4	–
Physical therapy	29	3	–	22	4	–
Occupational therapy	8	–	–	5	3	–
Speech therapy	9	1	–	6	2	–
Medical social services	12	1	–	7	4	–
Home health aide services	14	2	–	9	3	–
Interns and residents	2	–	–	–	2	–
Nutritional guidance	9	–	–	6	3	–
Pharmaceutical services	4	1	–	–	3	–
Appliances and equipment	6	–	–	4	2	–
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	1	–
Other services	3	–	–	1	2	–
MASSACHUSETTS						
All agencies	179	108	7	50	14	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	179	108	7	50	14	–
Physical therapy	159	100	7	38	14	–
Occupational therapy	72	43	3	19	7	–
Speech therapy	80	52	3	16	9	–
Medical social services	77	42	2	25	8	–
Home health aide services	65	40	–	18	7	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	22	8	1	3	10	–
Pharmaceutical services	8	1	–	–	7	–
Appliances and equipment	28	14	1	5	8	–
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	1	–
Other services	13	7	–	3	3	–
MICHIGAN						
All agencies	53	10	1	39	3	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	53	10	1	39	3	–
Physical therapy	37	8	1	25	3	–
Occupational therapy	13	6	–	5	2	–
Speech therapy	18	7	1	9	1	–
Medical social services	13	7	–	5	1	–
Home health aide services	24	7	–	14	3	–
Interns and residents	2	–	–	2	–	–
Nutritional guidance	3	–	–	2	1	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	1	–	–	1	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
MINNESOTA						
All agencies	55	3	1	44	6	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	55	3	1	44	6	1
Physical therapy	29	3	1	19	5	1
Occupational therapy	11	2	1	5	2	1
Speech therapy	12	2	1	5	3	1
Medical social services	5	–	1	2	1	1
Home health aide services	51	2	1	41	6	1
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	7	–	–	4	3	–
Pharmaceutical services	3	–	–	–	3	–
Appliances and equipment	13	2	–	8	3	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
MISSISSIPPI						
All agencies	81	1	–	78	2	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	81	1	–	78	2	–
Physical therapy	79	1	–	77	1	–
Occupational therapy	1	–	–	1	–	–
Speech therapy	4	1	–	3	–	–
Medical social services	4	–	–	4	–	–
Home health aide services	18	–	–	17	1	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	7	–	–	7	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	1	–	–
Appliances and equipment	2	–	–	1	1	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	3	–	–	3	–	–

Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
MISSOURI						
All agencies	41	4	–	25	9	3
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	41	4	–	25	9	3
Physical therapy	24	4	–	10	8	2
Occupational therapy	7	1	–	–	4	2
Speech therapy	12	2	–	3	5	2
Medical social services	9	2	–	1	4	2
Home health aide services	37	3	–	23	8	3
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	9	1	–	–	6	2
Pharmaceutical services	4	–	–	–	2	2
Appliances and equipment	16	3	–	5	6	2
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	–	–	1
Other services	2	–	–	–	1	1
MONTANA						
All agencies	14	–	–	10	4	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	14	–	–	10	4	–
Physical therapy	12	–	–	8	4	–
Occupational therapy	2	–	–	1	1	–
Speech therapy	6	–	–	3	3	–
Medical social services	1	–	–	1	–	–
Home health aide services	7	–	–	4	3	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	2	–	–	–	2	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	–	1	–
Appliances and equipment	4	–	–	2	2	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	3	–	–	2	1	–
NEBRASKA						
All agencies	5	1	–	–	3	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	5	1	–	–	3	1
Physical therapy	5	1	–	–	3	1
Occupational therapy	–	–	–	–	–	–
Speech therapy	4	1	–	–	2	1
Medical social services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Home health aide services	5	1	–	–	3	1
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	1	–	–	–	1	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEVADA						
All agencies	3	1	1	1	–	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	3	1	1	1	–	–
Physical therapy	2	–	1	1	–	–
Occupational therapy	–	–	–	–	–	–
Speech therapy	1	–	1	–	–	–
Medical social services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Home health aide services	2	1	1	–	–	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW HAMPSHIRE						
All agencies	40	34	1	3	1	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	40	34	1	3	1	1
Physical therapy	35	30	1	2	1	1
Occupational therapy	13	11	–	–	1	1
Speech therapy	11	10	–	–	–	1
Medical social services	5	4	–	1	–	–
Home health aide services	3	3	–	–	–	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW JERSEY						
All agencies	53	26	3	15	9	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	53	26	3	15	9	–
Physical therapy	52	26	3	14	9	–
Occupational therapy	8	5	–	–	3	–
Speech therapy	19	9	1	3	6	–
Medical social services	11	2	1	1	7	–
Home health aide services	53	26	3	15	9	–
Interns and residents	1	–	–	–	1	–
Nutritional guidance	19	9	2	3	5	–
Pharmaceutical services	5	1	–	–	4	–
Appliances and equipment	26	11	2	5	8	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	5	4	–	–	1	–
NEW MEXICO						
All agencies	5	1	1	2	1	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	5	1	1	2	1	–
Physical therapy	4	1	–	2	1	–
Occupational therapy	1	1	–	–	–	–
Speech therapy	2	1	–	1	–	–
Medical social services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Home health aide services	4	1	1	2	–	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	2	–	–	2	–	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	2	–	1	1	–	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW YORK						
All agencies	140	25	7	58	50	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	140	25	7	58	50	–
Physical therapy	131	23	6	58	44	–
Occupational therapy	25	5	–	5	15	–
Speech therapy	29	6	1	6	16	–
Medical social services	46	4	1	3	38	–
Home health aide services	97	21	5	31	40	–
Interns and residents	8	–	–	–	8	–
Nutritional guidance	43	5	3	12	23	–
Pharmaceutical services	47	1	1	1	44	–
Appliances and equipment	58	3	4	5	46	–
Vocational guidance	7	–	–	1	6	–
Other services	40	4	2	3	31	–
NORTH CAROLINA						
All agencies	24	5	–	17	2	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	24	5	–	17	2	–
Physical therapy	19	4	–	14	1	–
Occupational therapy	1	–	–	1	–	–
Speech therapy	–	–	–	–	–	–
Medical social services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Home health aide services	20	5	–	13	2	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	6	1	–	4	1	–
Pharmaceutical services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Appliances and equipment	3	1	–	1	1	–
Vocational guidance	1	–	–	1	–	–
Other services	1	1	–	–	–	–
NORTH DAKOTA						
All agencies	9	–	–	6	3	–
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	9	–	–	6	3	–
Physical therapy	6	–	–	5	1	–
Occupational therapy	2	–	–	2	–	–
Speech therapy	2	–	–	2	–	–
Medical social services	–	–	–	–	–	–
Home health aide services	8	–	–	5	3	–
Interns and residents	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nutritional guidance	2	–	–	1	1	–
Pharmaceutical services	1	–	–	–	1	–
Appliances and equipment	1	–	–	–	1	–
Vocational guidance	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other services	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
OHIO						
All agencies	103	23	7	69	3	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	103	23	7	69	3	1
Physical therapy	83	22	6	53	2	—
Occupational therapy	8	4	1	3	—	—
Speech therapy	39	13	5	20	1	—
Medical social services	4	3	—	—	—	1
Home health aide services	51	11	6	31	2	1
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	9	3	2	2	2	—
Pharmaceutical services	3	—	—	1	1	1
Appliances and equipment	15	7	2	5	—	1
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	7	1	2	3	1	—
OKLAHOMA						
All agencies	59	3	2	53	1	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	59	3	2	53	1	—
Physical therapy	12	3	2	7	—	—
Occupational therapy	2	2	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	8	2	—	6	—	—
Medical social services	4	2	—	2	—	—
Home health aide services	58	3	2	52	1	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	3	1	2	—	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	1	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	3	1	—	2	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	1	—	—	1	—	—
OREGON						
All agencies	28	2	—	23	1	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	28	2	—	23	1	2
Physical therapy	23	2	—	18	1	2
Occupational therapy	7	2	—	3	1	1
Speech therapy	7	2	—	3	1	1
Medical social services	10	1	—	7	1	1
Home health aide services	18	2	—	14	1	1
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	3	—	—	1	1	1
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Appliances and equipment	9	1	—	6	1	1
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	1	—	—	—	—	1
PENNSYLVANIA						
All agencies	131	63	3	43	20	2
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	131	63	3	43	20	2
Physical therapy	121	55	3	42	19	2
Occupational therapy	17	8	2	1	6	—
Speech therapy	24	12	—	—	10	2
Medical social services	47	10	1	26	9	1
Home health aide services	39	25	1	1	11	1
Interns and residents	3	—	—	—	3	—
Nutritional guidance	11	1	1	—	8	1
Pharmaceutical services	7	—	—	—	7	—
Appliances and equipment	15	3	2	—	8	2
Vocational guidance	1	—	—	—	1	—
Other services	5	3	—	—	2	—
RHODE ISLAND						
All agencies	17	15	—	—	2	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	17	15	—	—	2	—
Physical therapy	15	13	—	—	2	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	1	—	—	—	1	—
Medical social services	5	3	—	—	2	—
Home health aide services	14	12	—	—	2	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	5	3	—	—	2	—
Pharmaceutical services	2	—	—	—	2	—
Appliances and equipment	5	3	—	—	2	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH CAROLINA						
All agencies	43	1	—	41	—	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	43	1	—	41	—	1
Physical therapy	31	1	—	29	—	1
Occupational therapy	9	—	—	8	—	1
Speech therapy	22	—	—	21	—	1
Medical social services	14	—	—	14	—	—
Home health aide services	21	—	—	21	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	18	—	—	18	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	6	—	—	5	—	1
Vocational guidance	1	—	—	1	—	—
Other services	3	—	—	3	—	—
SOUTH DAKOTA						
All agencies	26	1	—	22	3	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	26	1	—	22	3	—
Physical therapy	15	1	—	11	3	—
Occupational therapy	1	1	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	3	1	—	1	1	—
Medical social services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Home health aide services	26	1	—	22	3	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	2	—	—	—	2	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	—	1	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
TENNESSEE						
All agencies	86	1	—	83	1	1
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	86	1	—	83	1	1
Physical therapy	75	1	—	72	1	1
Occupational therapy	34	—	—	34	—	—
Speech therapy	7	1	—	5	1	—
Medical social services	4	1	—	2	1	—
Home health aide services	28	1	—	25	1	1
Interns and residents	1	—	—	—	1	—
Nutritional guidance	9	—	—	8	1	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Appliances and equipment	4	1	—	1	1	1
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
TEXAS						
All agencies	96	12	1	20	1	62
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	96	12	1	20	1	62
Physical therapy	71	12	1	18	1	39
Occupational therapy	17	3	—	7	—	7
Speech therapy	29	5	—	9	—	15
Medical social services	11	4	—	3	1	3
Home health aide services	66	10	—	10	—	46
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	5	1	—	1	—	3
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	—	1
Appliances and equipment	36	6	—	4	—	26
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	1	1	—	—	—	—
UTAH						
All agencies	13	1	—	11	1	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	13	1	—	11	1	—
Physical therapy	10	1	—	8	1	—
Occupational therapy	1	—	—	—	1	—
Speech therapy	2	1	—	—	1	—
Medical social services	2	1	—	—	1	—
Home health aide services	8	1	—	6	1	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	5	1	—	3	1	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Appliances and equipment	2	1	—	—	1	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—

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Table 3.13 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND SERVICES PROVIDED, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and services provided	All home health agencies	Visiting nurse association	Combined government and voluntary agency	Official health agency	Hospital-based agency	All other
VERMONT						
All agencies	14	12	—	2	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	14	12	—	2	—	—
Physical therapy	13	11	—	2	—	—
Occupational therapy	4	3	—	1	—	—
Speech therapy	3	2	—	1	—	—
Medical social services	5	5	—	—	—	—
Home health aide services	6	6	—	—	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	1	1	—	—	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	2	2	—	—	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	2	2	—	—	—	—
VIRGINIA						
All agencies	136	3	—	133	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	136	3	—	133	—	—
Physical therapy	58	3	—	55	—	—
Occupational therapy	4	—	—	4	—	—
Speech therapy	9	1	—	8	—	—
Medical social services	4	—	—	4	—	—
Home health aide services	127	1	—	126	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	2	1	—	1	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	1	1	—	—	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
WASHINGTON						
All agencies	24	3	3	16	2	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	24	3	3	16	2	—
Physical therapy	19	3	2	12	2	—
Occupational therapy	1	—	—	1	—	—
Speech therapy	12	3	2	6	1	—
Medical social services	4	1	—	3	—	—
Home health aide services	3	—	2	1	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	2	—	—	1	1	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	—	1	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	2	1	—	—	1	—
WEST VIRGINIA						
All agencies	25	4	1	15	2	3
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	25	4	1	15	2	3
Physical therapy	13	2	—	8	1	2
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	5	1	—	3	—	1
Medical social services	7	2	1	1	2	1
Home health aide services	19	4	1	10	1	3
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	3	1	—	—	—	2
Pharmaceutical services	2	1	1	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	5	1	1	2	—	1
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	1	—	1	—	—	—
WISCONSIN						
All agencies	66	14	—	43	5	4
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	66	14	—	43	5	4
Physical therapy	36	11	—	16	5	4
Occupational therapy	24	6	—	10	4	4
Speech therapy	13	3	—	3	3	4
Medical social services	9	1	—	1	4	3
Home health aide services	41	6	—	28	5	2
Interns and residents	3	1	—	—	1	1
Nutritional guidance	7	1	—	1	4	1
Pharmaceutical services	5	—	—	—	4	1
Appliances and equipment	9	2	—	1	4	2
Vocational guidance	3	—	—	—	—	3
Other services	8	1	—	—	3	4
WYOMING						
All agencies	8	—	—	8	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	8	—	—	8	—	—
Physical therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medical social services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home health aide services	8	—	—	8	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	1	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
GUAM						
All agencies	1	—	—	1	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	1	—	—	1	—	—
Physical therapy	1	—	—	1	—	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medical social services	1	—	—	1	—	—
Home health aide services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	1	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
PUERTO RICO						
All agencies	2	1	—	—	1	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	2	1	—	—	1	—
Physical therapy	2	1	—	—	1	—
Occupational therapy	1	—	—	—	1	—
Speech therapy	1	—	—	—	1	—
Medical social services	2	1	—	—	1	—
Home health aide services	2	1	—	—	1	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	2	1	—	—	1	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	—	1	—
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	—	1	—
Vocational guidance	1	—	—	—	1	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—
VIRGIN ISLANDS						
All agencies	1	—	—	1	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	1	—	—	1	—	—
Physical therapy	1	—	—	1	—	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	1	—	—	1	—	—
Medical social services	1	—	—	1	—	—
Home health aide services	1	—	—	1	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	1	—	—	1	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	1	—	—	1	—	—
Appliances and equipment	1	—	—	1	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	1	—	—	1	—	—
ALL OTHER AREAS						
All agencies	—	—	—	—	—	—
Number reporting:						
Nursing care	—	—	—	—	—	—
Physical therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupational therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speech therapy	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medical social services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home health aide services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Interns and residents	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nutritional guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pharmaceutical services	—	—	—	—	—	—
Appliances and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vocational guidance	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other services	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.14 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND RATIOS OF SELECTED STAFF, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of agency	All home health agencies	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Registered professional nurses per agency	Licensed practical nurses per agency
ALL AREAS					
Total	2,420	16,024	1,740	6.6	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	585	5,189	764	8.9	1.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	96	1,496	134	15.6	1.4
Official health agency	1,376	8,457	407	6.1	0.3
Hospital based agency	215	437	261	2.0	1.2
All other	148	445	174	3.0	1.2
UNITED STATES					
Total	2,416	15,989	1,737	6.6	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	584	5,184	764	8.9	1.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	96	1,496	134	15.6	1.4
Official health agency	1,374	8,430	406	6.1	0.3
Hospital based agency	214	434	259	2.0	1.2
All other	148	445	174	3.0	1.2
NORTHEAST					
Total	698	5,216	624	7.5	0.9
Visiting Nurse Association	371	2,815	357	7.6	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	22	311	11	14.1	0.5
Official health agency	202	1,865	43	9.2	0.2
Hospital based agency	100	222	213	2.2	2.1
All other	3	3	–	1.0	0.0
NORTH CENTRAL					
Total	550	3,230	359	5.9	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	112	1,264	194	11.3	1.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	20	338	33	16.9	1.7
Official health agency	349	1,484	85	4.3	0.2
Hospital based agency	54	92	17	1.7	0.3
All other	15	52	30	3.5	2.0
SOUTH					
Total	911	5,520	504	6.1	0.6
Visiting Nurse Association	54	541	126	10.0	2.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	40	430	23	10.8	0.6
Official health agency	694	4,233	235	6.1	0.3
Hospital based agency	30	61	23	2.0	0.8
All other	93	255	97	2.7	1.0
WEST					
Total	257	2,023	250	7.9	1.0
Visiting Nurse Association	47	564	87	12.0	1.9
Combined government and voluntary agency	14	417	67	29.8	4.8
Official health agency	129	848	43	6.6	0.3
Hospital based agency	30	59	6	2.0	0.2
All other	37	135	47	3.6	1.3
NEW ENGLAND					
Total	374	1,695	138	4.5	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	257	1,428	132	5.6	0.5
Combined government and voluntary agency	9	30	1	3.3	0.1
Official health agency	86	191	3	2.2	0.0
Hospital based agency	21	44	2	2.1	0.1
All other	1	2	–	2.0	0.0
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					
Total	324	3,521	486	10.9	1.5
Visiting Nurse Association	114	1,387	225	12.2	2.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	13	281	10	21.6	0.8
Official health agency	116	1,674	40	14.4	0.3
Hospital based agency	79	178	211	2.3	2.7
All other	2	1	–	0.5	0.0
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					
Total	342	2,401	255	7.0	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	86	963	144	11.2	1.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	12	281	25	23.4	2.1
Official health agency	210	1,085	51	5.2	0.2
Hospital based agency	24	41	8	1.7	0.3
All other	10	31	27	3.1	2.7
WEST NORTH CENTRAL					
Total	208	829	104	4.0	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	26	301	50	11.6	1.9
Combined government and voluntary agency	8	57	8	7.1	1.0
Official health agency	139	399	34	2.9	0.2
Hospital based agency	30	51	9	1.7	0.3
All other	5	21	3	4.2	0.6
SOUTH ATLANTIC					
Total	352	3,070	184	8.7	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	27	342	65	12.7	2.4
Combined government and voluntary agency	36	372	11	10.3	0.3
Official health agency	265	2,292	89	8.6	0.3
Hospital based agency	12	22	4	1.8	0.3
All other	12	42	15	3.5	1.3
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL					
Total	255	1,171	86	4.6	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	8	77	6	9.6	0.8
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
Official health agency	228	1,054	61	4.6	0.3
Hospital based agency	16	35	17	2.2	1.1
All other	2	4	2	2.0	1.0
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL					
Total	304	1,279	234	4.2	0.8
Visiting Nurse Association	19	122	55	6.4	2.9
Combined government and voluntary agency	3	57	12	19.0	4.0
Official health agency	201	887	85	4.4	0.4
Hospital based agency	2	4	2	2.0	1.0
All other	79	209	80	2.6	1.0
MOUNTAIN					
Total	83	613	103	7.4	1.2
Visiting Nurse Association	8	104	25	13.0	3.1
Combined government and voluntary agency	8	268	56	33.5	7.0
Official health agency	55	222	21	4.0	0.4
Hospital based agency	10	17	1	1.7	0.1
All other	2	2	–	1.0	0.0
PACIFIC					
Total	174	1,410	147	8.1	0.8
Visiting Nurse Association	39	460	62	11.8	1.6
Combined government and voluntary agency	6	149	11	24.8	1.8
Official health agency	74	626	22	8.5	0.3
Hospital based agency	20	42	5	2.1	0.3
All other	35	133	47	3.8	1.3
ALABAMA					
Total	55	285	14	5.2	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	2	25	2	12.5	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	51	257	10	5.0	0.2
Hospital based agency	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
All other	1	2	2	2.0	2.0
ALASKA					
Total	1	15	–	15.0	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	–	–	–	–	–
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	1	15	–	15.0	0.0
Hospital based agency	–	–	–	–	–
All other	–	–	–	–	–
ARIZONA					
Total	10	82	25	8.2	2.5
Visiting Nurse Association	2	52	18	26.0	9.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	2	–	2.0	0.0
Official health agency	6	27	7	4.5	1.2
Hospital based agency	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
All other	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.14 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND RATIOS OF SELECTED STAFF, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of agency	All home health agencies	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Registered professional nurses per agency	Licensed practical nurses per agency
ARKANSAS					
Total	71	157	3	2.2	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	2	8	3	4.0	1.5
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	69	149	–	2.2	0.0
Hospital based agency	–	–	–	–	–
All other	–	–	–	–	–
CALIFORNIA					
Total	115	1,073	123	9.3	1.1
Visiting Nurse Association	34	393	57	11.6	1.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	3	99	10	33.0	3.3
Official health agency	33	431	6	13.1	0.2
Hospital based agency	14	26	3	1.9	0.2
All other	31	124	47	4.0	1.5
COLORADO					
Total	20	349	50	17.5	2.5
Visiting Nurse Association	3	16	2	5.3	0.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	4	240	45	60.0	11.3
Official health agency	12	92	3	7.7	0.3
Hospital based agency	–	–	–	–	–
All other	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
CONNECTICUT					
Total	100	553	31	5.5	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	72	459	29	6.4	0.4
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	9	1	9.0	1.0
Official health agency	26	84	1	3.2	0.0
Hospital based agency	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
All other	–	–	–	–	–
DELAWARE					
Total	8	60	12	7.5	1.5
Visiting Nurse Association	1	35	9	35.0	9.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	–	–	0.0	–
Official health agency	3	16	1	5.3	0.3
Hospital based agency	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
All other	2	8	2	4.0	1.0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA					
Total	3	60	17	20.0	5.7
Visiting Nurse Association	1	56	13	56.0	13.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	1	4	4	4.0	4.0
Hospital based agency	1	–	–	0.0	–
All other	–	–	–	–	–
FLORIDA					
Total	63	639	24	10.1	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	7	101	17	14.4	2.4
Combined government and voluntary agency	33	316	1	9.6	0.0
Official health agency	19	205	3	10.8	0.2
Hospital based agency	1	3	–	3.0	0.0
All other	3	14	3	4.7	1.0
GEORGIA					
Total	19	192	22	10.1	1.2
Visiting Nurse Association	2	39	–	19.5	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	47	5	47.0	5.0
Official health agency	12	94	11	7.8	0.9
Hospital based agency	1	4	4	4.0	4.0
All other	3	8	2	2.7	0.7
HAWAII					
Total	6	38	–	6.3	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	–	–	–	–	–
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	1	26	–	26.0	0.0
Hospital based agency	3	8	–	2.7	0.0
All other	2	4	–	2.0	0.0
IDAHO					
Total	10	43	11	4.3	1.1
Visiting Nurse Association	–	–	–	–	–
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	15	6	15.0	6.0
Official health agency	5	22	4	4.4	0.8
Hospital based agency	3	5	1	1.7	0.3
All other	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
ILLINOIS					
Total	89	589	60	6.6	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	24	246	25	10.3	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	4	91	12	22.8	3.0
Official health agency	45	215	7	4.8	0.2
Hospital based agency	12	23	2	1.9	0.2
All other	4	14	14	3.5	3.5
INDIANA					
Total	31	185	17	6.0	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	15	145	15	9.7	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	14	38	1	2.7	0.1
Hospital based agency	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
All other	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
IOWA					
Total	39	165	18	4.2	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	15	84	13	5.6	0.9
Combined government and voluntary agency	5	40	3	8.0	0.6
Official health agency	19	41	2	2.2	0.1
Hospital based agency	–	–	–	–	–
All other	–	–	–	–	–
KANSAS					
Total	33	145	11	4.4	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	2	16	2	8.0	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	2	4	–	2.0	0.0
Official health agency	23	113	9	4.9	0.4
Hospital based agency	6	12	–	2.0	0.0
All other	–	–	–	–	–
KENTUCKY					
Total	33	104	14	3.2	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	4	35	4	8.8	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	1	–	1.0	0.0
Official health agency	16	42	1	2.6	0.1
Hospital based agency	12	26	9	2.2	0.8
All other	–	–	–	–	–
LOUISIANA					
Total	78	378	31	4.8	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	2	21	15	10.5	7.5
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	59	293	4	5.0	0.1
Hospital based agency	–	–	–	–	–
All other	17	64	12	3.8	0.7
MAINE					
Total	24	86	–	3.6	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	16	72	–	4.5	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	5	6	–	1.2	0.0
Hospital based agency	3	8	–	2.7	0.0
All other	–	–	–	–	–
MARYLAND					
Total	31	874	13	28.2	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	3	38	13	12.7	4.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	–	–	–	–	–
Official health agency	24	828	–	34.5	0.0
Hospital based agency	4	8	–	2.0	0.0
All other	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.14 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND RATIOS OF SELECTED STAFF, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of agency	All home health agencies	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Registered professional nurses per agency	Licensed practical nurses per agency
MASSACHUSETTS					
Total	179	741	78	4.1	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	108	603	74	5.6	0.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	7	20	—	2.9	0.0
Official health agency	50	88	2	1.8	0.0
Hospital based agency	14	30	2	2.1	0.1
All other	—	—	—	—	—
MICHIGAN					
Total	53	500	68	9.4	1.3
Visiting Nurse Association	10	180	52	18.0	5.2
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	11	—	11.0	0.0
Official health agency	39	302	14	7.7	0.4
Hospital based agency	3	7	2	2.3	0.7
All other	—	—	—	—	—
MINNESOTA					
Total	55	194	35	3.5	0.6
Visiting Nurse Association	3	47	16	15.7	5.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	13	5	13.0	5.0
Official health agency	44	123	12	2.8	0.3
Hospital based agency	6	10	2	1.7	0.3
All other	1	1	—	1.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI					
Total	81	278	2	3.4	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	1	1	—	1.0	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	78	274	—	3.5	0.0
Hospital based agency	2	3	2	1.5	1.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
MISSOURI					
Total	41	171	22	4.2	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	4	100	11	25.0	2.8
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	25	39	6	1.6	0.2
Hospital based agency	9	15	3	1.7	0.3
All other	3	17	2	5.7	0.7
MONTANA					
Total	14	36	2	2.6	0.1
Visiting Nurse Association	—	—	—	—	—
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	10	29	2	2.9	0.2
Hospital based agency	4	7	—	1.8	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
NEBRASKA					
Total	5	60	10	12.0	2.0
Visiting Nurse Association	1	50	8	50.0	8.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	—	—	—	—	—
Hospital based agency	3	7	1	2.3	0.3
All other	1	3	1	3.0	1.0
NEVADA					
Total	3	15	5	5.0	1.7
Visiting Nurse Association	1	7	2	7.0	2.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	5	2	5.0	2.0
Official health agency	1	3	1	3.0	1.0
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—
NEW HAMPSHIRE					
Total	40	104	2	2.6	0.1
Visiting Nurse Association	34	91	2	2.7	0.1
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	1	—	1.0	0.0
Official health agency	3	7	—	2.3	0.0
Hospital based agency	1	3	—	3.0	0.0
All other	1	2	—	2.0	0.0
NEW JERSEY					
Total	53	580	58	10.9	1.1
Visiting Nurse Association	26	300	37	11.5	1.4
Combined government and voluntary agency	3	81	7	27.0	2.3
Official health agency	15	157	12	10.5	0.8
Hospital based agency	9	42	2	4.7	0.2
All other	—	—	—	—	—
NEW MEXICO					
Total	5	25	7	5.0	1.4
Visiting Nurse Association	1	11	1	11.0	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	6	3	6.0	3.0
Official health agency	2	6	3	3.0	1.5
Hospital based agency	1	2	—	2.0	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
NEW YORK					
Total	140	2,003	145	14.3	1.0
Visiting Nurse Association	25	591	114	23.6	4.6
Combined government and voluntary agency	7	35	3	5.0	0.4
Official health agency	58	1,299	25	22.4	0.4
Hospital based agency	50	78	3	1.6	0.1
All other	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH CAROLINA					
Total	24	270	11	11.3	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	5	7	5	1.4	1.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	17	260	6	15.3	0.4
Hospital based agency	2	3	—	1.5	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH OAKOTA					
Total	9	32	1	3.6	0.1
Visiting Nurse Association	—	—	—	—	—
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	6	29	1	4.8	0.2
Hospital based agency	3	3	—	1.0	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
OHIO					
Total	103	885	76	8.6	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	23	256	30	11.1	1.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	7	179	13	25.6	1.9
Official health agency	69	442	29	6.4	0.4
Hospital based agency	3	4	3	1.3	1.0
All other	1	4	1	4.0	1.0
OKLAHOMA					
Total	59	226	28	3.8	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	3	6	4	2.0	1.3
Combined government and voluntary agency	2	53	12	26.5	6.0
Official health agency	53	165	12	3.1	0.2
Hospital based agency	1	2	—	2.0	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
OREGON					
Total	28	164	16	5.9	0.6
Visiting Nurse Association	2	40	3	20.0	1.5
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	23	115	12	5.0	0.5
Hospital based agency	1	4	1	4.0	1.0
All other	2	5	—	2.5	0.0
PENNSYLVANIA					
Total	131	938	283	7.2	2.2
Visiting Nurse Association	63	496	74	7.9	1.2
Combined government and voluntary agency	3	165	—	55.0	0.0
Official health agency	43	218	3	5.1	0.1
Hospital based agency	20	58	206	2.9	10.3
All other	2	1	—	0.5	0.0

Table 3.14 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND RATIOS OF SELECTED STAFF, BY TYPE OF AGENCY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of agency	All home health agencies	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Registered professional nurses per agency	Licensed practical nurses per agency
RHODE ISLAND					
Total	17	152	26	8.9	1.5
Visiting Nurse Association	15	150	26	10.0	1.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	—	—	—	—	—
Hospital based agency	2	2	—	1.0	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH CAROLINA					
Total	43	188	13	4.4	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	1	4	—	4.0	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	41	184	13	4.5	0.3
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	1	—	—	0.0	—
SOUTH DAKOTA					
Total	26	62	7	2.4	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	1	4	—	4.0	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	22	54	4	2.5	0.2
Hospital based agency	3	4	3	1.3	1.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
TENNESSEE					
Total	86	504	56	5.9	0.7
Visiting Nurse Association	1	16	—	16.0	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	83	481	50	5.8	0.6
Hospital based agency	1	5	6	5.0	6.0
All other	1	2	—	2.0	0.0
TEXAS					
Total	96	518	172	5.4	1.8
Visiting Nurse Association	12	87	33	7.3	2.8
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	4	—	4.0	0.0
Official health agency	20	280	69	14.0	3.5
Hospital based agency	1	2	2	2.0	2.0
All other	62	145	68	2.3	1.1
UTAH					
Total	13	37	3	2.8	0.2
Visiting Nurse Association	1	18	2	18.0	2.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	11	17	1	1.5	0.1
Hospital based agency	1	2	—	2.0	0.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
VERMONT					
Total	14	59	1	4.2	0.1
Visiting Nurse Association	12	53	1	4.4	0.1
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	2	6	—	3.0	0.0
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—
VIRGINIA					
Total	136	692	49	5.1	0.4
Visiting Nurse Association	3	48	6	16.0	2.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	133	644	43	4.8	0.3
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—
WASHINGTON					
Total	24	120	8	5.0	0.3
Visiting Nurse Association	3	27	2	9.0	0.7
Combined government and voluntary agency	3	50	1	16.7	0.3
Official health agency	16	39	4	2.4	0.3
Hospital based agency	2	4	1	2.0	0.5
All other	—	—	—	—	—
WEST VIRGINIA					
Total	25	95	23	3.8	0.9
Visiting Nurse Association	4	14	2	3.5	0.5
Combined government and voluntary agency	1	9	5	9.0	5.0
Official health agency	15	57	8	3.8	0.5
Hospital based agency	2	3	—	1.5	0.0
All other	3	12	8	4.0	2.7
WISCONSIN					
Total	66	242	34	3.7	0.5
Visiting Nurse Association	14	136	22	9.7	1.6
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	43	88	—	2.0	0.0
Hospital based agency	5	6	—	1.2	0.0
All other	4	12	12	3.0	3.0
WYOMING					
Total	8	26	—	3.3	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	—	—	—	—	—
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	8	26	—	3.3	0.0
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—
GUAM					
Total	1	19	—	19.0	0.0
Visiting Nurse Association	—	—	—	—	—
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	1	19	—	19.0	0.0
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—
PUERTO RICO					
Total	2	8	2	4.0	1.0
Visiting Nurse Association	1	5	—	5.0	0.0
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	—	—	—	—	—
Hospital based agency	1	3	2	3.0	2.0
All other	—	—	—	—	—
VIRGIN ISLANDS					
Total	1	8	1	8.0	1.0
Visiting Nurse Association	—	—	—	—	—
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	1	8	1	8.0	1.0
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—
ALL OTHER AREAS					
Total	—	—	—	—	—
Visiting Nurse Association	—	—	—	—	—
Combined government and voluntary agency	—	—	—	—	—
Official health agency	—	—	—	—	—
Hospital based agency	—	—	—	—	—
All other	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.15 NUMBER OF HOME HEALTH AGENCIES AND NUMBER OF PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EMPLOYEES BY JOB CATEGORY, AND REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, and State	All home health agencies	Professional and technical employees						
		Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Physical therapists	Occupational therapists	Speech therapists	Home health aides	Medical social workers
All areas	2,420	16,024	1,740	982	166	182	4,340	352
United States	2,416	15,989	1,737	979	166	181	4,330	348
Northeast	698	5,216	624	277	32	30	1,049	91
North Central	550	3,230	359	165	44	45	1,280	45
South	911	5,520	504	410	61	83	1,139	159
West	257	2,023	250	127	29	23	862	53
Northeast:								
New England	374	1,695	138	60	9	11	220	29
Middle Atlantic	324	3,521	486	217	23	19	829	62
North Central:								
East North Central	342	2,401	255	98	38	31	597	37
West North Central	208	829	104	67	6	14	683	8
South:								
South Atlantic	352	3,070	184	153	25	37	527	68
East South Central	255	1,171	86	83	14	6	211	12
West South Central	304	1,279	234	174	22	40	401	79
West:								
Mountain	83	613	103	17	4	3	176	5
Pacific	174	1,410	147	110	25	20	686	48
New England:								
Maine	24	86	–	3	–	–	6	1
New Hampshire	40	104	2	4	1	1	6	1
Vermont	14	59	1	2	–	–	23	1
Massachusetts	179	741	78	37	5	9	137	21
Rhode Island	17	152	26	8	3	1	11	3
Connecticut	100	553	31	6	–	–	37	2
Middle Atlantic:								
New York	140	2,003	145	145	19	9	612	45
New Jersey	53	580	58	21	1	5	4	5
Pennsylvania	131	938	283	51	3	5	213	12
East North Central:								
Ohio	103	885	76	27	2	5	188	3
Indiana	31	185	17	8	2	4	92	8
Illinois	89	589	60	29	8	4	113	15
Michigan	53	500	68	19	7	13	132	7
Wisconsin	66	242	34	15	19	5	72	4
West North Central:								
Minnesota	55	194	35	5	1	–	263	–
Iowa	39	165	18	1	–	–	118	–
Missouri	41	171	22	14	4	2	190	7
North Dakota	9	32	1	2	–	1	17	–
South Dakota	26	62	7	16	–	1	39	1
Nebraska	5	60	10	5	–	2	13	–
Kansas	33	145	11	24	1	8	43	–
South Atlantic:								
Delaware	8	60	12	18	8	9	21	4
Maryland	31	874	13	27	4	7	36	33
District of Columbia	3	60	17	5	–	2	29	8
Virginia	136	692	49	51	4	3	118	7
West Virginia	25	95	23	5	–	4	71	4
North Carolina	24	270	11	10	1	–	36	–
South Carolina	43	188	13	8	2	3	40	5
Georgia	19	192	22	19	5	7	73	3
Florida	63	639	24	10	1	2	103	4
East South Central:								
Kentucky	33	104	14	15	–	1	90	6
Tennessee	86	504	56	38	13	–	56	6
Alabama	55	285	14	17	1	4	49	–
Mississippi	81	278	2	13	–	1	16	–
West South Central:								
Arkansas	71	157	3	66	–	–	3	–
Louisiana	78	378	31	11	–	4	142	58
Oklahoma	59	226	28	10	1	7	117	5
Texas	96	518	172	87	21	29	139	16
Mountain:								
Montana	14	36	2	–	1	–	4	–
Idaho	10	43	11	4	–	1	15	–
Wyoming	8	26	–	–	–	–	12	–
Colorado	20	349	50	–	2	–	11	1
New Mexico	5	25	7	1	–	–	76	–
Arizona	10	82	25	2	1	1	22	2
Utah	13	37	3	4	–	–	13	2
Nevada	3	15	5	6	–	1	23	–
Pacific:								
Washington	24	120	8	8	–	–	10	–
Oregon	28	164	16	2	–	4	78	7
California	115	1,073	123	94	22	15	591	39
Alaska	1	15	–	–	–	–	–	–
Hawaii	6	38	–	6	3	1	7	2
Other areas:								
Guam	1	19	–	1	–	–	–	1
Puerto Rico	2	8	2	1	–	–	6	2
Virgin Islands	1	8	1	1	–	1	4	1
All other areas	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.16 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, BY TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTOR, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All independent laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Non-physician
All areas	2,907	1,158	674	1,075
United States	2,844	1,149	666	1,029
Northeast	684	182	89	413
North Central	576	242	123	211
South	647	311	149	187
West	937	414	305	218
Northeast:				
New England	172	28	27	117
Middle Atlantic	512	154	62	296
North Central:				
East North Central	433	152	93	188
West North Central	143	90	30	23
South:				
South Atlantic	279	122	57	100
East South Central	89	50	16	23
West South Central	279	139	76	64
West:				
Mountain	157	69	36	52
Pacific	780	345	269	166
New England:				
Maine	1	–	–	1
New Hampshire	1	–	–	1
Vermont	6	1	2	3
Massachusetts	95	16	20	59
Rhode Island	19	3	1	15
Connecticut	50	8	4	38
Middle Atlantic:				
New York	254	81	29	144
New Jersey	131	31	17	83
Pennsylvania	127	42	16	69
East North Central:				
Ohio	111	31	26	54
Indiana	35	22	1	12
Illinois	170	46	45	79
Michigan	96	37	19	40
Wisconsin	21	16	2	3
West North Central:				
Minnesota	12	9	3	–
Iowa	16	11	4	1
Missouri	58	34	11	13
North Dakota	10	5	5	–
South Dakota	5	5	–	–
Nebraska	15	11	2	2
Kansas	27	15	5	7
South Atlantic:				
Delaware	7	2	2	3
Maryland	56	29	6	21
District of Columbia	7	6	1	–
Virginia	26	17	1	8
West Virginia	9	2	4	3
North Carolina	13	8	5	–
South Carolina	7	6	1	–
Georgia	23	21	2	–
Florida	131	31	35	65
East South Central:				
Kentucky	33	13	13	7
Tennessee	29	15	2	12
Alabama	11	11	–	–
Mississippi	16	11	1	4
West South Central:				
Arkansas	15	12	2	1
Louisiana	23	14	5	4
Oklahoma	40	20	11	9
Texas	201	93	58	50
Mountain:				
Montana	7	2	4	1
Idaho	2	2	–	–
Wyoming	3	3	–	–
Colorado	39	13	3	23
New Mexico	26	9	11	6
Arizona	49	23	11	15
Utah	15	8	2	5
Nevada	16	9	5	2
Pacific:				
Washington	61	39	11	11
Oregon	33	19	3	11
California	670	279	249	142
Alaska	2	2	–	–
Hawaii	14	6	6	2
Other areas:				
Guam	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	62	8	8	46
Virgin Islands	1	1	–	–
All other areas	–	–	–	–

Table 3.17 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, BY TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTOR AND TYPE OF PROCEDURE APPROVED, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and type of procedure approved	All independent laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Non-physician
ALL AREAS				
All laboratories	2,907	1,158	674	1,075
Microbiology	2,152	885	473	794
Serology	2,267	912	462	893
Clinical chemistry	2,619	995	609	1,015
Hematology	2,612	995	609	1,008
Immunohematology	2,084	872	422	790
Tissue pathology	758	717	28	13
Exfoliative cytology	903	800	73	30
All procedures	163	149	11	3
UNITED STATES				
All laboratories	2,844	1,149	666	1,029
Microbiology	2,098	880	465	753
Serology	2,222	908	460	854
Clinical chemistry	2,569	990	601	978
Hematology	2,559	990	601	968
Immunohematology	2,034	867	416	751
Tissue pathology	749	708	28	13
Exfoliative cytology	893	791	73	29
All procedures	160	146	11	3
NORTHEAST				
All laboratories	684	182	89	413
Microbiology	458	126	43	289
Serology	518	136	49	333
Clinical chemistry	620	149	75	396
Hematology	614	148	74	392
Immunohematology	459	128	40	291
Tissue pathology	117	104	7	6
Exfoliative cytology	162	129	19	14
All procedures	13	11	1	1
NORTH CENTRAL				
All laboratories	576	242	123	211
Microbiology	389	194	63	132
Serology	478	207	87	184
Clinical chemistry	526	219	112	195
Hematology	527	220	111	196
Immunohematology	436	205	85	146
Tissue pathology	180	171	5	4
Exfoliative cytology	218	194	17	7
All procedures	33	31	2	–
SOUTH				
All laboratories	647	311	149	187
Microbiology	508	250	117	141
Serology	494	260	82	152
Clinical chemistry	585	269	135	181
Hematology	585	270	137	178
Immunohematology	469	253	79	137
Tissue pathology	236	227	8	1
Exfoliative cytology	259	243	13	3
All procedures	85	80	5	–
WEST				
All laboratories	937	414	305	218
Microbiology	743	310	242	191
Serology	732	305	242	185
Clinical chemistry	838	353	279	206
Hematology	833	352	279	202
Immunohematology	670	281	212	177
Tissue pathology	216	206	8	2
Exfoliative cytology	254	225	24	5
All procedures	29	24	3	2
NEW ENGLAND				
All laboratories	172	28	27	117
Microbiology	97	13	10	74
Serology	122	18	13	91
Clinical chemistry	160	22	25	113
Hematology	161	23	25	113
Immunohematology	101	18	12	71
Tissue pathology	15	12	2	1
Exfoliative cytology	26	16	5	5
All procedures	4	2	1	1
MIDDLE ATLANTIC				
All laboratories	512	154	62	296
Microbiology	361	113	33	215
Serology	396	118	36	242
Clinical chemistry	460	127	50	283
Hematology	453	125	49	279
Immunohematology	358	110	28	220
Tissue pathology	102	92	5	5
Exfoliative cytology	136	113	14	9
All procedures	9	9	–	–
EAST NORTH CENTRAL				
All laboratories	433	152	93	188
Microbiology	282	118	47	117
Serology	361	129	67	165
Clinical chemistry	398	136	87	175
Hematology	398	135	88	175
Immunohematology	323	129	64	130
Tissue pathology	105	97	4	4
Exfoliative cytology	136	119	11	6
All procedures	9	8	1	–
WEST NORTH CENTRAL				
All laboratories	143	90	30	23
Microbiology	107	76	16	15
Serology	117	78	20	19
Clinical chemistry	128	83	25	20
Hematology	129	85	23	21
Immunohematology	113	76	21	16
Tissue pathology	75	74	1	–
Exfoliative cytology	82	75	6	1
All procedures	24	23	1	–
SOUTH ATLANTIC				
All laboratories	279	122	57	100
Microbiology	206	92	41	73
Serology	208	102	28	78
Clinical chemistry	250	105	48	97
Hematology	252	107	50	95
Immunohematology	192	94	25	73
Tissue pathology	86	82	3	1
Exfoliative cytology	100	95	3	2
All procedures	44	44	–	–
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL				
All laboratories	89	50	16	23
Microbiology	67	37	14	16
Serology	69	38	11	20
Clinical chemistry	77	40	15	22
Hematology	76	40	15	21
Immunohematology	62	38	9	15
Tissue pathology	39	38	1	–
Exfoliative cytology	41	39	2	–
All procedures	21	20	1	–
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL				
All laboratories	279	139	76	64
Microbiology	235	121	62	52
Serology	217	120	43	54
Clinical chemistry	258	124	72	62
Hematology	257	123	72	62
Immunohematology	215	121	45	49
Tissue pathology	111	107	4	–
Exfoliative cytology	118	109	8	1
All procedures	20	16	4	–
MOUNTAIN				
All laboratories	157	69	36	52
Microbiology	114	47	25	42
Serology	108	50	23	35
Clinical chemistry	137	60	32	45
Hematology	137	59	32	46
Immunohematology	112	54	20	38
Tissue pathology	45	44	–	1
Exfoliative cytology	51	45	4	2
All procedures	16	15	–	1
PACIFIC				
All laboratories	780	345	269	166
Microbiology	629	263	217	149
Serology	624	255	219	150
Clinical chemistry	701	293	247	161
Hematology	696	293	247	156
Immunohematology	558	227	192	139
Tissue pathology	171	162	8	1
Exfoliative cytology	203	180	20	3
All procedures	13	9	3	1
ALABAMA				
All laboratories	11	11	–	–
Microbiology	10	10	–	–
Serology	10	10	–	–
Clinical chemistry	11	11	–	–
Hematology	11	11	–	–
Immunohematology	10	10	–	–
Tissue pathology	11	11	–	–
Exfoliative cytology	11	11	–	–
All procedures	7	7	–	–

Table 3.17 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, BY TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTOR AND TYPE OF PROCEDURE APPROVED, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of procedure approved	All independent laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Non-physician
ALASKA				
All laboratories	2	2	—	—
Microbiology	2	2	—	—
Serology	2	2	—	—
Clinical chemistry	2	2	—	—
Hematology	2	2	—	—
Immunohematology	2	2	—	—
Tissue pathology	2	2	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	2	2	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
ARIZONA				
All laboratories	49	23	11	15
Microbiology	35	13	8	14
Serology	41	18	9	14
Clinical chemistry	44	20	11	13
Hematology	44	21	11	12
Immunohematology	39	20	7	12
Tissue pathology	11	11	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	15	13	1	1
All procedures	3	3	—	—
ARKANSAS				
All laboratories	15	12	2	1
Microbiology	13	10	2	1
Serology	13	10	2	1
Clinical chemistry	13	10	2	1
Hematology	13	11	1	1
Immunohematology	12	10	1	1
Tissue pathology	7	7	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	8	8	—	—
All procedures	2	2	—	—
CALIFORNIA				
All laboratories	670	279	249	142
Microbiology	544	212	204	128
Serology	534	203	205	126
Clinical chemistry	604	236	231	137
Hematology	597	235	230	132
Immunohematology	479	179	180	120
Tissue pathology	123	114	8	1
Exfoliative cytology	149	130	17	2
All procedures	12	8	3	1
COLORADO				
All laboratories	39	13	3	23
Microbiology	32	11	2	19
Serology	27	11	3	13
Clinical chemistry	36	12	3	21
Hematology	35	11	3	21
Immunohematology	31	11	3	17
Tissue pathology	10	10	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	11	11	—	—
All procedures	7	7	—	—
CONNECTICUT				
All laboratories	50	8	4	38
Microbiology	35	5	3	27
Serology	47	7	3	37
Clinical chemistry	48	8	4	36
Hematology	48	8	4	36
Immunohematology	37	6	4	27
Tissue pathology	4	4	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	8	6	1	1
All procedures	2	2	—	—
DELAWARE				
All laboratories	7	2	2	3
Microbiology	3	1	—	2
Serology	7	2	2	3
Clinical chemistry	7	2	2	3
Hematology	6	2	2	2
Immunohematology	4	2	—	2
Tissue pathology	1	1	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	1	1	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA				
All laboratories	7	6	1	—
Microbiology	5	5	—	—
Serology	5	5	—	—
Clinical chemistry	5	5	—	—
Hematology	5	5	—	—
Immunohematology	5	5	—	—
Tissue pathology	4	4	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	6	5	1	—
All procedures	3	3	—	—
FLORIDA				
All laboratories	131	31	35	65
Microbiology	109	26	27	56
Serology	95	27	18	50
Clinical chemistry	125	28	33	64
Hematology	125	29	33	63
Immunohematology	88	26	15	47
Tissue pathology	24	22	2	—
Exfoliative cytology	26	26	—	—
All procedures	19	19	—	—
GEORGIA				
All laboratories	23	21	2	—
Microbiology	21	19	2	—
Serology	18	18	—	—
Clinical chemistry	20	18	2	—
Hematology	20	18	2	—
Immunohematology	20	18	2	—
Tissue pathology	20	20	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	21	21	—	—
All procedures	13	13	—	—
HAWAII				
All laboratories	14	6	6	2
Microbiology	11	4	5	2
Serology	12	5	5	2
Clinical chemistry	14	6	6	2
Hematology	13	5	6	2
Immunohematology	11	5	4	2
Tissue pathology	4	4	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	6	5	—	1
All procedures	—	—	—	—
IDAHO				
All laboratories	2	2	—	—
Microbiology	1	1	—	—
Serology	1	1	—	—
Clinical chemistry	2	2	—	—
Hematology	1	1	—	—
Immunohematology	1	1	—	—
Tissue pathology	1	1	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	1	1	—	—
All procedures	1	1	—	—
ILLINOIS				
All laboratories	170	46	45	79
Microbiology	113	36	21	56
Serology	135	38	26	71
Clinical chemistry	157	40	43	74
Hematology	157	40	44	73
Immunohematology	118	38	30	50
Tissue pathology	26	25	1	—
Exfoliative cytology	37	33	3	1
All procedures	3	3	—	—
INDIANA				
All laboratories	35	22	1	12
Microbiology	21	19	1	1
Serology	33	21	1	11
Clinical chemistry	34	21	1	12
Hematology	34	21	1	12
Immunohematology	30	19	1	10
Tissue pathology	20	20	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	20	20	—	—
All procedures	2	2	—	—
IOWA				
All laboratories	16	11	4	1
Microbiology	13	10	2	1
Serology	14	10	3	1
Clinical chemistry	15	11	3	1
Hematology	15	11	3	1
Immunohematology	15	11	3	1
Tissue pathology	10	10	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	11	10	1	—
All procedures	2	2	—	—
KANSAS				
All laboratories	27	15	5	7
Microbiology	19	14	2	3
Serology	24	15	4	5
Clinical chemistry	24	15	4	5
Hematology	26	15	5	6
Immunohematology	22	14	4	4
Tissue pathology	12	12	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	12	12	—	—
All procedures	2	2	—	—

Table 3.17 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, BY TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTOR AND TYPE OF PROCEDURE APPROVED, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of procedure approved	All independent laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Non-physician
KENTUCKY				
All laboratories	33	13	13	7
Microbiology	28	11	13	4
Serology	24	9	9	6
Clinical chemistry	31	11	13	7
Hematology	29	10	13	6
Immunohematology	24	10	8	6
Tissue pathology	7	7	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	8	8	—	—
All procedures	2	2	—	—
LOUISIANA				
All laboratories	23	14	5	4
Microbiology	17	11	3	3
Serology	19	12	3	4
Clinical chemistry	20	13	3	4
Hematology	19	12	3	4
Immunohematology	19	12	3	4
Tissue pathology	11	11	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	13	10	2	1
All procedures	4	4	—	—
MAINE				
All laboratories	1	—	—	1
Microbiology	—	—	—	—
Serology	—	—	—	—
Clinical chemistry	1	—	—	1
Hematology	1	—	—	1
Immunohematology	—	—	—	—
Tissue pathology	—	—	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	—	—	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
MARYLAND				
All laboratories	56	29	6	21
Microbiology	27	14	5	8
Serology	40	23	1	16
Clinical chemistry	46	24	3	19
Hematology	47	24	3	20
Immunohematology	35	17	3	15
Tissue pathology	17	16	—	1
Exfoliative cytology	20	18	—	2
All procedures	—	—	—	—
MASSACHUSETTS				
All laboratories	95	16	20	59
Microbiology	44	8	5	31
Serology	56	10	9	37
Clinical chemistry	88	12	18	58
Hematology	88	13	18	57
Immunohematology	46	11	7	28
Tissue pathology	10	8	2	—
Exfoliative cytology	14	7	4	3
All procedures	1	—	1	—
MICHIGAN				
All laboratories	96	37	19	40
Microbiology	74	28	15	31
Serology	78	30	14	34
Clinical chemistry	85	33	17	35
Hematology	85	32	17	36
Immunohematology	75	33	11	31
Tissue pathology	27	22	3	2
Exfoliative cytology	32	25	5	2
All procedures	3	2	1	—
MINNESOTA				
All laboratories	12	9	3	—
Microbiology	9	7	2	—
Serology	8	7	1	—
Clinical chemistry	9	7	2	—
Hematology	10	9	1	—
Immunohematology	7	6	1	—
Tissue pathology	9	9	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	9	8	1	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
MISSISSIPPI				
All laboratories	16	11	1	4
Microbiology	12	8	1	3
Serology	13	10	1	2
Clinical chemistry	14	10	1	3
Hematology	14	10	1	3
Immunohematology	11	9	1	1
Tissue pathology	9	8	1	—
Exfoliative cytology	10	9	1	—
All procedures	5	4	1	—
MISSOURI				
All laboratories	58	34	11	13
Microbiology	44	28	7	9
Serology	51	29	10	12
Clinical chemistry	54	32	10	12
Hematology	53	31	10	12
Immunohematology	47	27	10	10
Tissue pathology	23	23	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	30	27	2	1
All procedures	8	8	—	—
MONTANA				
All laboratories	7	2	4	1
Microbiology	7	2	4	1
Serology	5	2	2	1
Clinical chemistry	6	2	3	1
Hematology	6	2	3	1
Immunohematology	6	2	3	1
Tissue pathology	2	2	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	3	2	1	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
NEBRASKA				
All laboratories	15	11	2	2
Microbiology	12	10	—	2
Serology	11	10	—	1
Clinical chemistry	13	10	1	2
Hematology	12	10	—	2
Immunohematology	11	10	—	1
Tissue pathology	11	11	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	12	11	1	—
All procedures	7	7	—	—
NEVADA				
All laboratories	16	9	5	2
Microbiology	11	5	4	2
Serology	8	5	1	2
Clinical chemistry	15	9	4	2
Hematology	15	9	4	2
Immunohematology	8	5	2	1
Tissue pathology	5	4	—	1
Exfoliative cytology	5	4	—	1
All procedures	2	1	—	1
NEW HAMPSHIRE				
All laboratories	1	—	—	1
Microbiology	1	—	—	1
Serology	1	—	—	1
Clinical chemistry	1	—	—	1
Hematology	1	—	—	1
Immunohematology	1	—	—	1
Tissue pathology	—	—	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	—	—	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
NEW JERSEY				
All laboratories	131	31	17	83
Microbiology	102	28	11	63
Serology	101	28	7	66
Clinical chemistry	121	28	11	82
Hematology	115	28	12	75
Immunohematology	102	29	9	64
Tissue pathology	25	23	1	1
Exfoliative cytology	31	25	5	1
All procedures	2	2	—	—
NEW MEXICO				
All laboratories	26	9	11	6
Microbiology	16	6	6	4
Serology	18	6	8	4
Clinical chemistry	22	6	10	6
Hematology	21	6	10	5
Immunohematology	16	6	5	5
Tissue pathology	9	9	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	9	8	1	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
NEW YORK				
All laboratories	254	81	29	144
Microbiology	183	56	16	111
Serology	198	57	18	123
Clinical chemistry	222	64	25	133
Hematology	223	62	24	137
Immunohematology	158	49	10	99
Tissue pathology	54	47	4	3
Exfoliative cytology	66	52	8	6
All procedures	3	3	—	—

Table 3.17 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, BY TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTOR AND TYPE OF PROCEDURE APPROVED, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and type of procedure approved	All independent laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Non-physician
NORTH CAROLINA				
All laboratories	13	8	5	—
Microbiology	9	6	3	—
Serology	11	7	4	—
Clinical chemistry	10	7	3	—
Hematology	12	7	5	—
Immunohematology	9	7	2	—
Tissue pathology	7	6	1	—
Exfoliative cytology	8	7	1	—
All procedures	5	5	—	—
NORTH DAKOTA				
All laboratories	10	5	5	—
Microbiology	6	3	3	—
Serology	5	3	2	—
Clinical chemistry	8	3	5	—
Hematology	9	5	4	—
Immunohematology	7	4	3	—
Tissue pathology	6	5	1	—
Exfoliative cytology	5	4	1	—
All procedures	2	1	1	—
OHIO				
All laboratories	111	31	26	54
Microbiology	60	24	9	27
Serology	97	26	24	47
Clinical chemistry	106	29	25	52
Hematology	105	29	25	51
Immunohematology	85	28	20	37
Tissue pathology	25	23	—	2
Exfoliative cytology	31	26	3	2
All procedures	1	1	—	—
OKLAHOMA				
All laboratories	40	20	11	9
Microbiology	33	17	8	8
Serology	28	17	6	5
Clinical chemistry	35	17	10	8
Hematology	36	17	10	9
Immunohematology	31	17	8	6
Tissue pathology	17	15	2	—
Exfoliative cytology	19	16	3	—
All procedures	3	1	2	—
OREGON				
All laboratories	33	19	3	11
Microbiology	23	14	1	8
Serology	25	13	1	11
Clinical chemistry	28	16	1	11
Hematology	27	15	1	11
Immunohematology	22	13	1	8
Tissue pathology	9	9	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	12	10	2	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
PENNSYLVANIA				
All laboratories	127	42	16	69
Microbiology	76	29	6	41
Serology	97	33	11	53
Clinical chemistry	117	35	14	68
Hematology	115	35	13	67
Immunohematology	98	32	9	57
Tissue pathology	23	22	—	1
Exfoliative cytology	39	36	1	2
All procedures	4	4	—	—
RHODE ISLAND				
All laboratories	19	3	1	15
Microbiology	15	—	1	14
Serology	17	1	1	15
Clinical chemistry	16	1	1	14
Hematology	17	1	1	15
Immunohematology	15	—	1	14
Tissue pathology	—	—	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	3	3	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
SOUTH CAROLINA				
All laboratories	7	6	1	—
Microbiology	5	5	—	—
Serology	5	5	—	—
Clinical chemistry	6	5	1	—
Hematology	7	6	1	—
Immunohematology	6	5	1	—
Tissue pathology	6	6	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	4	4	—	—
All procedures	3	3	—	—
SOUTH DAKOTA				
All laboratories	5	5	—	—
Microbiology	4	4	—	—
Serology	4	4	—	—
Clinical chemistry	5	5	—	—
Hematology	4	4	—	—
Immunohematology	4	4	—	—
Tissue pathology	4	4	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	3	3	—	—
All procedures	3	3	—	—
TENNESSEE				
All laboratories	29	15	2	12
Microbiology	17	8	—	9
Serology	22	9	1	12
Clinical chemistry	21	8	1	12
Hematology	22	9	1	12
Immunohematology	17	9	—	8
Tissue pathology	12	12	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	12	11	1	—
All procedures	7	7	—	—
TEXAS				
All laboratories	201	93	58	50
Microbiology	172	83	49	40
Serology	157	81	32	44
Clinical chemistry	190	84	57	49
Hematology	189	83	58	48
Immunohematology	153	82	33	38
Tissue pathology	76	74	2	—
Exfoliative cytology	78	75	3	—
All procedures	11	9	2	—
UTAH				
All laboratories	15	8	2	5
Microbiology	9	6	1	2
Serology	5	4	—	1
Clinical chemistry	9	6	1	2
Hematology	12	6	1	5
Immunohematology	8	6	—	2
Tissue pathology	4	4	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	4	3	1	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
VERMONT				
All laboratories	6	1	2	3
Microbiology	2	—	1	1
Serology	1	—	—	1
Clinical chemistry	6	1	2	3
Hematology	6	1	2	3
Immunohematology	2	1	—	1
Tissue pathology	1	—	—	1
Exfoliative cytology	1	—	—	1
All procedures	1	—	—	1
VIRGINIA				
All laboratories	26	17	1	8
Microbiology	20	15	—	5
Serology	20	14	—	6
Clinical chemistry	22	14	—	8
Hematology	22	15	—	7
Immunohematology	19	13	—	6
Tissue pathology	6	6	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	13	12	1	—
All procedures	1	1	—	—
WASHINGTON				
All laboratories	61	39	11	11
Microbiology	49	31	7	11
Serology	51	32	8	11
Clinical chemistry	53	33	9	11
Hematology	57	36	10	11
Immunohematology	44	28	7	9
Tissue pathology	33	33	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	34	33	1	—
All procedures	1	1	—	—
WEST VIRGINIA				
All laboratories	9	2	4	3
Microbiology	7	1	4	2
Serology	7	1	3	3
Clinical chemistry	9	2	4	3
Hematology	8	1	4	3
Immunohematology	6	1	2	3
Tissue pathology	1	1	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	1	1	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—

Table 3.17 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, BY TRAINING OF LABORATORY DIRECTOR AND TYPE OF PROCEDURE APPROVED, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and type of procedure approved	All independent laboratories	Training of laboratory director		
		Pathologist	Other physician	Non-physician
WISCONSIN				
All laboratories	21	16	2	3
Microbiology	14	11	1	2
Serology	18	14	2	2
Clinical chemistry	16	13	1	2
Hematology	17	13	1	3
Immunohematology	15	11	2	2
Tissue pathology	7	7	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	16	15	—	1
All procedures	—	—	—	—
WYOMING				
All laboratories	3	3	—	—
Microbiology	3	3	—	—
Serology	3	3	—	—
Clinical chemistry	3	3	—	—
Hematology	3	3	—	—
Immunohematology	3	3	—	—
Tissue pathology	3	3	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	3	3	—	—
All procedures	3	3	—	—
GUAM				
All laboratories	—	—	—	—
Microbiology	—	—	—	—
Serology	—	—	—	—
Clinical chemistry	—	—	—	—
Hematology	—	—	—	—
Immunohematology	—	—	—	—
Tissue pathology	—	—	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	—	—	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—
PUERTO RICO				
All laboratories	62	8	8	46
Microbiology	53	4	8	41
Serology	44	3	2	39
Clinical chemistry	49	4	8	37
Hematology	52	4	8	40
Immunohematology	49	4	6	39
Tissue pathology	8	8	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	9	8	—	1
All procedures	2	2	—	—
VIRGIN ISLANDS				
All laboratories	1	1	—	—
Microbiology	1	1	—	—
Serology	1	1	—	—
Clinical chemistry	1	1	—	—
Hematology	1	1	—	—
Immunohematology	1	1	—	—
Tissue pathology	1	1	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	1	1	—	—
All procedures	1	1	—	—
ALL OTHER AREAS				
All laboratories	—	—	—	—
Microbiology	—	—	—	—
Serology	—	—	—	—
Clinical chemistry	—	—	—	—
Hematology	—	—	—	—
Immunohematology	—	—	—	—
Tissue pathology	—	—	—	—
Exfoliative cytology	—	—	—	—
All procedures	—	—	—	—

Table 3.18 NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES AND NUMBER OF TECHNICAL EMPLOYEES BY TYPE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All independent laboratories	Supervisors		Technologists	Technicians
		Physicians	Non-physicians		
All areas	2,907	987.15	2,404.67	4,531.44	3,332.74
United States	2,844	963.15	2,385.67	4,475.94	3,313.74
Northeast	684	153.90	460.21	654.44	894.42
North Central	576	257.75	474.14	953.19	1,071.17
South	647	332.90	504.62	1,196.03	953.50
West	937	218.60	946.70	1,672.28	394.65
Northeast:					
New England	172	63.20	88.07	147.82	204.37
Middle Atlantic	512	90.70	372.14	506.62	690.05
North Central:					
East North Central	433	109.75	320.54	517.19	746.42
West North Central	143	148.00	153.60	436.00	324.75
South:					
South Atlantic	279	108.25	278.12	491.58	447.50
East South Central	89	65.50	62.50	157.50	117.20
West South Central	279	159.15	164.00	546.95	388.80
West:					
Mountain	157	91.50	94.00	225.75	170.40
Pacific	780	127.10	852.70	1,446.53	224.25
New England:					
Maine	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
New Hampshire	1	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
Vermont	6	5.00	0.00	0.00	6.00
Massachusetts	95	11.95	63.96	62.94	84.09
Rhode Island	19	0.50	6.00	7.00	25.00
Connecticut	50	45.75	18.11	75.88	87.28
Middle Atlantic:					
New York	254	48.25	205.49	319.83	351.60
New Jersey	131	5.75	77.65	71.29	115.95
Pennsylvania	127	36.70	89.00	115.50	222.50
East North Central:					
Ohio	111	7.75	87.00	151.70	240.50
Indiana	35	2.00	45.10	52.66	89.20
Illinois	170	46.10	90.33	138.75	208.36
Michigan	96	19.90	85.11	96.58	161.36
Wisconsin	21	34.00	13.00	77.50	47.00
West North Central:					
Minnesota	12	34.00	9.00	31.00	35.00
Iowa	16	2.00	15.00	47.00	39.00
Missouri	58	43.00	56.50	172.00	83.50
North Dakota	10	11.00	10.00	48.50	42.00
South Dakota	5	12.00	3.00	10.00	15.00
Nebraska	15	38.00	18.00	70.00	68.75
Kansas	27	8.00	42.10	57.50	41.50
South Atlantic:					
Delaware	7	2.00	5.00	7.50	25.50
Maryland	56	10.00	77.00	101.50	63.00
District of Columbia	7	14.00	17.00	26.00	23.00
Virginia	26	15.25	31.62	56.75	47.40
West Virginia	9	5.00	3.00	8.00	9.00
North Carolina	13	3.00	4.00	18.00	25.00
South Carolina	7	35.00	1.50	59.50	48.00
Georgia	23	9.00	22.00	73.33	78.10
Florida	131	15.00	117.00	141.00	128.50
East South Central:					
Kentucky	33	31.00	25.00	35.00	20.70
Tennessee	29	4.00	16.00	44.00	27.00
Alabama	11	18.50	12.50	44.00	40.00
Mississippi	16	12.00	9.00	34.50	29.50
West South Central:					
Arkansas	15	14.00	10.00	33.00	26.00
Louisiana	23	21.00	14.50	70.00	43.50
Oklahoma	40	44.00	19.00	90.00	48.00
Texas	201	80.15	120.50	353.95	271.30
Mountain:					
Montana	7	3.00	6.00	12.00	13.00
Idaho	2	4.00	1.00	4.00	4.00
Wyoming	3	8.00	1.00	7.00	4.00
Colorado	39	34.00	25.00	73.00	38.40
New Mexico	26	4.00	11.00	33.00	26.00
Arizona	49	8.50	34.00	63.25	57.00
Utah	15	5.00	7.00	17.50	18.00
Nevada	16	25.00	9.00	16.00	10.00
Pacific:					
Washington	61	2.00	60.60	105.04	79.75
Oregon	33	5.00	38.00	106.50	90.00
California	670	105.10	735.10	1,186.85	38.00
Alaska	2	0.00	2.00	17.20	8.50
Hawaii	14	15.00	17.00	30.94	8.00
Other areas:					
Guam	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Puerto Rico	62	23.00	19.00	55.50	18.00
Virgin Islands	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
All other areas	—	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 3.19 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF FACILITY, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All facilities			Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
All areas	5,629	377,269	19	3,124	258,274	1,479	66,769	803	37,875	189	13,100	34	1,251
United States	5,620	376,881	19	3,121	258,172	1,478	66,742	799	37,663	188	13,053	34	1,251
Northeast	1,075	88,268	17	676	61,798	222	11,645	98	7,599	74	6,982	5	244
North Central	1,389	81,692	14	457	38,602	580	26,120	287	13,087	54	3,563	11	320
South	1,463	91,808	16	830	63,383	417	19,032	173	7,270	36	1,804	7	319
West	1,693	115,113	38	1,158	94,389	259	9,945	241	9,707	24	704	11	368
Northeast:													
New England	417	27,655	22	265	19,886	108	4,934	37	2,348	6	319	1	168
Middle Atlantic	658	60,613	16	411	41,912	114	6,711	61	5,251	68	6,663	4	76
North Central:													
East North Central	894	60,211	16	370	31,860	354	17,436	124	7,946	38	2,705	8	264
West North Central	495	21,481	11	87	6,742	226	8,684	163	5,141	16	858	3	56
South:													
South Atlantic	606	42,024	15	365	30,230	163	8,071	61	2,772	13	754	4	197
East South Central	306	18,312	15	189	13,059	70	3,344	43	1,751	4	158	–	–
West South Central	551	31,472	18	276	20,094	184	7,617	69	2,747	19	892	3	122
West:													
Mountain	307	16,812	25	142	11,214	89	3,311	70	2,155	4	71	2	61
Pacific	1,386	98,301	42	1,016	83,175	170	6,634	171	7,552	20	633	9	307
New England:													
Maine	33	1,129	10	7	440	14	420	12	269	–	–	–	–
New Hampshire	15	675	8	7	386	4	218	3	45	1	26	–	–
Vermont	13	607	12	7	453	4	90	2	64	–	–	–	–
Massachusetts	163	11,199	18	87	6,924	61	2,723	14	1,384	–	–	1	168
Rhode Island	28	1,442	14	13	881	12	496	3	65	–	–	–	–
Connecticut	165	12,603	44	144	10,802	13	987	3	521	5	293	–	–
Middle Atlantic:													
New York	294	33,825	17	224	26,174	20	1,589	28	2,893	20	3,127	2	42
New Jersey	104	7,926	12	46	4,211	42	2,449	10	1,056	6	210	–	–
Pennsylvania	260	18,862	15	141	11,527	52	2,673	23	1,302	42	3,326	2	34
East North Central:													
Ohio	221	16,679	17	165	13,555	24	1,138	19	1,240	11	650	2	96
Indiana	102	5,228	11	23	2,077	65	2,531	11	449	3	171	–	–
Illinois	195	11,394	10	42	3,310	110	4,941	24	2,101	17	995	2	47
Michigan	174	15,891	21	104	10,128	39	2,758	24	2,133	5	800	2	72
Wisconsin	202	11,019	23	36	2,790	116	6,068	46	2,023	2	89	2	49
West North Central:													
Minnesota	151	6,679	16	14	1,000	83	3,108	50	2,414	4	157	–	–
Iowa	95	3,783	11	23	1,294	41	1,453	24	730	6	275	1	31
Missouri	83	4,647	8	12	1,449	49	2,601	19	552	1	20	2	25
North Dakota	26	1,309	10	14	949	3	125	7	99	2	136	–	–
South Dakota	22	1,348	17	12	982	5	291	5	75	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	42	2,150	12	9	849	14	352	16	679	3	270	–	–
Kansas	76	1,565	6	3	219	31	754	42	592	–	–	–	–
South Atlantic:													
Delaware	9	499	11	2	161	4	185	1	60	2	93	–	–
Maryland	66	5,340	19	36	3,534	23	1,179	5	429	2	198	–	–
District of Columbia	8	1,088	16	4	564	1	342	1	17	2	165	–	–
Virginia	66	5,193	15	34	3,374	23	1,522	7	228	2	69	–	–
West Virginia	31	1,488	8	23	1,158	1	36	5	184	1	50	1	60
North Carolina	57	4,381	11	36	3,369	5	279	13	569	3	164	–	–
South Carolina	62	4,318	23	55	3,965	3	206	4	147	–	–	–	–
Georgia	108	8,003	22	83	6,836	11	437	14	730	–	–	–	–
Florida	199	11,714	13	92	7,269	92	3,885	11	408	1	15	3	137
East South Central:													
Kentucky	82	5,164	15	47	3,342	17	1,160	17	612	1	50	–	–
Tennessee	78	3,903	10	22	1,604	40	1,581	14	665	2	53	–	–
Alabama	106	7,135	22	89	6,321	7	395	9	364	1	55	–	–
Mississippi	40	2,110	10	31	1,792	6	208	3	110	–	–	–	–
West South Central:													
Arkansas	57	3,448	15	35	2,595	5	176	16	607	1	70	–	–
Louisiana	98	7,359	25	88	6,950	3	116	6	268	1	25	–	–
Oklahoma	58	2,258	8	12	879	29	956	13	267	2	50	2	106
Texas	338	18,407	19	141	9,670	147	6,369	34	1,605	15	747	1	16
Mountain:													
Montana	33	874	13	2	78	14	398	15	363	2	35	–	–
Idaho	46	2,796	41	27	2,159	11	340	7	260	–	–	1	37
Wyoming	11	330	11	3	215	5	82	3	33	–	–	–	–
Colorado	98	6,543	35	52	4,696	32	1,472	12	341	1	10	1	24
New Mexico	26	1,598	23	14	828	5	236	7	534	–	–	–	–
Arizona	49	2,726	18	28	2,071	9	325	12	330	–	–	–	–
Utah	28	1,275	17	10	697	12	436	6	142	–	–	–	–
Nevada	16	670	23	6	470	1	22	8	152	1	26	–	–
Pacific:													
Washington	171	6,472	20	41	2,742	93	2,984	29	567	4	85	4	94
Oregon	101	4,829	22	28	2,251	48	1,951	22	518	1	57	2	52
California	1,087	85,419	49	936	77,189	29	1,699	108	6,032	11	338	3	161
Alaska	11	225	36	2	95	–	–	7	39	2	91	–	–
Hawaii	16	1,356	32	9	898	–	–	5	396	2	62	–	–
Other areas:													
Guam	1	33	1	–	–	–	–	1	33	–	–	–	–
Puerto Rico	8	355	2	3	102	1	27	3	179	1	47	–	–
Virgin Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
ALL AREAS												
Total	5,629	377,269	3,124	258,274	1,479	66,769	803	37,875	189	13,100	34	1,251
Less than 25 beds	817	13,621	86	1,640	366	6,615	312	4,439	35	640	18	287
25 to 49 beds	1,565	58,163	609	23,912	610	21,879	266	9,520	73	2,625	7	227
50 to 74 beds	1,419	83,174	920	54,617	342	19,454	115	6,622	37	2,192	5	289
75 to 99 beds	852	75,342	701	62,475	89	7,581	49	4,209	11	908	2	169
100 to 149 beds	657	75,969	568	65,588	44	5,131	35	4,088	9	1,051	1	111
150 to 199 beds	198	33,612	154	26,044	20	3,413	9	1,597	14	2,390	1	168
200 beds or more	121	37,388	86	23,998	8	2,696	17	7,400	10	3,294	–	–
UNITED STATES												
Total	5,620	376,881	3,121	258,172	1,478	66,742	799	37,663	188	13,053	34	1,251
Less than 25 beds	816	13,603	85	1,622	366	6,615	312	4,439	35	640	18	287
25 to 49 beds	1,559	57,944	608	23,880	609	21,852	263	9,407	72	2,578	7	227
50 to 74 beds	1,418	83,122	919	54,565	342	19,454	115	6,622	37	2,192	5	289
75 to 99 beds	851	75,243	701	62,475	89	7,581	48	4,110	11	908	2	169
100 to 149 beds	657	75,969	568	65,588	44	5,131	35	4,088	9	1,051	1	111
150 to 199 beds	198	33,612	154	26,044	20	3,413	9	1,597	14	2,390	1	168
200 beds or more	121	37,388	86	23,998	8	2,696	17	7,400	10	3,294	–	–
NORTHEAST												
Total	1,075	88,268	676	61,798	222	11,645	98	7,599	74	6,982	5	244
Less than 25 beds	89	1,599	21	432	30	542	26	417	9	164	3	44
25 to 49 beds	286	10,767	129	4,921	94	3,567	38	1,361	24	886	1	32
50 to 74 beds	248	14,854	163	9,910	63	3,576	9	564	13	804	–	–
75 to 99 beds	155	13,295	119	10,204	21	1,815	9	775	6	501	–	–
100 to 149 beds	188	21,540	169	19,320	8	964	5	564	6	692	–	–
150 to 199 beds	56	9,571	42	7,192	4	667	1	186	8	1,358	1	168
200 beds or more	53	16,642	33	9,819	2	514	10	3,732	8	2,577	–	–
NORTH CENTRAL												
Total	1,389	81,692	457	38,602	580	26,120	287	13,087	54	3,563	11	320
Less than 25 beds	319	5,211	10	182	171	3,075	125	1,740	7	132	6	82
25 to 49 beds	423	15,455	82	3,350	221	7,798	90	3,191	27	1,019	3	97
50 to 74 beds	316	18,209	148	8,661	119	6,750	40	2,269	8	469	1	60
75 to 99 beds	138	11,897	84	7,328	39	3,324	10	839	4	325	1	81
100 to 149 beds	122	14,188	87	10,089	17	1,989	15	1,751	3	359	–	–
150 to 199 beds	45	7,514	31	5,115	8	1,344	3	513	3	542	–	–
200 beds or more	26	9,218	15	3,877	5	1,840	4	2,784	2	717	–	–
SOUTH												
Total	1,463	91,808	830	63,383	417	19,032	173	7,270	36	1,804	7	319
Less than 25 beds	180	3,166	19	336	96	1,779	53	812	9	187	3	52
25 to 49 beds	404	14,993	164	6,445	159	5,627	70	2,553	11	368	–	–
50 to 74 beds	468	26,976	304	17,641	120	6,843	29	1,636	12	677	3	179
75 to 99 beds	180	15,415	146	12,558	19	1,584	13	1,103	1	82	1	88
100 to 149 beds	175	19,441	153	16,943	17	1,964	5	534	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	37	6,314	27	4,560	5	893	2	371	3	490	–	–
200 beds or more	19	5,503	17	4,900	1	342	1	261	–	–	–	–
WEST												
Total	1,693	115,113	1,158	94,389	259	9,945	241	9,707	24	704	11	368
Less than 25 beds	228	3,627	35	672	69	1,219	108	1,470	10	157	6	109
25 to 49 beds	446	16,729	233	9,164	135	4,860	65	2,302	10	305	3	98
50 to 74 beds	386	23,083	304	18,353	40	2,285	37	2,153	4	242	1	50
75 to 99 beds	378	34,636	352	32,385	10	858	16	1,393	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	172	20,800	159	19,236	2	214	10	1,239	–	–	1	111
150 to 199 beds	60	10,213	54	9,177	3	509	3	527	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	23	6,025	21	5,402	–	–	2	623	–	–	–	–
NEW ENGLAND												
Total	417	27,655	265	19,886	108	4,934	37	2,348	6	319	1	168
Less than 25 beds	39	714	9	177	14	254	15	260	1	23	–	–
25 to 49 beds	137	5,137	58	2,161	63	2,449	12	406	4	121	–	–
50 to 74 beds	101	6,095	79	4,841	21	1,194	1	60	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	65	5,560	55	4,697	7	611	3	252	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	59	6,882	56	6,518	2	239	1	125	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	10	1,749	6	1,033	1	187	1	186	1	175	1	168
200 beds or more	6	1,518	2	459	–	–	4	1,059	–	–	–	–
MIDDLE ATLANTIC												
Total	658	60,613	411	41,912	114	6,711	61	5,251	68	6,663	4	76
Less than 25 beds	50	885	12	255	16	288	11	157	8	141	3	44
25 to 49 beds	149	5,630	71	2,760	31	1,118	26	955	20	765	1	32
50 to 74 beds	147	8,759	84	5,069	42	2,382	8	504	13	804	–	–
75 to 99 beds	90	7,735	64	5,507	14	1,204	6	523	6	501	–	–
100 to 149 beds	129	14,658	113	12,802	6	725	4	439	6	692	–	–
150 to 199 beds	46	7,822	36	6,159	3	480	–	–	7	1,183	–	–
200 beds or more	47	15,124	31	9,360	2	514	6	2,673	8	2,577	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospitol		Unit of domiciliory institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
EAST NORTH CENTRAL												
Total	B94	60,211	370	31,B60	354	17,436	124	7,946	3B	2,705	B	264
Less than 25 beds	121	2,147	6	95	75	1,409	32	513	4	73	4	57
25 to 49 beds	2B2	10,236	64	2,610	147	5,099	50	1,765	19	696	2	66
50 to 74 beds	230	13,196	114	6,603	B6	4,BBB	24	1,355	5	290	1	60
75 to 99 beds	101	B,729	66	5,795	24	2,027	6	501	4	325	1	B1
100 to 149 beds	101	11,712	B0	9,244	13	1,516	6	694	2	25B	–	–
150 to 199 beds	37	6,119	29	4,7B2	4	657	2	334	2	346	–	–
200 beds or more	22	B,072	11	2,731	5	1,B40	4	2,7B4	2	717	–	–
WEST NORTH CENTRAL												
Total	495	21,4B1	B7	6,742	226	8,6B4	163	5,141	16	B5B	3	56
Less than 25 beds	19B	3,064	4	B7	96	1,666	93	1,227	3	59	2	25
25 to 49 beds	141	5,219	18	740	74	2,699	40	1,426	B	323	1	31
50 to 74 beds	B6	5,013	34	2,05B	33	1,B62	16	914	3	179	–	–
75 to 99 beds	37	3,16B	18	1,533	15	1,297	4	33B	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	21	2,476	7	B45	4	473	9	1,057	1	101	–	–
150 to 199 beds	B	1,395	2	333	4	6B7	1	179	1	196	–	–
200 beds or more	4	1,146	4	1,146	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
SOUTH ATLANTIC												
Total	606	42,024	365	30,230	163	B,071	61	2,772	13	754	4	197
Less than 25 beds	69	1,226	13	223	3B	70B	15	250	2	27	1	1B
25 to 49 beds	159	6,130	70	2,767	54	2,005	30	1,164	5	194	–	–
50 to 74 beds	175	10,1B6	113	6,599	47	2,721	B	470	4	217	3	179
75 to 99 beds	B4	7,167	65	5,600	14	1,15B	5	409	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	B3	9,221	74	B,210	7	793	2	21B	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	23	3,907	19	3,247	2	344	–	–	2	316	–	–
200 beds or more	13	4,1B7	11	3,584	1	342	1	261	–	–	–	–
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL												
Total	306	18,312	1B9	13,059	70	3,344	43	1,751	4	15B	–	–
Less than 25 beds	2B	40B	1	19	16	270	10	95	1	24	–	–
25 to 49 beds	93	3,410	43	1,724	29	975	20	6B2	1	29	–	–
50 to 74 beds	105	5,933	77	4,326	17	1,003	9	499	2	105	–	–
75 to 99 beds	37	3,172	34	2,B99	1	95	2	17B	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	34	3,B03	29	3,251	4	452	1	100	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	B	1,3B6	4	640	3	549	1	197	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	1	200	1	200	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL												
Total	551	31,472	276	20,094	1B4	7,617	69	2,747	19	B92	3	122
Less than 25 beds	B3	1,532	5	94	42	B01	2B	467	6	136	2	34
25 to 49 beds	152	5,453	51	1,954	76	2,647	20	707	5	145	–	–
50 to 74 beds	18B	10,B57	114	6,716	56	3,119	12	667	6	355	–	–
75 to 99 beds	59	5,076	47	4,059	4	331	6	516	1	B2	1	BB
100 to 149 beds	5B	6,417	50	5,4B2	6	719	2	216	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	6	1,021	4	673	–	–	1	174	1	174	–	–
200 beds or more	5	1,116	5	1,116	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
MOUNTAIN												
Total	307	16,B12	142	11,214	B9	3,311	70	2,155	4	71	2	61
Less than 25 beds	77	1,21B	7	12B	25	422	41	599	3	45	1	24
25 to 49 beds	90	3,174	23	B40	46	1,626	19	645	1	26	1	37
50 to 74 beds	59	3,477	41	2,445	14	B06	4	226	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	44	3,B69	37	3,251	3	271	4	347	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2B	3,316	27	3,168	–	–	1	14B	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	B	1,41B	6	1,042	1	1B6	1	190	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	1	340	1	340	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
PACIFIC												
Total	1,3B6	9B,301	1,016	B3,175	170	6,634	171	7,552	20	633	9	307
Less than 25 beds	151	2,409	2B	544	44	797	67	B71	7	112	5	B5
25 to 49 beds	356	13,555	210	B,324	B9	3,234	46	1,657	9	279	2	61
50 to 74 beds	327	19,606	263	15,90B	26	1,479	33	1,927	4	242	1	50
75 to 99 beds	334	30,767	315	29,134	7	5B7	12	1,046	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	144	17,4B4	132	16,068	2	214	9	1,091	–	–	1	111
150 to 199 beds	52	B,795	4B	B,135	2	323	2	337	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	22	5,6B5	20	5,062	–	–	2	623	–	–	–	–
ALABAMA												
Total	106	7,135	B9	6,321	7	395	9	364	1	55	–	–
Less than 25 beds	2	39	1	19	–	–	1	20	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	26	1,023	19	7B1	2	76	5	166	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	40	2,271	32	1,B14	4	224	3	17B	1	55	–	–
75 to 99 beds	21	1,799	20	1,704	1	95	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	15	1,673	15	1,673	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	330	2	330	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
ALASKA												
Total	11	225	2	95	–	–	7	39	2	91	–	–
Less than 25 beds	8	59	1	20	–	–	7	39	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	26	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	26	–	–
50 to 74 beds	1	65	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	65	–	–
75 to 99 beds	1	75	1	75	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ARIZONA												
Total	49	2,726	28	2,071	9	325	12	330	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	7	103	–	–	1	20	6	83	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	15	501	5	171	6	199	4	131	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	13	779	9	557	2	106	2	116	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	10	844	10	844	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	4	499	4	499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ARKANSAS												
Total	57	3,448	35	2,595	5	176	16	607	1	70	–	–
Less than 25 beds	7	137	2	40	2	47	3	50	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	17	614	6	227	2	75	9	312	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	15	913	10	619	1	54	3	170	1	70	–	–
75 to 99 beds	9	765	8	690	–	–	1	75	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	8	850	8	850	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	169	1	169	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
CALIFORNIA												
Total	1,087	85,419	936	77,189	29	1,699	108	6,032	11	338	3	161
Less than 25 beds	47	814	19	361	–	–	23	371	4	61	1	21
25 to 49 beds	251	9,703	196	7,751	15	530	34	1,236	5	157	1	29
50 to 74 beds	278	16,711	241	14,541	6	356	29	1,694	2	120	–	–
75 to 99 beds	312	28,925	296	27,533	5	432	11	960	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	131	15,954	120	14,650	2	214	8	979	–	–	1	111
150 to 199 beds	48	8,105	46	7,769	1	167	1	169	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	20	5,207	18	4,584	–	–	2	623	–	–	–	–
COLORADO												
Total	98	6,543	52	4,696	32	1,472	12	341	1	10	1	24
Less than 25 beds	17	275	1	9	7	121	7	111	1	10	1	24
25 to 49 beds	23	886	4	156	15	560	4	170	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	20	1,133	13	739	6	334	1	60	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	17	1,554	14	1,283	3	271	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	16	1,822	16	1,822	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	5	873	4	687	1	186	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
CONNECTICUT												
Total	165	12,603	144	10,802	13	987	3	521	5	293	–	–
Less than 25 beds	10	200	9	177	–	–	–	–	1	23	–	–
25 to 49 beds	42	1,479	36	1,279	3	105	–	–	3	95	–	–
50 to 74 beds	42	2,541	35	2,110	6	371	1	60	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	27	2,389	25	2,204	2	185	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	35	4,226	34	4,087	1	139	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	7	1,241	4	693	1	187	1	186	1	175	–	–
200 beds or more	2	527	1	252	–	–	1	275	–	–	–	–
DELAWARE												
Total	9	499	2	161	4	185	1	60	2	93	–	–
Less than 25 beds	2	40	–	–	2	40	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	43	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	43	–	–
50 to 74 beds	4	231	1	60	1	61	1	60	1	50	–	–
75 to 99 beds	1	84	–	–	1	84	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	101	1	101	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA												
Total	8	1,088	4	564	1	342	1	17	2	165	–	–
Less than 25 beds	3	41	1	12	–	–	1	17	1	12	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	4	705	3	552	–	–	–	–	1	153	–	–
200 beds or more	1	342	–	–	1	342	–	–	–	–	–	–

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Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
FLORIDA												
Total	199	11,714	92	7,269	92	3,885	11	408	1	15	3	137
Less than 25 beds	31	538	2	40	24	423	3	42	1	15	1	18
25 to 49 beds	56	2,118	17	666	33	1,207	6	245	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	71	4,099	37	2,149	30	1,710	2	121	–	–	2	119
75 to 99 beds	15	1,299	12	1,042	3	257	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	18	1,944	17	1,832	1	112	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	6	1,028	5	852	1	176	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	2	688	2	688	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
GEORGIA												
Total	108	8,003	83	6,836	11	437	14	730	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	4	61	–	–	4	61	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	24	956	10	388	3	116	11	452	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	37	2,153	34	1,983	2	110	1	60	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	16	1,357	14	1,207	2	150	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	23	2,556	21	2,338	–	–	2	218	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	3	538	3	538	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	1	382	1	382	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
HAWAII												
Total	16	1,356	9	898	–	–	5	396	2	62	–	–
Less than 25 beds	1	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	22	–	–
25 to 49 beds	6	218	3	113	–	–	2	65	1	40	–	–
50 to 74 beds	2	125	1	74	–	–	1	51	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	595	4	483	–	–	1	112	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	168	–	–	–	–	1	168	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	1	228	1	228	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
IDAHO												
Total	46	2,796	27	2,159	11	340	7	260	–	–	1	37
Less than 25 beds	7	127	1	21	3	59	3	47	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	19	717	8	323	8	281	2	76	–	–	1	37
50 to 74 beds	8	472	7	422	–	–	1	50	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	7	602	6	515	–	–	1	87	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	3	365	3	365	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	173	1	173	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	1	340	1	340	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ILLINOIS												
Total	195	11,394	42	3,310	110	4,941	24	2,101	17	995	2	47
Less than 25 beds	40	753	–	–	25	523	12	180	2	37	1	13
25 to 49 beds	77	2,768	9	419	51	1,778	5	173	11	364	1	34
50 to 74 beds	48	2,706	14	821	28	1,573	5	262	1	50	–	–
75 to 99 beds	13	1,121	10	873	3	248	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	12	1,467	8	1,010	2	219	1	106	1	132	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	367	1	187	–	–	–	–	1	180	–	–
200 beds or more	3	2,212	–	–	1	600	1	1,380	1	232	–	–
INDIANA												
Total	102	5,228	23	2,077	65	2,531	11	449	3	171	–	–
Less than 25 beds	14	274	–	–	11	215	3	59	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	48	1,702	5	197	35	1,208	6	220	2	77	–	–
50 to 74 beds	26	1,455	9	517	16	870	1	68	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	7	571	3	239	3	238	–	–	1	94	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	502	4	400	–	–	1	102	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	2	724	2	724	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
IOWA												
Total	95	3,783	23	1,294	41	1,453	24	730	6	275	1	31
Less than 25 beds	29	506	2	42	15	288	11	159	1	17	–	–
25 to 49 beds	35	1,274	4	148	18	657	9	307	3	131	1	31
50 to 74 beds	23	1,332	12	689	6	338	3	178	2	127	–	–
75 to 99 beds	8	671	5	415	2	170	1	86	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
KANSAS												
Total	76	1,565	3	219	31	754	42	592	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	56	613	–	–	19	267	37	346	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	12	436	1	48	8	274	3	114	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	6	340	1	71	4	213	1	56	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	1	76	–	–	–	–	1	76	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	100	1	100	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
KENTUCKY												
Total	82	5,164	47	3,342	17	1,160	17	612	1	50	–	–
Less than 25 beds	4	50	–	–	1	18	3	32	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	26	920	10	383	5	163	11	374	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	29	1,617	19	1,048	7	404	2	115	1	50	–	–
75 to 99 beds	10	895	9	804	–	–	1	91	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	9	1,014	7	797	2	217	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	4	668	2	310	2	358	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
LOUISIANA												
Total	98	7,359	88	6,950	3	116	6	268	1	25	–	–
Less than 25 beds	1	15	–	–	1	15	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	11	400	7	277	–	–	3	98	1	25	–	–
50 to 74 beds	46	2,679	41	2,408	2	101	3	170	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	18	1,540	18	1,540	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	18	1,933	18	1,933	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	330	2	330	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	2	462	2	462	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
MAINE												
Total	33	1,129	7	440	14	420	12	269	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	12	202	–	–	5	92	7	110	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	14	480	1	44	8	277	5	159	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	7	447	6	396	1	51	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
MARYLAND												
Total	66	5,340	36	3,534	23	1,179	5	429	2	198	–	–
Less than 25 beds	5	116	–	–	4	96	1	20	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	17	647	7	283	8	293	1	36	1	35	–	–
50 to 74 beds	14	813	6	344	6	357	2	112	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	12	1,022	8	689	4	333	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	10	1,142	9	1,042	1	100	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	4	634	3	471	–	–	–	–	1	163	–	–
200 beds or more	4	966	3	705	–	–	1	261	–	–	–	–
MASSACHUSETTS												
Total	163	11,199	87	6,924	61	2,723	14	1,384	–	–	1	168
Less than 25 beds	5	113	–	–	3	68	2	45	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	61	2,413	14	569	42	1,666	5	178	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	37	2,193	25	1,545	12	648	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	34	2,855	27	2,262	4	341	3	252	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	19	2,126	18	2,001	–	–	1	125	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	3	508	2	340	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	168
200 beds or more	4	991	1	207	–	–	3	784	–	–	–	–
MICHIGAN												
Total	174	15,891	104	10,128	39	2,758	24	2,133	5	800	2	72
Less than 25 beds	11	205	1	12	4	82	4	87	1	12	1	12
25 to 49 beds	33	1,277	10	431	12	448	11	398	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	42	2,514	28	1,702	8	475	4	215	1	62	1	60
75 to 99 beds	27	2,298	16	1,346	8	717	2	160	1	75	–	–
100 to 149 beds	39	4,555	34	3,931	5	624	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	14	2,359	11	1,843	1	182	1	168	1	166	–	–
200 beds or more	8	2,683	4	863	1	230	2	1,105	1	485	–	–
MINNESOTA												
Total	151	6,679	14	1,000	83	3,108	50	2,414	4	157	–	–
Less than 25 beds	47	856	1	22	33	606	13	228	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	62	2,259	4	162	34	1,220	20	720	4	157	–	–
50 to 74 beds	22	1,262	5	326	9	488	8	448	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	7	620	1	93	4	351	2	176	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	11	1,334	2	242	2	250	7	842	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	348	1	155	1	193	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
MISSISSIPPI												
Total	40	2,110	31	1,792	6	208	3	110	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	4	51	–	–	2	41	2	10	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	12	451	9	353	3	98	–	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	17	968	16	899	1	69	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	3	225	3	225	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	4	415	3	315	–	–	1	100	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
MISSOURI												
Total	83	4,647	12	1,449	49	2,601	19	552	1	20	2	25
Less than 25 beds	32	573	1	23	16	296	12	209	1	20	2	25
25 to 49 beds	18	709	2	90	11	434	5	185	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	14	823	4	233	9	532	1	58	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	9	776	–	–	9	776	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	580	2	257	2	223	1	100	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	340	–	–	2	340	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	3	846	3	846	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
MONTANA												
Total	33	874	2	78	14	398	15	363	2	35	–	–
Less than 25 beds	18	277	1	18	5	67	10	157	2	35	–	–
25 to 49 beds	12	391	–	–	8	275	4	116	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	2	116	1	60	1	56	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	1	90	–	–	–	–	1	90	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEBRASKA												
Total	42	2,150	9	849	14	352	16	679	3	270	–	–
Less than 25 beds	22	384	–	–	11	185	10	177	1	22	–	–
25 to 49 beds	2	82	–	–	1	48	1	34	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	9	523	3	178	2	119	3	174	1	52	–	–
75 to 99 beds	4	349	4	349	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	259	1	144	–	–	1	115	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	3	553	1	178	–	–	1	179	1	196	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEVADA												
Total	16	670	6	470	1	22	8	152	1	26	–	–
Less than 25 beds	7	114	1	24	1	22	5	68	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	5	141	1	31	–	–	3	84	1	26	–	–
50 to 74 beds	1	71	1	71	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	2	162	2	162	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	182	1	182	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW HAMPSHIRE												
Total	15	675	7	386	4	218	3	45	1	26	–	–
Less than 25 beds	4	65	–	–	1	20	3	45	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	6	234	3	110	2	98	–	–	1	26	–	–
50 to 74 beds	3	176	3	176	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	200	1	100	1	100	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW JERSEY												
Total	104	7,926	46	4,211	42	2,449	10	1,056	6	210	–	–
Less than 25 beds	2	28	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	28	–	–
25 to 49 beds	25	927	6	232	13	458	4	167	2	70	–	–
50 to 74 beds	35	1,997	10	582	22	1,249	1	54	2	112	–	–
75 to 99 beds	11	957	5	453	3	240	3	264	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	28	3,074	23	2,472	4	502	1	100	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	3	943	2	472	–	–	1	471	–	–	–	–
NEW MEXICO												
Total	26	1,598	14	828	5	236	7	534	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	4	79	2	41	–	–	2	38	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	7	221	3	97	2	56	2	68	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	9	532	6	352	3	180	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	2	182	1	92	–	–	1	90	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	3	394	2	246	–	–	1	148	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	1	190	–	–	–	–	1	190	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NEW YORK												
Total	294	33,825	224	26,174	20	1,589	28	2,893	20	3,127	2	42
Less than 25 beds	14	264	5	111	4	89	4	54	–	–	1	10
25 to 49 beds	53	2,073	32	1,290	4	162	13	473	3	116	1	32
50 to 74 beds	43	2,685	37	2,283	2	133	2	125	2	144	–	–
75 to 99 beds	53	4,462	40	3,372	6	504	3	259	4	327	–	–
100 to 149 beds	62	7,084	57	6,511	1	120	2	226	2	227	–	–
150 to 199 beds	34	5,810	28	4,802	2	322	–	–	4	686	–	–
200 beds or more	35	11,447	25	7,805	1	259	4	1,756	5	1,627	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
NORTH CAROLINA												
Total	57	4,381	36	3,369	5	279	13	569	3	164	–	–
Less than 25 beds	6	98	2	25	–	–	4	73	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	10	370	2	92	2	64	5	167	1	47	–	–
50 to 74 beds	17	1,025	14	855	1	53	–	–	2	117	–	–
75 to 99 beds	13	1,113	7	622	2	162	4	329	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	6	676	6	676	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	314	2	314	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	3	785	3	785	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NORTH OAKOTA												
Total	26	1,309	14	949	3	125	7	99	2	136	–	–
Less than 25 beds	7	69	–	–	1	5	6	64	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	6	237	4	167	–	–	1	35	1	35	–	–
50 to 74 beds	6	360	4	240	2	120	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	5	440	5	440	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	2	203	1	102	–	–	–	–	1	101	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
OHIO												
Total	221	16,679	165	13,555	24	1,138	19	1,240	11	650	2	96
Less than 25 beds	8	166	2	46	2	42	2	39	1	24	1	15
25 to 49 beds	58	2,228	33	1,294	11	393	10	375	4	166	–	–
50 to 74 beds	66	3,674	52	2,911	9	471	2	114	3	178	–	–
75 to 99 beds	38	3,364	32	2,879	1	76	2	172	2	156	1	81
100 to 149 beds	32	3,708	29	3,341	–	–	2	241	1	126	–	–
150 to 199 beds	13	2,096	12	1,940	1	156	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	6	1,443	5	1,144	–	–	1	299	–	–	–	–
OKLAHOMA												
Total	58	2,258	12	879	29	956	13	267	2	50	2	106
Less than 25 beds	23	410	–	–	9	173	12	199	1	20	1	18
25 to 49 beds	20	646	4	144	15	472	–	–	1	30	–	–
50 to 74 beds	9	513	4	237	4	208	1	68	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	3	246	2	158	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	88
100 to 149 beds	2	203	1	100	1	103	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	1	240	1	240	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
OREGON												
Total	101	4,829	28	2,251	48	1,951	22	518	1	57	2	52
Less than 25 beds	30	545	1	17	13	263	15	245	–	–	1	20
25 to 49 beds	32	1,175	2	89	23	853	6	201	–	–	1	32
50 to 74 beds	22	1,353	11	700	9	524	1	72	1	57	–	–
75 to 99 beds	10	835	8	680	2	155	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	5	576	5	576	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	2	345	1	189	1	156	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
PENNSYLVANIA												
Total	260	18,862	141	11,527	52	2,673	23	1,302	42	3,326	2	34
Less than 25 beds	34	593	7	144	12	199	7	103	6	113	2	34
25 to 49 beds	71	2,630	33	1,238	14	498	9	315	15	579	–	–
50 to 74 beds	69	4,077	37	2,204	18	1,000	5	325	9	548	–	–
75 to 99 beds	26	2,316	19	1,682	5	460	–	–	2	174	–	–
100 to 149 beds	39	4,500	33	3,819	1	103	1	113	4	465	–	–
150 to 199 beds	12	2,012	8	1,357	1	158	–	–	3	497	–	–
200 beds or more	9	2,734	4	1,083	1	255	1	446	3	950	–	–
RHODE ISLAND												
Total	28	1,442	13	881	12	496	3	65	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	4	82	–	–	2	46	2	36	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	10	381	1	49	8	303	1	29	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	9	563	8	501	1	62	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	4	316	3	231	1	85	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	1	100	1	100	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
SOUTH CAROLINA												
Total	62	4,318	55	3,965	3	206	4	147	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	20	776	16	629	–	–	4	147	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	12	709	10	586	2	123	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	19	1,620	18	1,537	1	83	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	11	1,213	11	1,213	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct port of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
SOUTH DAKOTA												
Total	22	1,348	12	982	5	291	5	75	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	5	63	—	—	1	19	4	44	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	6	222	3	125	2	66	1	31	—	—	—	—
50 to 74 beds	6	373	5	321	1	52	—	—	—	—	—	—
75 to 99 beds	3	236	3	236	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	154	—	—	1	154	—	—	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	1	300	1	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TENNESSEE												
Total	78	3,903	22	1,604	40	1,581	14	665	2	53	—	—
Less than 25 beds	18	268	—	—	13	211	4	33	1	24	—	—
25 to 49 beds	29	1,016	5	207	19	638	4	142	1	29	—	—
50 to 74 beds	19	1,077	10	565	5	306	4	206	—	—	—	—
75 to 99 beds	3	253	2	166	—	—	1	87	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	6	701	4	466	2	235	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	2	388	—	—	1	191	1	197	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	1	200	1	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TEXAS												
Total	338	18,407	141	9,670	147	6,369	34	1,605	15	747	1	16
Less than 25 beds	52	970	3	54	30	566	13	218	5	116	1	16
25 to 49 beds	104	3,793	34	1,306	59	2,100	8	297	3	90	—	—
50 to 74 beds	118	6,752	59	3,452	49	2,756	5	259	5	285	—	—
75 to 99 beds	29	2,525	19	1,671	4	331	5	441	1	82	—	—
100 to 149 beds	30	3,431	23	2,599	5	616	2	216	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	3	522	1	174	—	—	1	174	1	174	—	—
200 beds or more	2	414	2	414	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
UTAH												
Total	28	1,275	10	697	12	436	6	142	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	9	128	1	15	3	51	5	62	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	8	287	1	32	7	255	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 to 74 beds	6	374	4	244	2	130	—	—	—	—	—	—
75 to 99 beds	3	250	2	170	—	—	1	80	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	236	2	236	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VERMONT												
Total	13	607	7	453	4	90	2	64	—	—	—	—
Less than 25 beds	4	52	—	—	3	28	1	24	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	4	150	3	110	—	—	1	40	—	—	—	—
50 to 74 beds	3	175	2	113	1	62	—	—	—	—	—	—
75 to 99 beds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	230	2	230	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VIRGINIA												
Total	66	5,193	34	3,374	23	1,522	7	228	2	69	—	—
Less than 25 beds	8	144	—	—	4	88	4	56	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	21	860	11	460	7	289	1	42	2	69	—	—
50 to 74 beds	16	929	10	572	5	307	1	50	—	—	—	—
75 to 99 beds	4	335	2	166	1	89	1	80	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	12	1,389	7	808	5	581	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	3	512	2	344	1	168	—	—	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	2	1,024	2	1,024	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WASHINGTON												
Total	171	6,472	41	2,742	93	2,984	29	567	4	85	4	94
Less than 25 beds	65	969	7	146	31	534	22	216	2	29	3	44
25 to 49 beds	66	2,433	9	371	51	1,851	4	155	2	56	—	—
50 to 74 beds	24	1,352	10	593	11	599	2	110	—	—	1	50
75 to 99 beds	11	932	10	846	—	—	1	86	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	3	359	3	359	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	177	1	177	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	1	250	1	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEST VIRGINIA												
Total	31	1,488	23	1,158	1	36	5	184	1	50	1	60
Less than 25 beds	10	188	8	146	—	—	2	42	—	—	—	—
25 to 49 beds	10	360	7	249	1	36	2	75	—	—	—	—
50 to 74 beds	4	227	1	50	—	—	1	67	1	50	1	60
75 to 99 beds	4	337	4	337	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
100 to 149 beds	2	200	2	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
150 to 199 beds	1	176	1	176	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
200 beds or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.20 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE, REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE—Con.

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and bed size	All facilities		Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
WISCONSIN												
Total	202	11,019	36	2,790	116	6,068	46	2,023	2	89	2	49
Less than 25 beds	48	749	3	37	33	547	11	148	–	–	1	17
25 to 49 beds	66	2,261	7	269	38	1,272	18	599	2	89	1	32
50 to 74 beds	48	2,847	11	652	25	1,499	12	696	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	16	1,375	5	458	9	748	2	169	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	13	1,480	5	562	6	673	2	245	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	8	1,297	5	812	2	319	1	166	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	3	1,010	–	–	3	1,010	–	–	–	–	–	–
WYOMING												
Total	11	330	3	215	5	82	3	33	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	8	115	–	–	5	82	3	33	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	30	1	30	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	2	185	2	185	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
GUAM												
Total	1	33	–	–	–	–	1	33	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	1	33	–	–	–	–	1	33	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
PUERTO RICO												
Total	8	355	3	102	1	27	3	179	1	47	–	–
Less than 25 beds	1	18	1	18	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	5	186	1	32	1	27	2	80	1	47	–	–
50 to 74 beds	1	52	1	52	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	1	99	–	–	–	–	1	99	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
VIRGIN ISLANDS												
Total	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ALL OTHER AREAS												
Total	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Less than 25 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
25 to 49 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
50 to 74 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
75 to 99 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100 to 149 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
150 to 199 beds	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.21 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF FACILITY, FOR POPULATION SIZE GROUPS OF STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, AND FOR EACH AREA OF 500,000 POPULATION OR MORE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Standard metropolitan statistical area	All facilities			Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
ALL SMSA'S													
Total	3,543	271,881	22	2,159	194,023	907	44,305	308	22,146	141	10,330	28	1,077
1965 estimated population of:													
3,000,000 or more	896	83,265	23	667	65,552	142	7,624	39	6,160	40	3,631	8	298
1,000,000 to 3,000,000	999	73,877	22	575	51,284	289	14,567	97	5,900	28	1,824	10	302
500,000 to 1,000,000	686	53,319	23	408	36,819	180	8,624	58	4,414	35	3,223	5	239
250,000 to 500,000	520	34,125	20	280	22,720	153	7,326	62	2,913	22	997	3	169
100,000 to 250,000	392	24,397	21	206	15,818	126	5,519	44	2,394	15	634	1	32
50,000 to 100,000	50	2,898	17	23	1,830	17	645	8	365	1	21	1	37
SMSA'S OF 500,000 OR MORE													
Akron, Ohio	7	715	12	5	558	–	–	–	–	1	76	1	81
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	8	1,109	14	7	789	–	–	–	–	1	320	–	–
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.	12	875	15	4	205	4	319	2	105	2	246	–	–
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	60	5,482	59	55	5,249	2	51	3	182	–	–	–	–
Atlanta, Ga.	18	1,688	19	10	1,276	7	294	1	118	–	–	–	–
Baltimore, Md.	29	2,578	15	16	1,715	10	403	2	297	1	163	–	–
Birmingham, Ala.	17	983	13	13	792	3	151	1	40	–	–	–	–
Boston-Lowell-Lawrence, Mass., SEA	83	6,351	17	47	4,104	28	1,225	7	854	–	–	1	168
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Conn., SEA	31	2,797	39	27	2,331	2	131	2	335	–	–	–	–
Buffalo, N.Y.	15	1,611	12	15	1,611	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Chicago, Ill.	86	6,386	11	24	2,212	46	2,073	3	1,412	12	676	1	13
Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	46	3,334	26	36	2,766	9	537	1	31	–	–	–	–
Cleveland, Ohio	44	3,961	21	34	3,222	6	416	3	308	–	–	1	15
Columbus, Ohio	16	1,631	24	13	1,500	–	–	1	44	2	87	–	–
Dallas, Tex.	39	2,495	23	18	1,374	14	790	3	192	3	123	1	16
Dayton, Ohio	13	917	15	10	779	1	46	1	42	1	50	–	–
Denver, Colo.	48	3,661	40	26	2,737	16	727	5	173	–	–	1	24
Detroit, Mich.	65	6,544	20	39	4,027	22	1,456	2	883	1	166	1	12
Fort Worth, Tex.	31	1,492	27	8	596	22	722	1	174	–	–	–	–
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	4	411	10	4	411	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Grand Rapids, Mich.	9	903	19	6	761	1	28	–	–	2	114	–	–
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C	12	1,368	29	6	628	2	137	1	31	3	572	–	–
Hartford-New Britain-Bristol, Conn., SEA	42	3,747	50	35	3,085	5	447	–	–	2	215	–	–
Honolulu, Hawaii	12	1,055	35	8	774	–	–	2	219	2	62	–	–
Houston, Tex.	45	2,930	26	19	1,544	18	965	5	320	3	101	–	–
Indianapolis, Ind.	17	872	9	4	224	11	523	1	31	1	94	–	–
Jersey City, N.J.	6	601	9	2	365	3	193	1	43	–	–	–	–
Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.	19	802	7	1	42	10	568	7	180	–	–	1	12
Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.	384	32,623	52	356	31,164	12	602	14	799	1	29	1	29
Louisville, Ky.-Ind.	12	1,109	15	5	537	6	518	1	54	–	–	–	–
Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.	13	940	15	5	469	4	362	3	85	1	24	–	–
Miami, Fla.	28	1,710	11	11	937	15	682	1	31	–	–	1	60
Milwaukee, Wis.	44	2,591	20	7	657	31	1,670	4	202	1	45	1	17
Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	54	2,934	19	6	571	36	1,505	11	818	1	40	–	–
Nashville, Tenn.	12	1,079	23	6	599	3	214	2	237	1	29	–	–
New Haven-Meriden-Waterbury, Conn., SEA	50	3,489	46	44	2,989	3	259	1	186	2	55	–	–
New Orleans, La.	12	1,099	13	10	1,055	1	15	1	29	–	–	–	–
New York, N.Y.	182	23,981	19	147	18,813	12	1,116	9	2,077	12	1,933	2	42
Newark, N.J.	26	1,842	10	10	1,020	11	564	2	138	3	120	–	–
Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.	12	1,599	42	9	1,409	3	190	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oklahoma City, Okla.	9	627	12	2	322	6	217	–	–	–	–	1	88
Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa	13	841	18	1	80	6	155	5	410	1	196	–	–
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	12	1,234	10	8	595	2	91	2	548	–	–	–	–
Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.	96	7,380	16	54	5,232	22	1,152	4	135	14	827	2	34
Phoenix, Ariz.	24	1,363	17	16	1,146	5	172	3	45	–	–	–	–
Pittsburgh, Pa.	33	2,876	12	17	1,394	7	463	4	275	5	744	–	–
Portland, Oreg.-Wash.	44	2,494	23	16	1,372	22	911	4	159	–	–	2	52
Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I., SEA	21	1,188	13	10	713	10	446	1	29	–	–	–	–
Rochester, N.Y.	14	1,661	19	8	1,067	2	258	1	40	3	296	–	–
Sacramento, Calif.	46	4,064	66	40	3,556	–	–	6	508	–	–	–	–
St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.	43	3,178	14	7	1,261	28	1,588	6	296	1	20	1	13
Salt Lake City, Utah	11	720	20	6	520	5	200	–	–	–	–	–	–
San Antonio, Tex.	21	1,347	22	6	424	10	497	4	252	1	174	–	–
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.	65	4,773	40	59	4,483	1	34	5	256	–	–	–	–
San Diego, Calif.	55	5,074	45	44	4,311	3	322	7	420	–	–	1	21
San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	155	11,232	39	134	10,101	2	127	14	759	4	134	1	111
San Jose, Calif.	47	3,972	64	36	3,421	2	76	5	365	4	110	–	–
Seattle-Everett, Wash.	53	2,290	19	11	1,022	33	987	7	259	1	9	1	13
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass., SEA	11	806	13	3	262	4	166	4	378	–	–	–	–
Syracuse, N.Y.	7	974	16	4	476	–	–	–	–	3	498	–	–
Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	48	2,954	16	19	1,876	25	949	2	96	1	15	1	18
Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	14	1,143	18	6	491	5	188	2	404	1	60	–	–
Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.	39	3,630	24	17	2,117	16	1,245	2	37	4	231	–	–
Worcester, Mass., SEA	26	1,467	20	11	769	14	617	1	81	–	–	–	–
Youngstown-Warren, Ohio	11	878	18	7	747	2	55	1	52	1	24	–	–

Table 3.22 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF FACILITY, REGION, DIVISION, STATE, AND METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN LOCATION

(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan location	All facilities			Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospitol		Unit of domiciliory institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
United States	5,620	376,881	19	3,121	258,172	1,478	66,742	799	37,663	188	13,053	34	1,251
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	2,879	222,527	22	1,772	158,588	718	35,335	254	19,000	116	8,848	19	756
Without central city	665	49,399	20	387	35,435	190	9,015	54	3,146	25	1,482	9	321
Nonmetropolitan counties	2,076	104,955	14	962	64,149	570	22,392	491	15,517	47	2,723	6	174
Northeast	1,075	88,268	17	676	61,798	222	11,645	98	7,599	74	6,982	5	244
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	579	53,922	18	378	37,569	112	6,720	44	4,865	44	4,758	1	10
Without central city	256	21,193	18	164	15,472	58	2,906	12	1,325	18	1,256	4	234
Nonmetropolitan counties	240	13,153	13	134	8,757	52	2,019	42	1,409	12	968	–	–
North Central	1,389	81,692	14	457	38,602	580	26,120	287	13,087	54	3,563	11	320
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	594	43,248	16	235	22,081	256	12,355	67	6,254	31	2,406	5	152
Without central city	130	7,484	12	41	3,831	62	2,742	20	758	4	110	3	43
Nonmetropolitan counties	665	30,960	12	181	12,690	262	11,023	200	6,075	19	1,047	3	125
South	1,463	91,808	16	830	63,383	417	19,032	173	7,270	36	1,804	7	319
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	604	42,316	18	304	26,909	222	11,025	49	2,889	23	1,192	6	301
Without central city	140	10,358	23	79	7,433	48	2,502	10	307	3	116	--	--
Nonmetropolitan counties	719	39,134	13	447	29,041	147	5,505	114	4,074	10	496	1	18
West	1,693	115,113	38	1,158	94,389	259	9,945	241	9,707	24	704	11	368
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	1,102	83,041	40	855	72,029	128	5,235	94	4,992	18	492	7	293
Without central city	139	10,364	59	103	8,699	22	865	12	756	–	–	2	44
Nonmetropolitan counties	452	21,708	28	200	13,661	109	3,845	135	3,959	6	212	2	31
New England	417	27,655	22	265	19,886	108	4,934	37	2,348	6	319	1	168
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	258	18,513	26	175	13,473	63	3,276	16	1,494	4	270	–	--
Without central city	66	4,769	17	37	3,119	23	981	5	501	–	–	1	168
Nonmetropolitan counties	93	4,373	16	53	3,294	22	677	16	353	2	49	–	--
Middle Atlantic	658	60,613	16	411	41,912	114	6,711	61	5,251	68	6,663	4	76
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	321	35,409	16	203	24,096	49	3,444	28	3,371	40	4,488	1	10
Without central city	190	16,424	18	127	12,353	35	1,925	7	824	18	1,256	3	66
Nonmetropolitan counties	147	8,780	12	81	5,463	30	1,342	26	1,056	10	919	–	-
East North Central	894	60,211	16	370	31,860	354	17,436	124	7,946	38	2,705	8	264
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	435	34,249	17	212	19,613	168	8,423	28	4,115	23	1,958	4	140
Without central city	99	6,128	13	39	3,649	42	1,923	12	416	4	110	2	30
Nonmetropolitan counties	360	19,834	16	119	8,598	144	7,090	84	3,415	11	637	2	94
West North Central	495	21,481	11	87	6,742	226	8,684	163	5,141	16	858	3	56
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	159	8,999	16	23	2,468	88	3,932	39	2,139	8	448	1	12
Without central city	31	1,356	9	2	182	20	819	8	342	–	–	1	13
Nonmetropolitan counties	305	11,126	9	62	4,092	118	3,933	116	2,660	8	410	1	31
South Atlantic	606	42,024	15	365	30,230	163	8,071	61	2,772	13	754	4	197
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	254	19,256	16	132	12,903	92	4,551	18	1,055	8	550	4	197
Without central city	76	6,458	24	46	4,865	26	1,472	2	55	2	66	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	276	16,310	12	187	12,462	45	2,048	41	1,662	3	138	–	–
East South Central	306	18,312	15	189	13,059	70	3,344	43	1,751	4	158	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	91	6,655	18	58	4,598	25	1,613	5	336	3	108	–	–
Without central city	23	1,655	22	13	1,051	7	491	3	113	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	192	10,002	13	118	7,410	38	1,240	35	1,302	1	50	–	–
West South Central	551	31,472	18	276	20,094	184	7,617	69	2,747	19	892	3	122
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	259	16,405	21	114	9,408	105	4,861	26	1,498	12	534	2	104
Without central city	41	2,245	20	20	1,517	15	539	5	139	1	50	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	251	12,822	14	142	9,169	64	2,217	38	1,110	6	308	1	18
Mountain	307	16,812	25	142	11,214	89	3,311	70	2,155	4	71	2	61
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	106	6,269	20	57	4,480	31	1,212	15	493	2	47	1	37
Without central city	37	2,958	85	22	2,342	11	506	3	86	–	–	1	24
Nonmetropolitan counties	164	7,585	23	63	4,392	47	1,593	52	1,576	2	24	–	–
Pacific	1,386	98,301	42	1,016	83,175	170	6,634	171	7,552	20	633	9	307
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	996	76,772	44	798	67,549	97	4,023	79	4,499	16	445	6	256
Without central city	102	7,406	53	81	6,357	11	359	9	670	–	–	1	20
Nonmetropolitan counties	288	14,123	32	137	9,269	62	2,252	83	2,383	4	188	2	31

Table 3.22 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF FACILITY, REGION, DIVISION, STATE, AND METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN LOCATION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan location	All facilities			Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
Alabama	106	7,135	22	89	6,321	7	395	9	364	1	55	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	38	2,646	21	30	2,196	7	395	–	–	1	55	–	–
Without central city	10	753	29	8	680	–	–	2	73	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	58	3,736	23	51	3,445	–	–	7	291	–	–	–	–
Alaska[1]	11	225	36	2	95	–	–	7	39	2	91	–	–
Arizona	49	2,726	18	28	2,071	9	325	12	330	–	–	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	38	2,238	20	26	1,852	7	275	5	111	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	11	488	14	2	219	2	50	7	219	–	–	–	–
Arkansas	57	3,448	15	35	2,595	5	176	16	607	1	70	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	13	747	16	7	534	3	101	3	112	–	–	–	–
Without central city	2	274	28	2	274	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	42	2,427	14	26	1,787	2	75	13	495	1	70	–	–
California	1,087	85,419	49	936	77,189	29	1,699	108	6,032	11	338	3	161
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	850	69,513	48	753	63,972	24	1,394	60	3,688	10	298	3	161
Without central city	84	6,480	62	74	5,782	1	28	9	670	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	153	9,426	45	109	7,435	4	277	39	1,674	1	40	–	–
Colorado	98	6,543	35	52	4,696	32	1,472	12	341	1	10	1	24
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	24	1,312	15	9	761	11	441	4	110	–	–	–	–
Without central city	37	2,958	93	22	2,342	11	506	3	86	–	–	1	24
Nonmetropolitan counties	37	2,273	33	21	1,593	10	525	5	145	1	10	–	–
Connecticut	165	12,603	44	144	10,802	13	987	3	521	5	293	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	138	11,002	46	120	9,314	11	897	3	521	4	270	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	27	1,601	38	24	1,488	2	90	–	–	1	23	–	–
Delaware	9	499	11	2	161	4	185	1	60	2	93	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	7	429	15	2	161	3	165	1	60	1	43	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	2	70	5	–	–	1	20	–	–	1	50	–	–
District of Columbia	8	1,088	16	4	564	1	342	1	17	2	165	–	–
Florida	199	11,714	13	92	7,269	92	3,885	11	408	1	15	3	137
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	131	8,272	14	59	5,231	61	2,584	7	305	1	15	3	137
Without central city	3	124	15	1	50	2	74	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	65	3,318	11	32	1,988	29	1,227	4	103	–	–	–	–
Georgia	108	8,003	22	83	6,836	11	437	14	730	–	–	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	25	2,254	18	16	1,764	7	324	2	166	–	–	–	–
Without central city	9	712	33	8	694	1	18	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	74	5,037	24	59	4,378	3	95	12	564	–	–	–	–
Hawaii	16	1,356	32	9	898	–	–	5	396	2	62	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	12	1,055	35	8	774	–	–	2	219	2	62	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	4	301	23	1	124	–	–	3	177	–	–	–	–
Idaho	46	2,796	41	27	2,159	11	340	7	260	–	–	1	37
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	4	344	34	3	307	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	37
Nonmetropolitan counties	42	2,452	43	24	1,852	11	340	7	260	–	–	–	–
Illinois	195	11,394	10	42	3,310	110	4,941	24	2,101	17	995	2	47
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	93	6,612	11	22	2,077	58	2,470	4	1,469	9	596	–	–
Without central city	34	1,628	10	8	558	14	651	7	296	4	110	1	13
Nonmetropolitan counties	68	3,154	10	12	675	38	1,820	13	336	4	289	1	34
Indiana	102	5,228	11	23	2,077	65	2,531	11	449	3	171	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	43	2,690	13	12	1,298	25	1,035	5	263	1	94	–	–
Without central city	16	730	12	3	277	11	406	2	47	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	43	1,808	9	8	502	29	1,090	4	139	2	77	–	–
Iowa	95	3,783	11	23	1,294	41	1,453	24	730	6	275	1	31
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	23	975	11	5	195	10	417	5	242	3	121	–	–
Without central city	1	28	3	–	–	1	28	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	71	2,780	11	18	1,099	30	1,008	19	488	3	154	1	31
Kansas	76	1,565	6	3	219	31	754	42	592	–	–	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	17	552	13	2	148	13	329	2	75	–	–	–	–
Without central city	5	138	4	–	–	1	20	4	118	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	54	875	5	1	71	17	405	36	399	–	–	–	–

[1]Contains no metropolitan counties.

Table 3.22 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES, BEDS, AND BEDS PER 1,000 ENROLLED POPULATION, BY TYPE OF FACILITY, REGION, DIVISION, STATE, AND METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN LOCATION—Con.

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, State, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan location	All facilities			Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
Kentucky	82	5,164	15	47	3,342	17	1,160	17	612	1	50	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	15	1,355	17	9	869	5	432	1	54	–	–	–	–
Without central city	6	614	21	3	282	3	332	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	61	3,195	14	35	2,191	9	396	16	558	1	50	–	–
Louisiana	98	7,359	25	88	6,950	3	116	6	268	1	25	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	33	2,949	23	30	2,811	1	50	1	63	1	25	–	–
Without central city	11	703	30	8	631	1	15	2	57	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	54	3,707	25	50	3,508	1	51	3	148	–	–	–	–
Maine	33	1,129	10	7	440	14	420	12	269	–	–	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	7	254	7	1	72	4	133	2	49	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	26	875	10	6	368	10	287	10	220	–	–	–	–
Maryland	66	5,340	19	36	3,534	23	1,179	5	429	2	198	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	15	1,565	17	7	898	5	207	2	297	1	163	–	–
Without central city	37	2,949	23	19	2,057	16	837	1	20	1	35	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	14	826	13	10	579	2	135	2	112	–	–	–	–
Massachusetts	163	11,199	18	87	6,924	61	2,723	14	1,384	–	–	1	168
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	90	5,934	19	44	3,351	37	1,700	9	883	–	–	–	–
Without central city	65	4,692	16	36	3,042	23	981	5	501	–	–	1	168
Nonmetropoliton counties	8	573	21	7	531	1	42	–	–	–	–	–	–
Michigan	174	15,891	21	104	10,128	39	2,758	24	2,133	5	800	2	72
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	88	9,266	22	55	5,406	23	1,966	4	1,082	5	800	1	12
Without central city	21	1,932	16	13	1,590	8	342	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	65	4,693	21	36	3,132	8	450	20	1,051	–	–	1	60
Minnesota	151	6,679	16	14	1,000	83	3,108	50	2,414	4	157	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	61	3,428	20	6	633	36	1,551	17	1,155	2	89	–	–
Without central city	5	167	13	1	60	3	81	1	26	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	85	3,084	14	7	307	44	1,476	32	1,233	2	68	–	–
Mississippi	40	2,110	10	31	1,792	6	208	3	110	–	–	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	9	520	20	8	483	1	37	–	–	–	–	–	–
Without central city	2	89	36	2	89	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropolitan counties	29	1,501	8	21	1,220	5	171	3	110	–	–	–	–
Missouri	83	4,647	8	12	1,449	49	2,601	19	552	1	20	2	25
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	36	2,672	14	6	1,073	21	1,395	7	172	1	20	1	12
Without central city	19	1,003	10	1	122	14	670	3	198	–	–	1	13
Nonmetropoliton counties	28	972	4	5	254	14	536	9	182	–	–	–	–
Montono	33	874	13	2	78	14	398	15	363	2	35	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	7	293	22	1	60	3	102	2	110	1	21	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	26	581	10	1	18	11	296	13	253	1	14	–	–
Nebrosko	42	2,150	12	9	849	14	352	16	679	3	270	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	19	1,205	23	3	344	6	148	8	495	2	218	–	–
Without central city	1	20	7	–	–	1	20	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	22	925	7	6	505	7	184	8	184	1	52	–	–
Nevodo	16	670	23	6	470	1	22	8	152	1	26	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	8	524	24	6	470	–	–	1	28	1	26	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	8	146	19	–	–	1	22	7	124	–	–	–	–
New Hompshire	15	675	8	7	386	4	218	3	45	1	26	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	3	212	9	1	100	1	100	1	12	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	12	463	8	6	286	3	118	2	33	1	26	–	–
New Jersey	104	7,926	12	46	4,211	42	2,449	10	1,056	6	210	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	33	2,660	9	13	1,413	14	851	5	351	1	45	–	–
Without central city	43	3,423	14	23	2,023	13	724	2	511	5	165	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	28	1,843	12	10	775	15	874	3	194	–	–	–	–
New Mexico	26	1,598	23	14	828	5	236	7	534	–	–	–	–
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	6	492	26	4	398	1	60	1	34	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	20	1,106	22	10	430	4	176	6	500	–	–	–	–
New York	294	33,825	17	224	26,174	20	1,589	28	2,893	20	3,127	2	42
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	166	22,852	18	130	16,889	9	955	8	1,961	19	3,047	–	–
Without central city	74	7,650	20	61	6,830	7	482	4	296	–	–	2	42
Nonmetropoliton counties	54	3,323	12	33	2,455	4	152	16	636	1	80	–	–
North Corolino	57	4,381	11	36	3,369	5	279	13	569	3	164	–	–
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	25	2,449	21	15	1,880	5	279	2	126	3	164	–	–
Without central city	3	132	8	3	132	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nonmetropoliton counties	29	1,800	7	18	1,357	–	–	11	443	–	–	–	–

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(See NOTES preceding General Tables)

Region, division, State, and metropolitan-nonmetropoliton location	All facilities			Skilled nursing facility		Distinct part of skilled nursing facility		Unit of hospital		Unit of domiciliary institution		Other	
	Number	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrolled population	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds	Number	Beds
North Dakota	26	1,309	10	14	949	3	125	7	99	2	136	—	—
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	1	56	8	—	—	1	56	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	25	1,253	11	14	949	2	69	7	99	2	136	—	—
Ohio	221	16,679	17	165	13,555	24	1,138	19	1,240	11	650	2	96
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	149	12,163	19	111	9,800	19	926	10	918	7	423	2	96
Without central city	18	1,264	14	13	1,072	3	125	2	67	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	54	3,252	12	41	2,683	2	87	7	255	4	227	—	—
Oklahoma	58	2,258	8	12	879	29	956	13	267	2	50	2	106
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	18	1,059	13	5	505	10	428	1	18	1	20	1	88
Without central city	3	75	3	—	—	2	57	1	18	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropolitan counties	37	1,124	6	7	374	17	471	11	231	1	30	1	18
Oregon	101	4,829	22	28	2,251	48	1,951	22	518	1	57	2	52
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	43	2,399	22	15	1,227	21	928	6	212	—	—	1	32
Without central city	13	778	32	7	575	5	183	—	—	—	—	1	20
Nonmetropoliton counties	45	1,652	19	6	449	22	840	16	306	1	57	—	—
Pennsylvania	260	18,862	15	141	11,527	52	2,673	23	1,302	42	3,326	2	34
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	122	9,897	14	60	5,794	26	1,638	15	1,059	20	1,396	1	10
Without central city	73	5,351	20	43	3,500	15	719	1	17	13	1,091	1	24
Nonmetropoliton counties	65	3,614	13	38	2,233	11	316	7	226	9	839	—	—
Rhode Island	28	1,442	14	13	881	12	496	3	65	—	—	—	—
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	20	1,111	13	9	636	10	446	1	29	—	—	—	—
Without central city	1	77	20	1	77	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	7	254	19	3	168	2	50	2	36	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	62	4,318	23	55	3,965	3	206	4	147	—	—	—	—
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	11	872	19	10	812	1	60	—	—	—	—	—	—
Without central city	8	605	35	8	605	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	43	2,841	23	37	2,548	2	146	4	147	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	22	1,348	17	12	982	5	291	5	75	—	—	—	—
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	2	111	11	1	75	1	36	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	20	1,237	17	11	907	4	255	5	75	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	78	3,903	10	22	1,604	40	1,581	14	665	2	53	—	—
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	29	2,134	15	11	1,050	12	749	4	282	2	53	—	—
Without central city	5	199	11	—	—	4	159	1	40	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	44	1,570	7	11	554	24	673	9	343	—	—	—	—
Texas	338	18,407	19	141	9,670	147	6,369	34	1,605	15	747	1	16
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	195	11,650	23	72	5,558	91	4,282	21	1,305	10	489	1	16
Without central city	25	1,193	21	10	612	12	467	2	64	1	50	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	118	5,564	14	59	3,500	44	1,620	11	236	4	208	—	—
Utah	28	1,275	17	10	697	12	436	6	142	—	—	—	—
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	19	1,066	21	8	632	9	334	2	100	—	—	—	—
Without central city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropolitan counties	9	209	10	2	65	3	102	4	42	—	—	—	—
Vermont[1]	13	607	12	7	453	4	90	2	64	—	—	—	—
Virginia	66	5,193	15	34	3,374	23	1,522	7	228	2	69	—	—
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	22	1,778	18	13	1,182	8	554	1	42	—	—	—	—
Without central city	15	1,901	30	7	1,327	7	543	—	—	1	31	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	29	1,514	8	14	865	8	425	6	186	1	38	—	—
Washington	171	6,472	20	41	2,742	93	2,984	29	567	4	85	4	94
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	91	3,805	21	22	1,576	52	1,701	11	380	4	85	2	63
Without central city	5	148	13	—	—	5	148	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropolitan counties	75	2,519	21	19	1,166	36	1,135	18	187	—	—	2	31
West Virginia	31	1,488	8	23	1,158	1	36	5	184	1	50	1	60
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	10	549	11	6	411	1	36	2	42	—	—	1	60
Without central city	1	35	5	—	—	—	—	1	35	—	—	—	—
Nonmetropoliton counties	20	904	6	17	747	—	—	2	107	1	50	—	—
Wisconsin	202	11,019	23	36	2,790	116	6,068	46	2,023	2	89	2	49
Metropoliton counties:													
With central city	62	3,518	20	12	1,032	43	2,026	5	383	1	45	1	32
Without central city	10	574	25	2	152	6	399	1	6	—	—	1	17
Nonmetropolitan counties	130	6,927	26	22	1,606	67	3,643	40	1,634	1	44	—	—
Wyoming[1]	11	330	11	3	215	5	82	3	33	—	—	—	—
Puerto Rico	8	355	2	3	102	1	27	3	179	1	47	—	—
Metropolitan counties:													
With central city	5	200	4	2	84	1	27	1	42	1	47	—	—
Nonmetropolitan counties	3	155	2	1	18	—	—	2	137	—	—	—	—

[1]Contains no metropoliton counties.

Table 3.23 FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY TYPE OF FACILITY, BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF FACILITIES REPORTING EACH SERVICE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of facility and services	All facilities	Percent of total	Bed-size						
			Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 74	75 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 or more
ALL FACILITIES									
Total	5,629	100.0	817	1,565	1,419	852	657	198	121
Number reporting:									
Nursing	5,629	100.0	817	1,565	1,419	852	657	198	121
Physical therapy	4,348	77.2	586	1,194	1,049	671	561	173	114
Occupational therapy	2,185	38.8	204	589	500	389	316	110	77
Speech therapy	2,005	35.6	183	518	460	366	305	101	72
Social services	3,730	66.3	419	1,022	938	589	493	163	106
Recreational activities	5,141	91.3	640	1,448	1,323	803	620	191	116
Pharmacy	3,060	54.4	468	816	693	473	381	137	92
Clinical laboratory	2,710	48.1	450	738	582	416	323	114	87
X-ray, diagnostic	2,648	47.0	448	716	575	400	310	116	83
Examination and treatment room	4,536	80.6	635	1,203	1,117	707	578	179	117
SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES									
Total	3,124	100.0	86	609	920	701	568	154	86
Number reporting:									
Nursing	3,124	100.0	86	609	920	701	568	154	86
Physical therapy	2,328	74.5	56	412	630	539	476	135	80
Occupational therapy	1,235	39.5	20	201	306	309	264	86	49
Speech therapy	1,183	37.9	22	190	279	294	262	86	50
Social services	2,086	66.8	44	369	573	483	418	126	73
Recreational activities	2,911	93.2	78	557	850	661	533	148	84
Pharmacy	1,588	50.8	39	286	414	369	320	102	58
Clinical laboratory	1,340	42.9	34	243	338	317	267	86	55
X-ray, diagnostic	1,295	41.5	32	236	330	308	254	84	51
Examination and treatment room	2,422	77.5	45	396	687	581	494	137	82
DISTINCT PART OF SKILLED NURSING FACILITY									
Total	1,479	100.0	366	610	342	89	44	20	8
Number reporting:									
Nursing	1,479	100.0	366	610	342	89	44	20	8
Physical therapy	1,213	82.0	275	508	290	75	42	16	7
Occupational therapy	595	40.2	118	263	131	44	24	9	6
Speech therapy	535	36.2	98	229	134	41	22	6	5
Social services	1,041	70.4	214	444	259	63	37	16	8
Recreational activities	1,406	95.1	336	589	325	85	43	20	8
Pharmacy	733	49.6	165	293	171	60	23	14	7
Clinical laboratory	587	39.7	114	246	139	52	23	7	6
X-ray, diagnostic	574	38.8	114	230	142	47	23	11	7
Examination and treatment room	1,207	81.6	276	500	295	68	41	19	8
UNIT OF HOSPITAL									
Total	803	100.0	312	266	115	49	35	9	17
Number reporting:									
Nursing	803	100.0	312	266	115	49	35	9	17
Physical therapy	632	78.7	222	207	98	46	34	8	17
Occupational therapy	265	33.0	55	86	49	30	23	7	15
Speech therapy	222	27.6	54	72	39	27	16	3	11
Social services	451	56.2	137	151	77	33	29	8	16
Recreational activities	629	78.3	189	228	109	45	35	9	14
Pharmacy	615	76.6	243	195	86	36	29	9	17
Clinical laboratory	670	83.4	283	211	85	39	26	9	17
X-ray, diagnostic	673	83.8	286	212	85	39	26	9	16
Examination and treatment room	733	91.3	283	241	103	46	34	9	17
UNIT OF DOMICILIARY INSTITUTION									
Total	189	100.0	35	73	37	11	9	14	10
Number reporting:									
Nursing	189	100.0	35	73	37	11	9	14	10
Physical therapy	158	83.6	28	61	27	9	9	14	10
Occupational therapy	78	41.3	9	34	10	5	5	8	7
Speech therapy	57	30.2	8	24	6	2	5	6	6
Social services	140	74.1	21	53	26	9	9	13	9
Recreational activities	179	94.7	32	69	35	10	9	14	10
Pharmacy	114	60.3	17	39	20	7	9	12	10
Clinical laboratory	103	54.5	16	35	18	6	7	12	9
X-ray, diagnostic	97	51.3	14	35	16	4	7	12	9
Examination and treatment room	166	87.8	28	64	30	11	9	14	10
OTHER									
Total	34	100.0	18	7	5	2	1	1	–
Number reporting:									
Nursing	34	100.0	18	7	5	2	1	1	–
Physical therapy	17	50.0	5	6	4	2	–	–	–
Occupational therapy	12	35.3	2	5	4	1	–	–	–
Speech therapy	8	23.5	1	3	2	2	–	–	–
Social services	12	35.3	3	5	3	1	–	–	–
Recreational activities	16	47.1	5	5	4	2	–	–	–
Pharmacy	10	29.4	4	3	2	1	–	–	–
Clinical laboratory	10	29.4	3	3	2	2	–	–	–
X-ray, diagnostic	9	26.5	2	3	2	2	–	–	–
Examination and treatment room	8	23.5	3	2	2	1	–	–	–

Table 3.24 FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY CONTROL, BED SIZE, AND NUMBER OF FACILITIES REPORTING EACH SERVICE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of control and services	All facilities	Percent of total	Bed-size						
			Less than 25	25 to 49	50 to 74	75 to 99	100 to 149	150 to 199	200 or more
ALL FACILITIES									
Total	5,629	100.0	817	1,565	1,419	852	657	198	121
Number reporting:									
Nursing	5,629	100.0	817	1,565	1,419	852	657	198	121
Physical therapy	4,348	77.2	586	1,194	1,049	671	561	173	114
Occupational therapy	2,185	38.8	204	589	500	389	316	110	77
Speech therapy	2,005	35.6	183	518	460	366	305	101	72
Social services	3,730	66.3	419	1,022	938	589	493	163	106
Recreational activities	5,141	91.3	640	1,448	1,323	803	620	191	116
Pharmacy	3,060	54.4	468	816	693	473	381	137	92
Clinical laboratory	2,710	48.1	450	738	582	416	323	114	87
X-ray,diagnostic	2,648	47.0	448	716	575	400	310	116	83
Examination and treatment room	4,536	80.6	635	1,203	1,117	707	578	179	117
VOLUNTARY FACILITIES									
Total	1,180	100.0	306	396	239	99	80	38	22
Number reporting:									
Nursing	1,180	100.0	306	396	239	99	80	38	22
Physical therapy	937	79.4	223	308	199	78	72	35	22
Occupational therapy	473	40.1	74	166	96	52	48	20	17
Speech therapy	336	28.5	62	116	60	40	31	14	13
Social services	760	64.4	157	250	166	69	64	35	19
Recreational activities	1,041	88.2	218	363	227	97	78	37	21
Pharmacy	726	61.5	204	221	139	63	51	28	20
Clinical laboratory	680	57.6	207	217	120	53	45	23	15
X-ray,diagnostic	686	58.1	208	217	125	51	44	24	17
Examination and treatment room	1,008	85.4	248	333	203	92	75	36	21
PROPRIETARY FACILITIES									
Total	3,946	100.0	387	1,015	1,097	708	540	137	62
Number reporting:									
Nursing	3,946	100.0	387	1,015	1,097	708	540	137	62
Physical therapy	3,067	77.7	292	791	794	553	458	122	57
Occupational therapy	1,541	39.1	113	386	376	308	247	79	32
Speech therapy	1,552	39.3	106	378	379	310	261	80	38
Social services	2,681	67.9	217	698	719	489	396	109	53
Recreational activities	3,695	93.6	351	954	1,019	667	510	133	61
Pharmacy	1,985	50.3	181	506	500	371	301	89	37
Clinical laboratory	1,678	42.5	141	429	413	326	255	75	39
X-ray,diagnostic	1,615	40.9	135	408	403	313	244	75	37
Examination and treatment room	3,079	78.0	278	736	845	573	468	120	59
STATE AND LOCAL FACILITIES									
Total	503	100.0	124	154	83	45	37	23	37
Number reporting:									
Nursing	503	100.0	124	154	83	45	37	23	37
Physical therapy	344	68.4	71	95	56	40	31	16	35
Occupational therapy	171	34.0	17	37	28	29	21	11	28
Speech therapy	117	23.3	15	24	21	16	13	7	21
Social services	289	57.5	45	74	53	31	33	19	34
Recreational activities	405	80.5	71	131	77	39	32	21	34
Pharmacy	349	69.4	83	89	54	39	29	20	35
Clinical laboratory	352	70.0	102	92	49	37	23	16	33
X-ray,diagnostic	347	69.0	105	91	47	36	22	17	29
Examination and treatment room	449	89.3	109	134	69	42	35	23	37

Table 3.25 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES, BEDS, AND PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EMPLOYEES BY JOB CATEGORY, AND REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Region, division, and State	All facilities		Professional and technical employees							
	Number	Beds	Registered professional nurses	Licensed practical nurses	Physical therapists	Occupational therapists	Speech therapists	Registered pharmacists	Qualified social workers	Other social workers
All areas	5,629	377,269	27,182	26,118	2,269	905	433	1,555	1,272	1,962
United States	5,620	376,881	27,136	26,049	2,259	903	433	1,552	1,268	1,958
Northeast	1,075	88,268	8,264	6,791	454	194	121	235	301	476
North Central	1,389	81,692	7,152	5,943	751	322	148	501	439	679
South	1,463	91,808	4,879	7,682	577	140	77	459	310	503
West	1,693	115,113	6,841	5,633	477	248	87	357	218	300
Northeast:										
New England	417	27,655	3,127	1,822	191	59	57	87	87	172
Middle Atlantic	658	60,613	5,138	4,969	262	135	64	149	215	304
North Central:										
East North Central	894	60,211	4,509	4,173	518	257	131	350	319	561
West North Central	495	21,481	2,643	1,771	233	65	18	151	119	118
South:										
South Atlantic	606	42,024	2,713	2,898	339	92	55	216	158	222
East South Central	306	18,312	740	1,647	80	9	5	101	36	55
West South Central	551	31,472	1,426	3,137	159	38	17	142	116	226
West:										
Mountain	307	16,812	1,419	1,266	166	50	25	153	69	79
Pacific	1,386	98,301	5,422	4,367	311	198	62	204	149	221
New England:										
Maine	33	1,129	158	101	18	4	1	11	6	8
New Hampshire	15	675	86	62	4	1	1	3	–	1
Vermont	13	607	88	53	5	2	–	3	4	1
Massachusetts	163	11,199	1,250	685	25	21	12	14	19	50
Rhode Island	28	1,442	134	169	18	3	2	14	10	6
Connecticut	165	12,603	1,409	752	122	29	42	42	48	107
Middle Atlantic:										
New York	294	33,825	2,744	3,067	201	109	48	92	165	223
New Jersey	104	7,926	738	369	29	10	8	22	23	34
Pennsylvania	260	18,862	1,656	1,533	33	16	8	35	27	48
East North Central:										
Ohio	221	16,679	1,040	1,168	110	28	30	81	58	130
Indiana	102	5,228	527	316	35	8	7	17	27	107
Illinois	195	11,394	982	1,003	141	96	52	95	101	92
Michigan	174	15,891	875	1,070	122	60	28	93	58	171
Wisconsin	202	11,019	1,086	616	109	65	14	63	76	61
West North Central:										
Minnesota	151	6,679	649	456	66	29	3	11	20	14
Iowa	95	3,783	384	293	45	6	2	28	31	22
Missouri	83	4,647	416	445	50	16	7	44	27	55
North Dakota	26	1,309	141	56	5	2	–	5	13	3
South Dakota	22	1,348	93	42	7	2	1	9	2	6
Nebraska	42	2,150	265	180	29	8	4	22	12	19
Kansas	76	1,565	696	298	31	3	1	32	15	–
South Atlantic:										
Delaware	9	499	72	19	4	3	–	2	1	5
Maryland	66	5,340	376	260	70	34	14	45	29	55
District of Columbia	8	1,088	97	63	7	5	1	18	6	9
Virginia	66	5,193	329	300	27	5	3	12	15	24
West Virginia	31	1,488	98	177	32	3	4	15	9	6
North Carolina	57	4,381	286	293	29	3	2	29	12	14
South Carolina	62	4,318	245	239	20	2	2	19	5	4
Georgia	108	8,003	293	617	17	4	1	17	9	23
Florida	199	11,714	917	930	135	34	30	60	72	84
East South Central:										
Kentucky	82	5,164	248	414	32	2	2	19	15	17
Tennessee	78	3,903	211	482	30	6	3	36	12	21
Alabama	106	7,135	191	608	9	–	–	34	7	13
Mississippi	40	2,110	90	144	9	1	–	12	2	5
West South Central:										
Arkansas	57	3,448	92	247	14	4	1	11	16	25
Louisiana	98	7,359	345	356	10	3	–	11	11	54
Oklahoma	58	2,258	188	287	47	7	6	44	22	32
Texas	338	18,407	801	2,247	89	25	10	77	68	116
Mountain:										
Montana	33	874	185	120	12	2	1	17	4	7
Idaho	46	2,796	169	194	21	4	3	32	7	7
Wyoming	11	330	58	66	5	1	1	5	4	6
Colorado	98	6,543	509	486	42	25	10	37	24	31
New Mexico	26	1,598	96	114	16	2	–	15	9	1
Arizona	49	2,726	253	113	44	6	6	33	15	23
Utah	28	1,275	100	106	23	10	4	10	7	5
Nevada	16	670	49	67	3	2	1	3	1	–
Pacific:										
Washington	171	6,472	741	455	70	37	19	44	23	22
Oregon	101	4,829	420	284	35	10	7	26	18	17
California	1,087	85,419	4,023	3,448	194	142	37	124	104	177
Alaska	11	225	60	13	2	–	–	1	–	–
Hawaii	16	1,356	178	166	11	10	–	9	5	4
Other areas:										
Guam	1	33	9	3	1	–	–	–	1	1
Puerto Rico	8	355	37	66	9	2	–	3	3	3
Virgin Islands	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
All other areas	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 3.26 NUMBER OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES AND BEDS, AND RATIOS OF SELECTED STAFF BY TYPE OF FACILITY AND BED SIZE

[See NOTES preceding General Tables]

Type of facility and bed size	All facilities		Number of registered professional nurses	Number of licensed practical nurses	Beds per registered professional nurse	Beds per licensed practical nurse	Number of registered professional nurses per ECF	Number of licensed practical nurses per ECF
	Number	Beds						
ALL FACILITIES								
Total	5,629	377,269	27,182	26,118	13.9	14.4	4.8	4.6
Less than 25 beds	817	13,621	3,629	2,954	3.8	4.6	4.4	3.6
25 to 49 beds	1,565	58,163	5,839	5,654	10.0	10.3	3.7	3.6
50 to 74 beds	1,419	83,174	5,669	5,379	14.7	15.5	4.0	3.8
75 to 99 beds	852	75,342	4,044	4,097	18.6	18.4	4.7	4.8
100 to 149 beds	657	75,969	4,399	3,935	17.3	19.3	6.7	6.0
150 to 199 beds	198	33,612	1,767	1,775	19.0	18.9	8.9	9.0
200 beds or more	121	37,388	1,834	2,323	20.4	16.1	15.2	19.2
SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES								
Total	3,124	258,274	14,058	13,740	18.4	18.8	4.5	4.4
Less than 25 beds	86	1,640	225	220	7.3	7.5	2.6	2.6
25 to 49 beds	609	23,912	1,758	1,643	13.6	14.6	2.9	2.7
50 to 74 beds	920	54,617	3,194	3,056	17.1	17.9	3.5	3.3
75 to 99 beds	701	62,475	2,959	3,146	21.1	19.9	4.2	4.5
100 to 149 beds	568	65,588	3,653	3,154	18.0	20.8	6.4	5.6
150 to 199 beds	154	26,044	1,222	1,251	21.3	20.8	7.9	8.1
200 beds or more	86	23,998	1,047	1,271	22.9	18.9	12.2	14.8
DISTINCT PART OF SKILLED NURSING FACILITY								
Total	1,479	66,769	6,833	6,220	9.8	10.7	4.6	4.2
Less than 25 beds	366	6,615	1,400	1,213	4.7	5.5	3.8	3.3
25 to 49 beds	610	21,879	2,462	2,389	8.9	9.2	4.0	3.9
50 to 74 beds	342	19,454	1,672	1,516	11.6	12.8	4.9	4.4
75 to 99 beds	89	7,581	560	484	13.5	15.7	6.3	5.4
100 to 149 beds	44	5,131	337	339	15.2	15.1	7.7	7.7
150 to 199 beds	20	3,413	259	188	13.2	18.2	13.0	9.4
200 beds or more	8	2,696	145	90	18.6	30.0	18.1	11.3
UNIT OF HOSPITAL								
Total	803	37,875	4,864	4,875	7.8	7.8	6.1	6.1
Less than 25 beds	312	4,439	1,841	1,397	2.4	3.2	5.9	4.5
25 to 49 beds	266	9,520	1,211	1,312	7.9	7.3	4.6	4.9
50 to 74 beds	115	6,622	595	597	11.1	11.1	5.2	5.2
75 to 99 beds	49	4,209	408	375	10.3	11.2	8.3	7.7
100 to 149 beds	35	4,088	333	351	12.3	11.6	9.5	10.0
150 to 199 beds	9	1,597	96	159	16.6	10.0	10.7	17.7
200 beds or more	17	7,400	379	685	19.5	10.8	22.3	40.3
UNIT OF DOMICILIARY INSTITUTION								
Total	189	13,100	1,253	1,174	10.5	11.2	6.6	6.2
Less than 25 beds	35	640	119	110	5.4	5.8	3.4	3.1
25 to 49 beds	73	2,625	354	272	7.4	9.7	4.8	3.7
50 to 74 beds	37	2,192	168	183	13.0	12.0	4.5	4.9
75 to 99 beds	11	908	86	63	10.6	14.4	7.8	5.7
100 to 149 beds	9	1,051	76	91	13.8	11.5	8.4	10.1
150 to 199 beds	14	2,390	188	177	12.7	13.5	13.4	12.6
200 beds or more	10	3,294	263	277	12.5	11.9	26.3	27.7
OTHER								
Total	34	1,251	173	109	7.2	11.5	5.1	3.2
Less than 25 beds	18	287	44	14	6.5	20.5	2.4	0.8
25 to 49 beds	7	227	55	40	4.1	5.7	7.9	5.7
50 to 74 beds	5	289	40	27	7.2	10.7	8.0	5.4
75 to 99 beds	2	169	31	28	5.5	6.0	15.5	14.0
100 to 149 beds	1	111	1	–	111.0	–	1.0	–
150 to 199 beds	1	168	2	–	84.0	–	2.0	–
200 beds or more	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

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